natural to him. \_\_ نكلف He used forced efforts to do a thing, and to appear to have a quality. He affected, or endeavoured to do or acquire, &c.; he constrained himself to do, &c.; he applied himself, as to a task, to do a thing. تكلّف الشَّجَاعَة He made himself, or constrained himself to be, courageous; affected, or endeavoured to acquire, or characterize himself by, courage. \_\_ in also, He acted, or behaved, with forced courage; endeavoured to be courageous. \_\_\_ عَلَف He used a forced, or affected, manner في عُربيتُه in his Arabic speech. \_ تَكُلُّفُ A straining of a signifies He affected تُعَقَّل عا signifies He affected or endeavoured to acquire, intelligence; explained by رَبُعَاقُلَ and رَبُعَاقُلَ, he pretended to be intelligent, not being really so. (S, art. عقل.) in a verb of the measure تَكُلُّفُ is as above explained, signifying a desire for the existence of an attribute in one's self: in a verb of the it is different, and means the pretending to be or to do something which in reality one is not or does not; as in the instance of he pretended to be ignorant, not being , تَجَاهُلُ so in reality. (Sharh El-'Izzee, by Saad-ed-Deen.) He did so purposely. \_\_ تَكُلَّفُ كُذًا tasked himself. \_\_ تَكُلَّفُ القَيْء He vomited inten-

[A discolouration of the face, by] a thing that comes upon the face resembling sesame; [by freckles, accord. to present usage:] and a dingy redness that comes upon the face. (S, K.)

A difficulty, or difficult affair, or a duty, or an obligation, that one imposes upon himself; (S, K;) or a thing imposed upon one as difficult, troublesome, or inconvenient. (Msb.)

See \_\_\_\_\_ [Constraint,] trouble, pain, or inconvenience. (MA.)

#### كلم

- (.نطق .TA in art. نَاطَقَهُ .i.q. كَالُهُهُ
- 5. عُبُّر He spoke for him; syn. آکلَّم غُنْهُ (Ṣ, Mṣb, art. )
- 6. لكَالَتُ They spoke, talked, or discoursed, each with the other. (Ş,\* M.)

A word: (Kull, 301:) an expression: (K:) a proposition: a sentence: [a saying:] an argument. (Kull.) An assertion: an expression of opinion.

is a gen. n., applying to little and to much, or to few or many; (Ṣ, TA;) to what is a sing. and to what is a pl. (TA.) It may therefore be rendered A saying, &c.; and sayings, or words: see an ex. voce أَفْكُلُ , in art. خَلَامُ ... فكل Speech; something spoken; [diction; language;] parlance; talk; discourse:

(Meb, &c.:) a saying: a say: something said: in grammar, a sentence. عُلْمُ الطَّيْبُ: see عُلَامُ الطَّيْبُ; sometimes governing as a verb, [like the inf. n.,] accord. to some of the grammarians; as in the following ex.:

# قالوا كلامك هنداً وهى مصغية يشفيك قلت صحيح ذاك لو كانا

(Sharh Shudhoor edh-Dhahab.) See على الكلام [The theology of the Muslims;] a science in which one investigates the being and attributes of God, and the conditions of possible things with respect to creation and restitution, according to the rule of El-Islám; which last restriction is for the exclusion of the theology of the philosophers. (KT.)

مِنْطِيقٌ ،q. أَحِدِّيثٌ and سِكِّيتٌ i.q. رَجُلُ كِلِّيمُ. (Ibn-'Abbád, Z, TA.)

see : مَزَادَة of a bow : see أُبْهَرُ of a bow : see

عِلْمُ الكَلَامِ Muslim theologian. See مِنْكَلِّمْ

## ڪله

1. كَلَ first pers. كَلَاتُ, aor. يَكُلُو; and كَرَ first pers. كَلَيْتُ, aor. يَكُلَا ; inf. n., خَلَيْتُ; see كَلَايَةٌ.

الكلّى: the feathers so called: see مناكب and to a wound.

الكُلْيَتَانِ A name of two stars on the ear of Taurus. (See الكَلْبَانِ.)

#### 200

As an interrogative with the specificative suppressed, What number? How many? and, as in an ex. voce مُشْنُ , virtually meaning How much? and so in an ex. voce مُشْنُ and voce مُشْنُ . Also How long? as in the Kur, ii. 161, &c.; a noun signifying a period of time being understood: see also an ex. voce عُسَفُ , and voce

. قَدْ are both app. right : see حَدِّ

Quantum, or quantity, as answering to "how many."

مُكَمَّد Covered over, or concealed (مَسْتُور). (Ṣ, art. بُرَأَة See ...

ضرو The cancamum-tree: see عُمْكَامُ

## فمغطش

χαμαίπιτυς, the ground-pine] : see .

#### ڪپر

A hind of belt with a receptacle for money.

#### کھل

1. کَهُلُ He, or it, was, or became, perfect; and sometimes, it was, or became, complete, entire, whole, or full; which latter signification is more properly expressed by تُحَرُّ, which see.

. فَقَأَ see عَيْنُ الكَهَالِ

مُكَمَّلًا Supererogatory acts of religious service.

#### عهن

الكَامَانُ الهُذَابُ, mentioned in the TA, in art. الزوق which is applied as a عُلْكُ الْأُنْبَاطِ, i. q. نبط to a wound.

أمن Latent.

مَكْمَنُ A place of concealment, a lurking-place : (Mgh, Mṣb :) pl. مَكَامِنُ . (Mṣb.)

#### ڪمه

مُغَمَّةً i.q. مُغَمَّةً and مُغَمَّةً . (TA in art. مُغَمَّةً i.q.

#### کھی

A courageous man: or one nearing arms or armour: (K:) or a courageous man covered, or protected, by arms or armour; (S;) a courageous armed man.

# ڪن

A place of retreat or concealment; such as a cave, and an excavated house or chamber: (Beyd, xvi. 83:) see عَنْ ــــ . ـــ The shelter of a wall: see عَنْ ــــ A thing that scrves for veiling, covering, or protecting. (S,\* Msb,\* K.) See عَلْقُ , where I have thus rendered it.

ْ طَنْفُ see كُنَّةُ.

جَعْبَةُ see : كَنَانَةُ