

لُعُوقٌ *A linctus.*

مِلْعَقَةٌ [*A spoon; vulgo مِعْلَقَةٌ*]; a well-known instrument. (Msb.)

لعل

لَعَلَّ [*May-be; perhaps*]; a word denoting hope and fear. (K.) It governs the subject in the accus. case, and the predicate in the nom. See Ibn-'Akeel, ed. of Dieterici, p. 90; and see لَيْتٌ. — لَعَلَّ, in its original and general acceptation, expresses hope; but in the word of God it [often] expresses certainty, and may be rendered *Verily*. (Jel, ii. 19.)

لعن

لُعْنَةٌ *A man who is much cursed.* (TA in art. اُخْدَعُ.)

لَعِينٌ *The base, or lower part, of a raceme of a palm-tree.* (TA in art. عَيْنُ.)

لعو

لَعَا, said to a camel when it stumbles: see تَعَسَا, voce تَعَسَ: and see the first paragraph of art. عُول, last sentence but one.

لَعْوَةٌ *A hunting bitch.* (L, art. عَقْدُ.)

لغد

3. لَغْدُهُ *i. q. ضَائِقُهُ*. (TA, voce ذَاقَتُهُ.)

لغم

لَغَمَ: see an ex. in a verse cited voce تَرَعَّمَ.

لغن

لُغُونٌ *The sides, or adjacent parts, (النَوَاحِي) of the حَلَقِ, impending (مُشْرِفَةٌ) over the حَلَقِ [or throat]; as also لُغَانِيْنٌ: (JK:) see غُنْدَبَةٌ, and لُغْدٌ.*

لُغُونَةٌ: see غُنْدَبَةٌ.

لغو

3. لَغَاَهُ *He jested, or joked, with him; inf. n. مَلَاغَاَةٌ*. (A, TA.) You say, لَغَاَهُ فِي الْبَيْعِ. (A, TA, art. كَيْسُ.)

لُغُو, applied to speech, &c., *Nought; of no account; (M, K;) unprofitable.* (M.) — الْيَمِينِ اللُّغُو: see KT, voce يَمِينٌ.

اللُّغَةُ *The genuine language of the Arabs; which is the classical language.*

لُغَوِيٌّ *Of, or relating to, the genuine language of the Arabs.* مَعْنَى لُغَوِيٌّ *A genuine lexicological meaning.*

لُغِيَّةٌ *A word of weak authority.* (TA, voce جِرَابِ, et passim.)

لَاغٍ: see مَائِرٌ.

لف

1. لَفَّ *He folded, or rather wrapped; folded up, or rather wrapped up, or rolled up, a thing in another thing.* — لَفَّ الْعَدُوَّ [app. *He involved the enemy (in difficulty), or entangled him:*] said with reference to war, and excellence of judgment, and knowledge of the case of the enemy, and the subduing him, with the infliction of many wounds. (L, in TA, voce عَمَّتُهُ.) But see عَمَّتٌ.

5: see 8.

8. لِفَّتْ *It (herbage) tangled; became confused, and caught, one part to another: (Msb:) or became luxuriant, or abundant; (S;) it (a collection of trees) became luxuriant, or abundant, and close together: (AHn:) [or thickly intermixed:] it (a thing) became collected together, and dense; (TA:) best rendered tangled, or luxuriant, or abundant and dense.* — لِفَّتْ and لَفَّتْ *He wrapped, or enwrapped, himself in, or with, a garment; (KL, PŞ;) i. q. اشْتَمَلَ*. (Msb.) — لِفَّتْ وَجْهُ الْغُلَامِ means اِتَّصَلَتْ لِحْيَتُهُ [i. e. *The face of the young man became continuous, or uninterrupted, in its beard*]. (TA.) — لِفَّتْ *It (an affair) became complicated.*

لَفَّ وَنَشَرَ in rhetoric, [*Complication and explanation, involution and evolution; i. e., a construction in which two or more words are mentioned, and, after them, two or more other words, as epithets, &c., referring to the former.* لَفَّ وَنَشَرَ, *Involution and evolution regularly disposed, is when the order of the latter words agrees with that of those to which they refer.* لَفَّ وَنَشَرَ مَعْكُوسٌ, *Involved, or disordered, involution and evolution, is when the order of the latter words is contrary to that of those to which they refer*]. (TA, passim.) See Har, p. 383.

لُفَّةٌ *i. q. لُفَّةٌ*: see صَفَّةٌ, last sentence.

لُفَاةٌ *A thick thigh*: see a verse voce تَسَاهَمُوا.

لُفَانٌ مِّنْ لُّفِينَا وَصَفِينَا: see art. ضَف.

لُفَاةٌ *A wrapper for the leg or foot &c.* (S, K.) — And *A pericarp; a glume, and the like; an envelope*: pl. لُفَاتٌ.

لُفِيَّةٌ *A lock (خُصْلَةٌ) of hair.* (S, voce خُصْلَةٌ.)

نَاقَةٌ مَلْفَقَةٌ السَّامِرِ [*A she-camel having the hump much enveloped with fur*: see الغُلَامِ وَجْهُ الْغُلَامِ]. (Ibn-'Abbád, O, K, voce عُلْفُوفٌ q. v.)

مُلْتَفٌّ الخَلْقِ *A man having a well-knit frame; compact in make.* (L, art. مَسَدُ.)

لفظ

3. فَاظُهُ: see لَافَطُهُ.

لفع

اشْتَمَلَ: see التَّلْفَعُ.

لفق

1. لَفَّقَ الثَّوْبَ *He joined and sewed together, or put together and sewed, the two oblong pieces of cloth of the garment; (S, Msb, K;) and لَفَّقَ, inf. n. تَلْفِيقٌ, signifies the same, and is more common; or has an intensive signification.* (TA.) — See also Har, pp. 253 and 254. — تَلْفِيقٌ *The bringing, or putting, together.* (KL.) And *The making suitable, or conformable.* (KL.) — And *The speaking, or telling, what is untrue, or false: (KL:) the embellishing [of speech] with lies.* (Har, p. 254.) — لَفَّقَ *He felled (a seam or garment).*

2: see 1. — لَفَّقَ بَيْنَ الْكَلَاهِ, (JK, voce رَسَعَ, &c.,) inf. n. تَلْفِيقٌ, (K, voce تَرَسِيعٌ, &c.,) *He interlarded, or embellished, the speech, or discourse, with falsehood*: see the pass. part. n. رَمَقَ and رَمَقَ: and see رَسَعَ, and رَبَقَ, and رَمَقَ.

5. تَلَفَّقَ بِهِ: see تَلَفَّقَ.

لُفْقَانٌ *Two pieces which compose a مَلَاةٌ, (Mgh, Msb, TA, in art. رِيظُ) being joined together, (Mgh, TA, in that art.,) by sewing or the like.* (TA in that art.)

لُفَاةٌ: see وَرِيحَةٌ.

أَحَادِيثٌ مَلْفَقَةٌ *Narrations, or stories, compounded, or combined, with falsehood; embellished [or interlarded] therewith: and put together.* (MA, Har, p. 254.) — شَقَّةٌ مَلْفَقَةٌ: see بَصِيرَةٌ.

لغم

لُغَامٌ *A kind of woman's face-veil.* See نِقَابٌ.

لغو

6. تَدَارَضَهُ *i. q. تَلَفَاهُ* [*He repaired it; a meaning well known*]; (S, Msb, K, TA;) namely, a short-coming; or failing, or falling short, of what