of a thing: (M, K:) or, accord, to IAar, what is bad of wheat or food. (M.)

A verb rendered negative by its being preceded by io or the like; contr. of ثُنْفَى ما مُوجَبُ and مُثْبَتْ A denied sentence; contr. of مُوجَبُ and مُثْبَتْ , virtually the same as ڪُلَامْ نَاف a denying, or negative,

1. عَنْقُعَ and اسْتَنْقَعَ It (water) remained, or stagnated, or collected, in a hollow, or cavity: (Mgh:) or remained long, and became altered: (Msb:) or the former [and latter] collected in a : (S:) or the latter [and former] became yellow and altered. (K.) _ نَقَعُ and الْقَعُ and [He macerated, steeped, or soaked, a medicine, in water,] he left it in water until its colour became changed. (Msb.)

4: 10: } see 1.

An infusion; meaning, a heverage made by steeping something in water: (Msb:) and a

Poison that takes effect ; (Ş, K;) that kills: (TA:) that remains fixed, (Abu-n-Nasr, K, TA,) and collects. (Abu-Nasr, TA.)

More, or most, thirst-quenching : see an ex. under , in art. ; and another voce رَشُف

,ثُرِيد The hollow, or depression, of أَنْقُوعَةُ (S, A, K,) in which the gravy collects. (A, K.*)

مُسْتَقَعُ لا مَاءً مَا مَا مَنْقَعُ مَا م mater remains and collects; where it collects and stagnates; or where it remains long, and becomes altered. See نقع.

Untwisted old thread which a مُنْقَعُ البُرم woman spins a second time, and puts into the stone cooking-pots, because she has nothing but these [in which to deposit it]. (Sgh, K, TA. [From the K it would seem to be منقع alone: and in the CK, البرام is erroneously put for : Golius found it written البرام; and has wrongly explained it in his Appendix.]) -Poison made into a confection. (S, K,

مَنْقَع see : مُستَنْقَع.

M in art. دمناقیف: in the T in that art. دمان: بوق See دُمَال See

1. نقله He related it, told it, or mentioned it, from another; he transmitted it; he transcribed it. See 1 in art. حكى الله حَديثًا [He related to him a tradition]. (Msb.) _ ising He transferred it; shifted it; translated it; conveyed it. He discerned it, or took and mentioned it, namely a word or phrase or signification, from (من) such a one; he quoted it; i.e. he transferred نَقَلُهُ إِلَى كِتَابِهِ مِنْ كِتَابٍ آخَرَ it to his book from another book.

نُقُل alone] He ate تَنَقَّل بالنَّقُل بالنَّقُل بالنَّقُل بالنَّقُل عَلَيْ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ال (MA.) _ Hence, تَنَقَّلُ بالحَديث He amused himself with talk; like as one amuses himself with the eating of fruit after a meal : see ...

8. انتقل He shifted, removed, or passed, from one place, or time (as in an instance in the K voce اسوع), or state, to another.

The shifting of the feet from place نَقُلُ الأَقْدَام to place. _ بالَةِ التَّعْديَة i. q. بَالَةِ النَّقْلِ The ب that renders a verb trans. ; as in ذَهُبُ به. (Mughnee means الهام للنَّقُل or التَّامَ للنَّقُل ... (.ب means that ة i.e. The للنَّقُلِ مِنَ الوَصْفِيَّةِ إِلَى الإسْمِيَّةِ is added for the transference of a word from the category of epithets to that of substantives; as in خليفة, accord. to some, and أَخليفة

Dried and other fruits (such as nuts, almonds, raisins, dried figs, dried dates, &c.), [and comfits:] the fruit [that is an accompaniment] of wine; (MA in explanation of [which is more common than إزنقل ;) fruit that is eaten with wine. (KL in explanation of

Stones with trees. (AZ and IKtt in TA, voce غَدَر.)

مِنْ مَرَاحِلِ السَّفَرِ (JK, Msb) مَرْحَلَةً . q. مَنْ مَرَاحِلِ السَّفَرِ

A thing upon which bricks are carried منقلة from place to place. (O, voce a...).

: A mound in the head, by which bone

Discerned knowledge; opposed to under this term are comprised the (عِلْمُ الكلام also called) أُصُولُ الدِّينِ or convry]; (ق, ق، sciences of وَدَع A species of منْقَافُ.

pl. ودع : and thus in the الحديث and thus in the ودع : all the other sciences are comprised under the term المُعْقُولُ; (IbrD;) i. c. intellectual, or perceived by the intellect; and excogitated.

and مَارُ مَاهِي [An eel] i.q. [Pers.] أَنْقَليسُ (جَرِيثُ En-Nadr, in TA, voce أَنْكُليسُ.)

1. نَقُمُ عَلَيْه He exacted vengeance upon him, punished him: see an ex. voce in art. . See 8.

8. مُنْهُ تَعَفَّتُ اللهِ I took, or executed, vengeance on him, or inflicted penal retribution on him, for that which he had done: (JK:) or I punished him; (Ṣ, Mṣb, K;) as also منهُ (Mṣb, K,) and عُلَيْه, (TA,) aor. -; (Msb, K;) and نِقْهَة See ــ (K.) .. نَقَهْتُ

Vengeance; or penal [انْتَقَامُ اللهِ and نَقْمَةُ retribution. (JK.)

1. ai He recovered, but not completely, his health and strength: (TA:) or he became convalescent; or sound, or healthy; at the close of his disease: (S:) or sound, or healthy, but was yet meak. (K.) See برئ.

[Convalescence;] the slight degree of health that immediately succeeds sickness. (TA.

نقى

2. نقاه He cleansed it; cleared it; picked it; purified it; removing from it what was bad.

10. اسْتَنْقَى He took extraordinary pains, or the utmost pains, in cleansing his body. (Mgh.) K, art. اِسْتَنْقَى الذَّكَرَ منَ البَوْل (K̯, art. برأ) [He took extraordinary pains in cleansing ذكر from urine: or] he cleansed the ذكر entirely from urine ; syn. اسْتَنْظُفُه. (TA in that art.) __ : اسْتَبْرَأ see voce : اسْتَنْقَاءً __.

. نقى The pith of canes, or reeds : see نقى. ___ Somewhat of fat in a camel. (TA in art. ...) _ And Marrow; i.q. مُنْهَارَةُ (TA voce أَنْهُمُ)

to [حُلْكَة or إِنَّاتُ النَّقَع , or النَّقَا , The مَنَاتُ النَّقَى which the fingers (بنان) of virgins are likened :