SUPPLEMENT.]

wall. (Ş, in art. وهى, &c.) مُعَمَّهُ and أُهْمَةُ لا أُهْمَةُ لا أُهْمَةً لا أُهْمَةً لا أُوْمَ اللهُ اللهُ ال It disquieted him; (Mşb;) caused him care, or anxiety. لا يَعْمَهُ إِلَّا بَطْنَهُ [Nothing causes him care, or anxiety, but his belly]. (Ş in art. بطن.)

4. It rendered him anxious; (MA;) disquieted him, and grieved him. (Mgh.) See

7. ب. see a verse cited in art. ب, p. 144.

for أَمَّا for أَمَّا for هُمَا for هُمَا for هُمَا see the last.

and the Purpose, or intention; syn. (Mşb.) See Har, أَوَّل العَزِيمَة and أَوَّل العَزْمِر p. 345, and a verse cited voce .-- Also the *latter, Strong determination or resolution. (Msb.) ____ An object, or a thing intended or meant or desired or determined upon, in the mind. (K,* TA.) See an ex. voce مَعْمَ and مَنْ : you say, أَمَنْ His object is such a thing. [Anxiety ; or disquietude, or trouble, of mind ; solicitude ; care : or grief, or sorrow :] distress, or disquietude, affecting the heart or mind, by rcuson of some harm, or annoyance, that is expected to happen; differing from , which signifies "distress, or disquietude, affecting the heart or mind, by reason of what has happened :" or both, as some say, signify the same [namely distress, or disquietude, of mind]: the difference is asserted by 'Iyad and others. (TA in art. His object of care, or of [His object of care, or of anxiety, is his belly]. (K in art. بطن.) And He has no object of care, or إلا بطنه of anxiety, but his belly]. (TA in that art.) ____ also هَمَّكَ and : هَمَّكَ مَا عَنَاكَ means هَمَّكَ مَا هُمَّكَ signifies الزابك. (JK.) See also Freytag's Arab. Prov. ii. 880.

A decrepit, old, and weak, or extremely aged, man. (S, Msb, K.)

A thing that one meditates, purposes, or intends to do; or that one desires to do; or endeavours to do; a purpose; an intention;

or an object of desire, or of endearour; as also أَحْمَةُ (JK, K.) _ أَحْمَةُ [Ambition; particularly of a high kind;] a faculty firmly rooted in the soul, seeking high things, and fleeing from base things. (Ibn-Kemál, in TA.) See بَحَمِدْ, and . _ مَحْمَةُ [Mind; purpose; aspiration; desire; ambition; enterprise; emprise.] _ high purpose; ambition.

مُعَامَر An aspiring king: (Ṣ,Ķ:) a magnanimous, i. e. courageous and liberal, chief. (Ķ.)

. صَرَدٌ A wild bird of the crow kind : see مَرَدٌ

مَوَامَ , pl. مَوَامَ , Any venomous creeping thing or reptile or the like, that may be hilled; such as the scorpion, and the scrpent: and 1 a louse: (Mgh:) what has deadly venom; as the scorpion: (Az, Mşb:) and sometimes, what is noxious: (Mşb:) any reptile or the like, from the louse to the serpent; (AHát, Mşb:) but its application to the louse is tropical: (Mşb:) any venomous or noxious reptile or the like; such as the scorpion, and the scrpent: the like of scrpents and scorpions; because they creep (تَرَبَّ, i.e. (JK.)

مَهْمَ A difficult, an arduous, a distressing, or an afflictive affair, or business : syn. أُمُو شَدِيدُ : (Ṣ :) and مَهْمَاتَ signifies مُهْمَاتَ (JK,) affairs of difficulty : and, of importance.

app. Dissolving hail-stones]. (Mughnee and K, in explanations of ٤.) See a verse in explanation of ψ used redundantly, p. 144.

هو.د<u>.</u>

رَقْدَة A trance: so rendered voce هَمَدَة

همرجل

هَمَرْجَلٌ A bulky she-camel. (IAar, TA, voce

ههش

 8. المتهاش The intermingling, or interpenetrating. (KL.) — And the proceeding slowly.
(KL.) See قَرْتَنَ

همل

1. أَنْهَمْلُ اللَّهُ aor. -, inf. n. مُمَلَانٌ; and اللَّهُمْلُ إِنَّهُمُ اللَّهُ (Mgh.) It (water) overflowed, and poured forth. (Mgh.) - أَنْهُمْلُ عَلَى رُؤُوسِهَا وَظُهُورِهَا : so in a copy of the K, voce : وَسُوطُ عَلَى رُؤُوسِهَا وَظُهُورِهَا : in other copies of the K, or : يُحْمَلُ : if the first be correct, the meaning is probably Camels left without rein and without burden; and this is agreeable with the context.

7. انْهُمَكَ في الأُمْر He exerted himself, strove, or laboured, in the affair, (Ṣ, Mṣb,) and persisted, or persevered, in it. (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ.) — He obstinately persevered in vain or false affairs.

هُمَّالَة Applied to the eye or eyes, Flowing abundantly with tears: see a verse cited voce مُعَفَد.

مَحْمَلٌ Having no government. (TA, art. on the particle (.فَ A word that has no grammatical government; contr. of (IbrD.)

هن

مَنْ A thing: and a penis: and the vulva of a woman: (KL:) or the former is pl. [or coll. gen. n.] of مَنَهُ , which signifies a small, or little, thing: (MA:) or this last signifies a thing, (KL,) as does مَنْهُ: (K, KL:) [but the former meaning I have found to be very common, and I think it the more approvable. * مَنَهُ may be rendered something, somewhat:] it denotes anything. (TA.)

. هَنْ see : هُنَة.

هنبر

A light, or an active, ass. (IAar, in TA, voce يعفور.)

البنعة Two white stars, [γ and ξ of Gemini,] between which is the space of the length of a whip, in the Milhy Way; one of which is called ", the other الميسان. — The 6th Mansion of the Moon. (El-Kazweenee) — Or The three stars [λ , ϕ 1, and ϕ 2,] in the face of Orion. (Idem, descr. of Orion.) [The former accord. to those who make \tilde{z}_{ϵ} is signify the "auroral setting:" the latter accord. to those who make it to signify the "auroral rising:" accord. to those who make it to have the first of these two significations, the three stars in the face of Orion compose z_{ϵ} . 385

هنع – هم

هنع