accord. to AHn, truffles (کیاة) like pebbles, small, found in places where they have broken through the crust of the soil, in number from one to ten; they are bad in flavour; and are the first of : or, as he says in another place, they are like ڪمأة, but are not عمأة; and they are small: (M: see also : جَبُ]) n. un. إِبْنُ أُوبُرَ إِنَّ بَنِي فَلَانِ مِثْلُ , You say إِنَّ بَنِي فَلَانِ مِثْلُ , (Aş, A'Obeyd, T.) Verily the sons of such a one are like بنات أوبر benát-owbar]: one imagines that there is good in them [when there is none]. (M.) And لَقيتُ آوْبَوَ I experienced from him [a disappointment, or] a calamity, or misfortune. (Ṣgh, Ķ.) __ دَاهيَةٌ وَبُرَآءَ __ (Ṣ, A, art. شعر), ‡ An evil, a foul, or an abominable, calamity, or misfortune. (TA, voce أشعر, q. v.)

وبش

2. وَبَشَ أُوْبَاشًا (TA,) or وَبَشَ أُوْبَاشًا, (Ṣ, L,) inf. n. رَوْبِيشٌ, (TA, He collected companies, bodies, or forces, of various tribes, for war. (Ṣ,* L, TA.)

وَبُشُ (ISd, TA,) and وَبُشُ (ISd, K,) sings. of وَبُشُ (ISd, K, TA) which signifies A medley, or mixed multitude; (S, A, K;) and the lowest or basest or meanest sort, or refuse, or riffraff; (A, K;) of men, or people; (S, TA;) or of troops, or soldiers; (A;) like أَشُوابُ [and similar to الشُوابُ but more particular;] and said to be a pl., formed by transposition, of بُوشُ (Q. v.]: (S) or sundry, or separate, sorts, of men, or people: (As, ISd, TA:) and of trees and plants: (ISd, TA:) or a small number, and those separate, of trees and plants. (A, TA.)

[Hence, app.,] وَبُشُ الكُلُامِ (TA.)

. وَبُشُّ see : وَبَشْ

و نص ،

1. وَبُصُ, (Ṣ, M, A, Mṣb, K,) aor. وَبُصُ, (Ṣ, K,) inf. n. وَبُصُ (Ṣ, M, A, Mṣb, K) and وَبُصُ (M, K) and مَصْ (M, K) and مَالِي (M, TA,) said of lightning, (Ṣ, A, K,) and of other things, (Ṣ, M,) It skone, gleamed, or glistened. (Ṣ, M, A, Mṣb, K.) You say, [also,] النّار , inf. n. وَبُصَتُ النّار , inf. n. رَبُعتُ النّار , inf. n. مَا النّار , inf. n. النّار , or my light shone, or shone brightly: (M:) or the latter signifies my light showed its flame: (K:) or my light began to show its flame: (ISk, Ṣ:) or النّار , inf. n. النّار , inf. n. النّار , inf. n. مناز , inf. n. مناز

4: see 1. — [Hence,] اوبصت الأرض + The land began to show its plants, or herbage. (ISk, S.) = أُوبُصْتُ نَارِى I made my fire to burn, or blaze, intensely. (A.)

. وَابِضُ sce : وَبَصَةً

(Fr, M, K) and وَبْصَانُ (IDrd, K,) وَبْصَانُ (Fr, M, K) and وَبُصَانُ (IDrd, K,) [or وَبُصَانُ and وَبُصَانُ in some copies of the Jm., وَبَصَانُ (which see in art. بِصَانَ (TA,) The month of رَبِيعُ الآخِرُ (M, K:) i. e. the name of that month in the Time of Ignorance: pl. وَبُصَانَاتُ (TA.)

. وَابِصُ see : وَبِيصَةً

see what follows, in four places.

Shining, gleaming, or glistening: (Msb:) and أوباض (as in some copies of the K,) or both, (M,) shining, gleaming, or glistening, much: (M, and some copies of the K:) or the latter, shining, gleaming, or glistening much in colour; (so in other copies of the K;) in which last sense, both are added to the epithet : أبيض: (TA:) and أوبَّأْصُ , applied to a cloud, signifies also intensely shining, or gleaming, with lightning. (M.) You say تَهُر وَبَّاصٌ * [A moon signifies الوَبَّاصُ * signifies الوَبَّاصُ * signifies signifies i. q. وَابِصَةً ___ signifies i. q. [app. A flash of lightning] : (M:) and fire; as also أ وبيصة (IAar, K :) and a live coal; as also أرَحُلُ وَابِصَةُ السَّمْعِ ... (M.) . وَبَصَةً * also or وَابِصَةُ سَمْعِ, (Ṣ, A, K,) means A man who relies upon what is said to him: such a man is called الذن: and the epithet is made fem. because is meant: or the amay be added to render اذن it intensive: (M:) or the meaning is, who trusts in all that he hears: (S, K:) or who hears speech and trusts in it: (A:) or who hears what is said and relies upon it, and thinks it true, but is not yet sure. (TA.) You say also, وأبِصة One who relies upon what he hears سَمْعٍ بِفُلَانِ of, or from, such a one]: and وأبضة سُمْعٍ بِهٰذَا One who relies upon what he hears of this affair]. (TA.)

وبط] &c. See Supplement.]

وت

أَوْتُهُ (L, K) and وَتُهُ and وَتُهُ (K) or وَتُهُ (L) The cry of the bird called وَرُشَانِ (AA, L, K.) signifies He cried as cries the ورشانِ (IAar, L.)

أَوْتُاوِتُ i.q. وَسَاوِسُ Evil suggestions, &c. (Ķ.) The ن is thus changed, in poetry, into ت, as in نَاتٌ and أَكُمُاتٌ (MF.)

وتا

1. رُقَّ, aor. رُقَّ, (K,) inf. n. وُقَّ, (TA,) He was heavy and slow in his gait, by reason of age, or by nature. (K.) Not mentioned by J. because esteemed by him not chaste. (TA.)

تاً : see art. تَيْتَأ

،تب

1. وَتُبُ, aor. بَتْبُ, inf. n. وُتُبُ, He remained fixed in the place, and did not move. (K.) Omitted by most of the lexicographers; and said by some to be a word mispronounced [app. for وَثُبُ]. (TA.)

تح

2: see 1 and 4.

5. توتّع مِنَ الشَرَابِ He drank a little of the beverage: (S, L:) or, as also بتوتّع الشَّرَابِ, he drank the beverage by little and little. (TA.)

and أوتن (Ṣ, K,) and أوتن (Ṣ, K,) and أوتن (Ṣ, K,) and أوتن (Ṣ, K,) A little, or small, and paltry, mean, or contemptible, thing. (Ṣ, K.) One says also عَدْ وَقَدْ A small, or little, or scanty, thing: the latter of the two epithets being an imitative sequent; (Ṣ;) or, correctly, a corroborative. (Marg. note in a copy of the Ṣ.)

— أغْنَى وعَنَى وَتَدَةً له , a phrase like عَنَى عَبَكَةً مَا الْعَنَى عَبَكَةً لم وَتَدْ وَتُدْ وَتُدُو وَتُدُو وَتُعْرَدُ وَتُو وَتُعْرُ وَتُو وَتُو وَتُعْ وَتُو وَتُعْرُ وَتُو وَتُو وَتُعْرُ

متد.

1. وَتُدُّ , aor. وَتَدُ , imp. رَدُّ , inf. n. وَتَدُ (Ṣ, L, Ķ, &c.) and ; تَدُةٌ (M, L, Ķ, &c.;) and ; اوتد ♦ (A,Mşb,Ķ;) and ; تَوْتِيدٌ (A,Mşb,Ķ;) and ;