me, by annulling in respect of me the prescribed castigation]. (K, art. And El-'Ajjáj says,

وَهَدَرَ الجَدُّ مِنَ النَّاسِ الهَدَرْ

which El-Báhilee explains as meaning, And the worthless people have made good fortune to become of no account. (TA.) مدر (S, K,) aor. = (K) (K) هَدْر (S, K) and هَدِير (K) and مدور, (TA,) said of a camel, (S, K,) that is advanced in age, (S, in art. نقض,) [He brayed; i.e.,] he reiterated his voice in his jim [or mindpipe, or the head of his mindpipe]: (S:) or he uttered his voice, not in a a fama [q.v.]: (K:) and مدر (Ṣ, Ķ,) inf. n. تُدير, (Ṣ,) signifies the same: (S, K:) Z mentions also تَهُدَارُ as an inf. n. of مَدُر said of a stallion, [meaning a stallioncamel.] (TA.) - Hence the saying, (TA,) بني خُطْبَته and مُو يَهْدِرُ في مُنْطقه , ‡[He is sonorous and fluent in his speech, and in his oration:] and هُدُرَتُ شَقْشَقَتُهُ [His utterance nas sonorous and fluent.] (A, TA.) __ is also said of a calf, [signifying, + He lowed.] (TA, art. 25, from the Nh.) _ Also, of a lion, [signifying, + Ile roared.] (S, TA, voce قَنْقُ) __ Also هَدُر, (S, A, Msb, K,) aor. - (Msb, K) and -, (Msb,) inf. n. هُدِيرْ (S, IKtt, Msb, TA) and تُهُدار, (K,) said of a pigeon, 1 It uttered a cry: (Ṣ, Ķ:) or cooed, syn. قُرْقُر (A,) or , (Msb,) and reiterated its voice, or cry, in its or windpipe, or the head of its windpipe]: (A:) its cry being apparently likened to of the camel: and هَدير signifies the said of a boy, (As,) and of a boy, (As,) when he desires to speak, being young, or little, (Abu-s-Semeyda',) + He uttered a sound, or cry: as also مُدَل (As, TA.) _ It is also said of thunder; inf. n. هدير; signifying, ‡ It made a [loud, or rumbling,] sound, or voise. (A.) __ You say also, of شُرَاب [or wine], هُدَر , (Ş, K,) aor. ج, inf. n. تَهْدَارٌ and تَهْدَارٌ, (Ṣ, TA,) meaning, + It fermented; syn. غُلَى (Ş, K.) And هُدُرَتْ هَدِيرُ .TA,) aor. ج, (A, TA,) inf. n. مَدِيرُ and نبيذ fermented.] † [The jar of نبيذ fermented.] El-Akhtal says, describing wine,

[It was stopped three years with its lump of clay, until, when it became free from froth, after fermenting]. (S, TA.)

2. هذر, said of a camel : see 1.

. هُدَرَهُ see : اهدرهٔ عدد مُدَرَ see : اهدر

6. באכנפו They made one another's blood to go for nothing; [meaning, unretaliated, and uncompensated by a mulct;] they made it to be of no account. (K, TA.)

. هَادِرُ see مُدَّرُ: == and see also هَادِرُ. . هَادِرُ see مُدَّرُ.

see هُدَرَة; the former, in two places.

أَجُرَّةُ هَدُورِ fermenting نَبِيدَ fermenting much]. (TA.)

[A stallion-camel that brays much]. (TA.) See also مُعْدُ هَدَّارُ لَمَ الْرِيَّ (Loud, or rumbling, thunder]. (A.)

applied to a man, ! Low; ignoble; mean; of no account; worthless; (K;) as also اهْدُرْ * (Kr, K,) and * هُدَرَة ; (S, K;) which last is also applied to a woman: (K, TA: [in the former of which it seems to be implied that and are also applied, each, to a man and to a woman; but it appears from what is said in the Athat this is not the case :]) pl. هَدُرَة and هَدُرَة and مَدرة; the first of which is the most agreeable the second ; كَافر pl. of كَفَرَةٌ being of a measure exclusively belonging to words which are unsound [in the last radical letter], as in the instances of غُزَاةٌ and قُضَاةٌ, [originally غُزَاةٌ and قُضَيَةٌ, pls. of غَازِ and وَقُضَيَةٌ, unless, indeed, it be a quasi-pl. n.; and some disapprove it, finding fault with I Aar who relates it: the third, moreover, is not a pl. of a form, [regularly] belonging to a sing. of the measure فَاعِلْ, whether sound or unsound: (ISd, TA:) [or, accord. to Sb, it is a quasi-pl. n.:] or it is pl. of مدر , (TA,) which signifies a heavy man, (K, TA,) in whom is no good; analogous with قَرْدُة, pl. of قردُة: (TA:) and مُدَرُّ a quasi-pl. n. of هُدُرٌ, like as مَدُرُّ is of خادم,] signifies low, ignoble, or mean, people,

in whom is no good. (TA.) You say, مُمْرَةُ , (Ṣ, A, K,) and هَدَرَةُ, (IAar, TṢ, K,) and الAar, ISd, K,) † They are low, ignoble, or mean, people; of no account, or worthless. (IAar, Ṣ, A, K, &c.) = [A braying camel: fem. with ō: pl. of the latter, مُوادر You say,] الله هُوَادر [Braying camels;] camels reiterating their voices in their مُدَّدُ (Ṣ.) See also فَلَانَ فَحَلُ هَادِرُ (Ṣ.) See also فَلَانَ فَحَلُ هَادِرُ (Ṣ.) المُحَدِّرُ المُحَدِّرُ (Ṣ.) المُحَدِّرُ (Ṣ.) المُحَدِّرُ (Ṣ.) المُحَدِّرُ عَدْرُ المُحَدِّرُ (Ṣ.) المُحَدِّرُ (Ṣ.) المُحَدِّرُ (Ṣ.) المُحَدِّرُ (Ṣ.) المُحَدِّرُ (Ṣ.) المُحَدِّرُ (Ṣ.) المُحَدِّرُ (Ā.)

[Like the brayer in the enclosure of wood, or canes, or trees]: a proverb: applied to a man who raises a cry and clamour which is followed by nothing, (S, A,*) or who raises a cry and clamour and does not make his saying or action to have effect: (A, K:) like the camel that is confined in the enclosure of wood or canes or trees, prevented from covering, and brays. (S, K.)

(هدف, &c.

See Supplement.]

هذ

1. مُذّ , aor. ع, (S, L,) inf. n. مُذّ (S, L, K) and (CK, مُذَاذٌ L, K) and هُذَاذٌ (K, TA,) or هُذَاذٌ (which latter is the correct reading, (see هَذَاذَيْكُ) and, accord. to the JK, is a quasi-inf. n.],) He cut quickly, or cut off quickly; as also اهتد از (S, L, K:) or he cut anything. (K.) __ هَدُّهُ بِالسَّيْفِ, inf. n. هَذُّهُ بِالسَّيْفِ, IIe cut him, or it, in pieces with the sword. (L.) __ , aor. -, (Ş, L,) inf. n. هَذُذٌ (Ş, L, K) and هَدُ (L, K) and هُذَاذٌ; (CĶ [see ubove];) and اهتد (K;) ! He read, or recited, quichly. (S, L, K.) You say, هُذُ قَرَاءَتُه , aor. -, inf. n. مُدّ, ! He performed his reading, or reci-هُوَ يُهُذِّ القُرْآنَ tation, quickly. (Msb.) And He reads, or recites, the Kur-an rapidly and uninterruptedly: (S, A, L:) and in like manner, the narrative; (S, L;) and الحديث the poetry. (L.)

8: see 1.

. هَذُوذٌ see : هِذَّ or مُذَ

مُذُوذَ (Ṣ, L, K) and مُذُوذَ (K) and مُذُوذَ (K, and مُذُوذَ (K, and مُذُوذَ (K, and مُذُهِدُ (L, CK,) or مُذُهِدُ (as in some copies of the K, and in the TA,) and مُذُهَدُ and مُذَاهِدُ (L, K [the last in the CK مُذَاهِدُ (S, L, K;) the first, which is mass. and fem., and the second, applied to a knife; (Ṣ,* L;) and the last two, to a sword. (L)