A space which one traverses in journeying. (TA, art. مَنْزَلَةٌ \_\_\_ (.سير, used unrestrictedly, Station, standing, footing, or grade; honourable station or rank; a place of preferment. \_ A كَلْهَةُ بِهَنْزِلَة \_\_\_ Predicament in which one stands. \_\_\_ A word equivalent, or similar, to يُسْتَعْمَلُ بِمُنْزِلَة كَذَا [You say] يُسْتَعْمَلُ بِمُنْزِلَة كَذَا It (a word) is used in the manner of such [another word]; generally with respect to government, not necessarily with respect to meaning. (The lexicons passim.) \_\_ النَّازِلُ مِنَ Who is, in الدّين والدُّنْيَا مَنْزِلَةَ النَّورِ مِنَ العَيْنِ respect to religion and the world, as light to the

مُسْكِنُ see : مَرْعًى مُنْزِلُ

2. نزه الله He declared God to be far removed, or free, from every impurity or imperfection, or from everything derogatory from his glory; is The de- تَنْزِيهُ ٱلله \_ .قدَّسُه and سَبْحَهُ claring God to be far removed, or free, [from every imperfection or impurity, or from everything derogatory from his glory; i.e.,] from evil [of every kind]; or from the having anything like unto Him by participation of his essence or otherwise, and from defects that may not be imputed to Him. (TA.)

5. تَنَزَّهُ عَن الأَقْدَار He shunned, avoided, or kept or removed himself far from, unclean things; (S,\* Mgh, Msb;) preserved himself therefrom. (Mgh.) \_\_ تُنزّه used absolutely, and said of a man, means He shunned, avoided, or kept or removed himself far from, unclean things; kept aloof from, &c.; or from things occasioning blame. (TA.) \_\_ تَنَزُّهُ is best rendered, when not used absolutely, He removed himself, or kept, following it, it may عَنْ following it, it may be rendered he shunned, or avoided. \_\_ تَنَزَّهُ عَن \_\_ [He purified, or cleansed, himself from urine: a meaning assigned in the TA, art. نزه, by an evident mistranscription, to استنزه]. (Msb in art. برا : and a trad.) \_ Also, He diverted, or recreated, himself; or took an airing; in the country, or in a garden. \_ تَنَزُّهُ \_ meaning He went forth to the gardens (S, Msb, K) and [green fields, or ] green plants, and meadows, (K,) is a mistake, (S, Msb, K,) accord to some; but IKt holds it to be not so. (Msb.)

and [الخُلُق [in copies of the K] نَزُهُ الخُلُق نَزُهُ النَّفْسِ and نَزِيهُهُ \ and أَنزِهُهُ \ and أَنزُهُهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

two chambers (بَيْتُان) or three. (Mgh.) See (see ظلف)] Who abstains from that which is indecorous, &c. (K, TA.)

, A pious man نَزِيهُ ... نَزَهُ الخُلُق see نَزِيهُ or one who abstains from unlawful things. (TA.)

1. نَزَا عَلَى الأَنْثَى He (a solid-hoofed, or cloven-hoofed, animal, and a wild beast,) leaped the female; (S, &c.;) and so نزا alone, elliptically. \_ نَزَتُ حَنْجَزَتُهُ said of a camel: see

1. رُنْسُ, aor. رُنْسُ, He went at a gentle pace.

R.Q. 1. نَسْنَسَتِ الرِّيحُ The wind blew coldly: see R.Q. 1 in art.

. سُنْسَانَةُ A cold wind : see رَبُّ نَسْنَاسَةُ

. نوح ,applied to a wind: see نَسِيجَةٌ

A plaited thong, serving for the noserein of a camel, &r.; and sometimes moven wide, [for a fore-girth,] placed on the breast of a camel. (KL, TA.) See also نسعة.

A hind of broad plaited fore-girth for a camel: pl. نُسْعُ and نِسْعُ and : (S:) or are pls. of أُنْسَاعُ and نُسُوعُ and نُسُعُ and نِسَعُ is the n. نَسْعُة [a coll. gen. n.,] of which نُسْعُة un. (K.) See الرَّحْل , in art. عظم , in art. The furrows of the road, made أنْسَاعُ الطَّريق by the beasts with their legs [or feet] in its surface. (TA, voce شَرَكُ.)

An instrument for pricking bread : see

1. نَسَفَتْهُ الرِّيـرُ (Mgh, Msb, TA,) aor. -, (TA,) inf. n. نُسُفٌ; (Msb, TA;) and أنتُسَفُتُه الله (TA,) The wind carried it away; (TA;) i. q. ذَرْتُه [q. v.]; (Mgh;) namely, dust. (Mgh, Msb.)

8: see 1.

in which dates [and وعامًا) A vessel grain] are shaken to remove the dust, &c. (TA in art. نفض.)

# نسك

- 1. نَسُكُ He worshipped: used transitively. See an ex. in a verse of El-Aasha, in the S, art. نصب. See 5.
- 4. أَنْسُكُ [app. He mashed and purified a garment]. (TA voce الْحَتَابُ).)
- 5. تَنْسُكُ He devoted himself to religious exercises; applied himself to devotion; (S, Msb, K;) as also لنَسُكُ اللهِ (S, K) and لنَسُكُ : (K:) or the last, he became a الناسك . (Ş.)

غَقِيقَةُ see نُسِيكَةُ.

The religious rites and ceremonies of the pilgrimage: or the places where those rites and ceremonies are performed. (Msb.)

8. عُصِيرٌ said of camels' fur : see انْتَسَلَ

is a form of imprecation against a نَسْلًا وَأَسْلًا man, like تَعْسًا وَنَكْسًا وَلَكُسًا (M, in art. اسل.)

Progeny, whether of man or beast. (The Lexicons passim.)

5. آنستم شيعًا IIe sought, or endeavoured to get. or attain, a thing, with labour and perseverance: i. q. ثَنَّمَ الخَبَرِ للخَبر (IbrD.) تَنَسَّمَ الخَبر الخَبر Ile sought, searched, or inquired, for, or after, the news, or tidings; (MA, KL;) [as though endeavouring to scent it; ] so hat he elicited it. (TA.)

denoting nearness and short-مُستَعُملَةُ and نبق and فبق and

نَسِيمُ sec نَسَمُ

نَسْهَةُ A soul; syn. نَفْسُ, with sukoon: and نَسْهَةُ (Mṣb.) \_ A man. (Ķ.)

A gentle wind ; a gentle gale ; a breeze. \_ The commencement of any wind before it becomes strong: (AHn, M:) or a pleasant wind: (S:) or the breath of the wind: (Msb:) or the breath of the wind when weak; as also : or a wind from which comes a weak breath: pl. of both أنْسَامُ (M.) باردُ النَّسِيمِ لللهِ (M.) أنْسَامُ who chills people : see نُسيرُ . \_ . . . . . Odour, scent, sweet or disagrecable : see أَنْحَةُ