[A girl who is not of the low, or ignoble, &c.]; stant rule, the former doubly, (Kz, MF, TA,) meaning وَدَادُ adding a double ن. (Ṣ, TA.) and وَدَادُ and وَدَادُ and وَدَادُ and إِنْ الْوَخْشِ (M, L, Ķ,) the first

. وَخُشْ 800 : وَخُشَنْ

See in two places.

5. خيط : see 2, in art. توخّط .

وَحَطٌ وَحَطٌ وَحَطٌ وَ وَحَطٌ وَ وَحَطٌ وَ [originally an inf. n. (see above)] is said to signify ‡ *A little, somewhat,* or a small degree, of hoariness, or whiteness of the hair. (TA.) ______ You say also, مَنْ وَحْشٍ مِنْ وَحْشٍ *t In it* [meaning a land (أَرْضَ)] is a small number of wild animals. (TA.)

d piercing, of one or another of the kinds described above, that is much, or frequent]: and in like manner رُمْح وَخَاطُ spear so piercing, much, or frequently]. (TA.)

A man (TA) having hoariness, or whiteness, intermixed in his hair : or upon whom hoariness, or whiteness, has appeared and spread : or whose blackness and whiteness [of hair] have become equal: (K:) or whose head has become hoary, or white. (TA.)

.c. وَخَفَ]

See Supplement.]

د

1. وَدَوْ first pers. وَدِدْتَ (S, M, L, Mşb, K, &c.) and وَدَدْتَ , (Ks, Z, K,) [but most disallow this] aor. وَدَدْ inf. n. وَدَدْ and وَدَ (S, M, L, K,) of which three forms the first is the most common, (MF,) and مُوَدَة (S, M, L, K,) or this last is a simple subst., (Mşb,) and (CK and some MS. copies of the K) and رَحَوَدَة (CK and some other copies of the K, and this and the next preceding deviating from the common forms of inf. ns., TA,) and مُوَدَدَة (K, Kz, K) and مُوَدَدَة allowable only in poetry, and deviate from con-

and ecic and ecic and ecic m, L, K,) the first of which last three forms is the most common, (MF,) and ecord. to some, and وَدَادَة (MF, TA,) and, as in a copy of the K esteemed of good authority, overet, (TA,) He loved, or affected, him, or it, (S, M, L, Msb, K,) i. e. any means of attaining or doing good. (AZ, M, L.) The form jis dis allowed by the Basrees who hold it to be erroneous : and Zj says, We know that Ks did not mention ecce without having heard it ; but he heard it from him who was no authority. (T, L.) an imp. form [of * أُوَدَّهُ , without idghám, accord. to the dial. of El-Hijáz, occurs in a trad., meaning Love thou it, or affect it. وَدِدْتُ لَوْ أَنَّكَ and .وَدِدْتُ لَوْ تَفْعَلُ ذٰلِكَ ... (L.) and وُدٌ , S, L,) aor. as above, inf. n. وَدُّ فَدَادَ and وَدَادَة (Ṣ, L, Mṣb) and وَدَادَة (Ṣ, L) or (Ṭ, in TT,) I wished that thou wouldest do I wished وَدَدْتُ لَوْ كَانَ كَذَا ـــ (S, L.) وَدَدْتُ لَوْ كَانَ that it had been so. (Msb.) _ وَدَدْتُ الشَّىءَ I wished for the thing. Fr says, This is the more approved form; but some say وددت : in both cases the aor. is يَوَدُ only. (L.) [Respecting

ود -- وخش

3. وداد , inf. n. موادة and وداد , He loved, or affected him, being loved, or affected, by him. (Mşb.)

the latter form of the pret., see above.] This is

a secondary signification of the verb. (TA.)

4: see 1.

5. تودّده He attracted to himself his love, or affection. (IAar, L, K.) تودّد إليه He manifested, or showed, love, or affection, to him. (L, Mşb, K.)

6. تَوَادُّ , (Ṣ, L,) inf. n. تَوَادُّ , (Ķ,) They two love, or affect, each other. (Ṣ, L, Ķ.)

(IJ, فَدْ * (S, L, K) and وَدْ * (L, K) and وَدْ L, K) and * وَدِيدُ (S, L, K) A person loved, or beloved; an object of love; a friend; syn. and محبيب and مديق (L) and مديني (K : in the CK — (. محب Also, * وَدَ * (TA) and محبيب (S, L, Msb) and (TA) and (Kz) A person who loves; loving; affectionate: (S, L, Msb, TA:) the first also used in a pl. sense, (L, K,) being [originally] an inf. n. (TA) and the second used alike as masc. and fem. (S, L, Mşb.) ____ Also, وَدُودُ * and وَدُودُ * (K,) also written * مَوَدٌ, (MF,) A man (TA) loving much; having much love or affection; very loving or affectionate. (K, MF.) - Pl. , lecie (L, K,) pl. of j, (TA,) and also a pl. [of j] in the second of the above senses; $(\c K;)$ and in the first of the above [وَدِيدُ or وَدُ pl. of] , وِدَاد

senses; (L;) and أود (S, L, K,) pl. of ور (TA) in the second of the above senses; (K;) or of ور (S, TA ;) and أور (L, K,) [an irreg. pl., or quasi-pl. n., upon which I find no remark,] in the first of the above senses, (L,) or the second; (K;) and أَوِدًاء pl. of ; (Kz;) and أَودًا , (Ş, L, K,) pl. of jeve (TA) in the first of the above senses, (L,) or in the second ; (L;) and jet, (K,) also pl. of jec. (TA) in the second of the above senses ; (K ;) and , eccli pl. of) in the second of the above senses, (S, K,) [and the third]; and وَدِيد is also mentioned as a pl. in the second of the above senses in the K; but this is probably a mistake for ودًاد. (TA.) ____ IAth says, that \$ 2, used as an epithet, is for to be under- ود but ود does not require ود stood, being syn. with صديق. (L.)

the former et and et and et al. et and the former is the more common, L) A certain idol (S, L, K) which pertained to the people of Noah, and then to Kelb, and was at Doomet-el-Jendel : (S, L:) or a certain good man, who lived between Adam and Noah, and of whom, after his death, was made an image, which, after a long time, became an object of worship; like we and mentioned therewith in يَعُونُ and يَعُونُ the Kur, lxxi. 22 and 23 : (Bd :) and the former, a certain idol belonging to Kureysh, also called ادً (L.) بوَدِك By thy Wedd ! meaning the idol so named. (L.) _ A wooden pin, peg, or stake; i.q. وتد: (S, K:) of the dial. of Temeem; (IDrd ;) or of Nejd : as though they made the - quiescent and incorporated it into the .. (S.)

[O thou visitor of the sick, inquiring respecting us, wishing that thou mayest see my graveclothes], the kesreh of the \mathfrak{z} is lengthened for sake of the measure. (S, L.)

also, A mare that puts forth all her power of running. (ISd, L.)