contention, or dispute. (TA.) \_ In a trad. it is said, that the pastors of the camels, and the shepherds, boasted, one party over the other, and the former overcame the latter (اوطؤوهم). (TA.) The verb is used in this sense because it originally signifies, with the annexed pronoun, they made (others) to tread, or trample, upon them: (K, TA:) for him with whom you wrestle or fight, and whom you throw down, you trample upon, and make to be trampled upon by others. (TA.) \_\_ أوطأه العَشْوَة \_\_ (K,) and عَشُوة, (S, K,) He made him to pursue a course without being rightly directed. (K\*, TA.) See art. إيطّاءُ , (Ş, K,) inf. n. إيطّاءُ عن الشّعْرِ ... عشو ,وطَّأُهُ \* and , واطأ \* فيه and , اوطأ الشُّعُر and , and is و is مَا أَمَّانُهُ and أَمَّانُهُ and أَمَّانُهُ and أَمَّانُهُ changed into 1; (TA;) He repeated a rhyme in a poem, (S, K,) using the same word in the same sense: (Akh, K:) when the word is the same, but the meaning different, the repetition is not called ايطاء [but جَنَاسُ تَامَّر This repetition (ايطاء) is deemed by Arabs a fault: or it is only deemed a fault if it occur two, or three, or more, times. (TA.)

5. See 1, 2, 3. \_ تُوطَّاتُ for تُوطَّاتُ is incorrect. (كِلَّا اللهِ He, or it, was, or became, prepared. (K.) [See also 8.]

6. تَوَاطَوُوا + They agreed together. (Ş.) — تَوَاطَوُوا عُلَيه † They agreed together, or concurred, respecting it. (TA.) [See 3.]

8. إِنْطُا It was prepared, and became plain, smooth, or soft. (K.) [Sec also 5.] \_\_ إِتَّطَأُ العِشَاءُ (in a trad.) The evening became completely dark: [or the period of nightfall fully came:] also read ايتَطَى, accord. to the dial. of the tribe of Keys, and explained as signifying the period of nightfall came. The latter verb also signifies " concurrence, or concord, and agreement, with another." (TA.) \_ إِيتَطَأُ الشَّهُو لِـ [About half the month has elapsed]. This is said a day before the half, and a day after the half. (AZ.) \_\_ إِيتَطَأ (as in the CK,) or إِيتَطَأ (as in a MS. copy of the K,) measure اِفْتَعَلَ [in the TA written استَطاً, which is doubtless a mistake,] It was right, and attained its full period; was perfect, or complete. (K.)

10. استوطا He found, or deemed, a thing plain, level, smooth, soft, or easy to walk or ride or lie upon. (K, TA.) — He found, or deemed, the thing on which he rode smooth, soft, or easy to ride upon. (S.)

and المفعل (measure مفعل , as shown in the TA; but in the CK, أميطاً (ميطاً علي المعاملة) (ميطاً المعاملة) معاملة (ميطالة بالمعاملة) المعاملة (ميطالة أشراف and أشراف and أشراف and أشراف and أشراف and أشراف ألما إنسان إلما المعاملة المعا

is اشراف and . نَشَزُّ , is pl. of . نَشَازُ , and is pl. of . أَشُرُكُ , and both signify "eminences." (TA.)

and volume (in both of which the final of is a substitute for the incipient, S) and volume (S, K) and volume (K) Plainness, levelness, smoothness, softness, or state of being easy to walk or ride or lie upon. (S, K, TA.)

[A tread, or a treading. \_\_ And hence,] A pressure; oppression; affliction; violence: (S, K:) or a vehement assault, or punishment; syn. أَخْذَةُ شَدِيدَةً : (K:) also, a hostile expedition or engagement; battle, fight, or slaughter. , in a trad., اللهُمَّ ٱشْدُدُ وَطُأْتُكَ عَلَى مُضَرِ ... (TA.) O God, make thy punishment of Mudar severe. (S, TA.) \_ وَطِئْنَا العَدُوُّ وَطُأَةً شَدِيدَةً \_ (The enemy assaulted, or punished, us with a very vehement assault, or punishment]. (TA.) آخِر وطأة وَطِئْهَا in a trad., ; The last assault, or conflict, which God caused to befall (the unbelievers mas) in Wejj [a valley of Et-Táif]. (TA.) \_\_ وُطْأَةً and أَمُوطَى (K) and مُوطِئ (Ş, K) A place on which the sole of the foot is placed; a footstep, or footprint. (S, K.)

. وَطْءُ see : وَطَاءً

(S, K) and وطاءً (K,) the former is the word commonly known and approved; the latter disapproved by many; (TA;) The contr. of غطاءً (a covering); [what is placed, or spread, beneath one, to sit or lie upon]: (S, K:) pl. فطاءً. (TA, in art. وطائة).

Plain, level, smooth, soft, or easy to be ravelled, or to walk or ride or lie upon. (Ṣ, Ḳ, TA.) وَابَةُ وَطِيْءُ (IAn) A beast easy to ride upon. (TA.) عَيْشُ وَطَيْءُ [An easy life]. (TA.) وَطَيْءُ النَّالَةِ (TA.) وَطَيْءُ النَّالَةِ (TA.) وَطَيْءُ النَّالَةِ (TA.) وَطَيْءُ النَّالَةِ (TA.) وَطَيْءُ النَّالِةِ (TA.)

: وَطَانَةُ see عُلَّاءَةً .

A certain kind of food, (Ṣ,) i. q. وطفة (IAar:) or dates of which the stones are taken out, and which are kneaded with milk: or what is called اقط أ, with sugar: (K:) or a food of the Arabs, prepared with dates, which are put into a stone cooking-pot; then water is poured upon them, and clarified butter if there be any; (but no bal is mixed up with them;) and then it is drunk, like عصد: (T:) or it is like منافة; dates and bal kneaded together with clarified butter: (ISh:) or a certain kind of food, also called وطفية; when it is thickened, it is called نفية; when a little more thick,

when a little thicker, لَفِيتَة; and when so thick that it may be chewed, عصيد. (El-Muffaddal.) — Also, (as some say, TA,) A thing like [the kind of sack called] a غَرَارة (Ṣ:) or a غرارة containing dried meat (عَرَادة and عَدْك (K) and other things: (TA:) مَنْ وَطَيْق الْمَا تُلُوثُ أُكُلِّ — Take forth and give us three cakes of bread from a غرارة واطنة (Ṣ, TA, from a trad.) — [See also and edit and give and contains and give and contains a

Fallen dates. (K.) An act. part. n. in the sense of a pass.: (K:) [such dates being so called] because they are trodden under foot. (TA.) Or [it is changed] from وطيئة, pl. of وطيئة, [which is] from وطيئة; [and such dates are] so called because their owner has despised them, or trampled upon them, (والله), and spread them about, for those who may take them; wherefore they are not included in the conjectural estimate of the produce of the tree [made by the collector of the legal alms]. (TA.) واطنة [pl. of واطنة [cl. of واطنة [cl. of واطنة [cl. of [cl.

(i. e., to repeat it,) on account of treading on filth in the road: but this does not mean that one is not to wash off the filth. (TA, from a trad.) — See قطاق علم المناسبة على المناسبة

. وَطْأَةُ see : مَوْطِئ

. وَطُّ عُ see : مِيطَأُ

(in a trad. respecting destiny) Tracks trodden [as it were] by past predestined events, good and evil. (TA, from a trad.)

رطی الاکناف, (K,) and روطی الاکناف, (TA,) A man of easy nature, or disposition, generous, and very hospitable: or one in whose vicinity his companion is possessed of power, authority, or dignity; not harmed, nor inconveniently situated. (K.) العقد الموافقة المواف

## وطب

A skin (سقاء) in which milk is put, (Ṣ, K,) specially used for that purpose: (Ṣ:) or a skin in which are put clarified butter and milk: (Mejma' cl-Biḥár, &cc.:) it is made of the skin of an animal such as is termed جنوب, [meaning a goat in its second year,] or what is above that [in age]: (ISk, Ṣ, K:) the skin of a sucking kid, in which milk is put, is called