BOOK I.]

the sheep called نقد]. (S, L.) _ Also, + The lower sort of people. (L.) _ See نُقَدْ and نَقَدْ.

into manhood, and having little flesh : (L, K :) [and so * نقد محمد , accord. to the CK : but نقد (L, K :) [and so * نقد , accord. to the CK : but نقد (L, K :) there put by mistake for ويضر : and the former, (S, L,) or نقد (K,) a boy despised and little in the eyes of others, that scarcely grows up into manhood; (S, L, K;) sometimes thus applied. (S, L.) See also نقد .

. نُقُدْ and نَقُدُه and نَقُدَة and نَقُدُ see نَقُدُ

نْعَادَة The choice part of a thing. (JK.) — He is of the best of his people. (A.)

نقاد A shepherd who tends the kind of sheep called نقد: (L, K:) or a possessor of skins of that kind of sheep. (Th, L.) — See ناقد.

ناقد [One who picks, or separates, money, and puts forth the bad; who picks, or separates, good money from bad:] who examines money, to pick, or separate the good from the bad: [as also * نَقَادُ النَقَادُ (Msb) [and نَقَادُ أَنَقَادُ (Msb) [and نَقَادُ أَنَقَادُ (Msb) [and نَقَادُ أَنَقَادُ (Msb) [and نَقَادُ (Msb) [and أَنَقَدُ شَعْر (Msb) [and أَنَقَدُ أَنْتَقَادُ (Msb) [and أَنَقَادُ (Msb) [and أُوَ مَنْ نَقَادُ (Msb) [and أُو مَنْ نَقَدَ (Msb) [and أو من أُو مَنْ أُو (Msb) [and أو من أو من أو ما أو (Msb) [and أو ما أو (Msb) [and أو ما أو ما

The hedge-hog; القَنْفُذُ ; (S, L, K;) a proper name, like أَسَامَهُ applied to the lion: (S:) as also أَسَامَهُ (K;) but some disallow the prefixing of the art.; (TA;) and الأُنْقَدُ (S, L,) and الأُنْقَدُ (S, L,) and الأُنْقَدُ (S, L,) and الأُنْقَدُ (S, L,) and الأُنْقَدَ (S, L,) and الأُنْقَدَ (S, L,) and المُوه المُعامة المُقامة المُقامة المُقامة المُقامة المُقامة المُعامة المعامة ال المامة المعامة المعام

: see preceding sentence.

نقذ

أيْقَذَ, aor. -, inf. n. نَقَذَ; (Mşb, Ķ;) or نَقَذَ,
(A, L,) aor. -, (L,) inf. n. نَقْدُ; (A, L;) He became safe, in safety, saved, or liberated; he escaped. (A, L, Mşb, Ķ.) _____ Safety to thee ! Said to a man stumbling. (A, Ķ.) ______ See also 4.

2: see 4.

4. انقذه (Ṣ, A, L, Mşb, K,) inf. n. انقذه ; (K;) and * استنقذه * (Ṣ, A, L, K;) and i, inf. n. تَنْقِيْدُهُ * (Ṣ, A, L, K;) and i, inf. n. نَقَدَهُ * ([aor. -,] inf. n. išči; (K;) He sared, rescued, or liberated, him or it, (Ṣ, A, L, Mṣb, K,) from such a one, (Ṣ, L,) and from evil. (Mṣb.)

5: see 4.

10: see 4.

A thing that one has saved, rescued, or iberated; (S, L, Msb, K;) of the measure فَعَلْ in the sense of the measure مَفْعُولٌ , like نَفَضٌ and (L:) : نَقِيدَةُ and نَقِيدٌ * as also ; قَبَضْ a man saved, or rescued, or liberated : (L :) also, a horse taken from another people : (L:) or a camel &c. taken by, and then recovered from, the (A:) : نَقَائِدُ pl. نَقِيذَ and نَقِيدَة ; pl. (A:) or نقيذة signifies a horse saved, or rescued, or liberated, (S, L, K,) and taken, (S, L,) from the enemy; (S, L, K;) pl. نَقَائدُ : (S, L;) or the sing. of نقائد, signifying horses saved, or rescued, or liberated, from the hands of men, or of the enemy, is انقيذ (IAar, L:) and, accord. to El-Muffaddal, (L,) * نَقِيدُة * signifies a coat of mail, ;; (L, K;) because it saves the person wearing it from the sword: (L:) and Az says, I have read in the handwriting of Shemir, that it signifies a coat of mail saved, or rescued, from the enemy. (L.) You say also, هُوَ نَقِيدَة , and مَمْ نَعَائَدُ بُوسٍ, and مُمْ نَعَائَدُ بُوسٍ, and مُوسٍ from distress, or adversity; and they are &c. He possesses not any- مَا لَهُ شَقَدْ وَلَا نَقَدْ ... (A.) thing. (K.)

نَقَيْدُ and نَقَيْدُ : see نَقَيْدُ . _ Also the latter, A woman having had a husband. (Ķ.)

الأَنْقَذُ [or أَنْقَدُ, without the art.,] The hedge hog ; القُتْفُدُ : (K;) as also with . (TA.)

نقر

also,] + He took [or picked] a thing, as, for instance, food, with the finger. (TA.) __ Also, (M, K,) aor. and inf. n. as above, (M, TA,) He struck a thing (IKtt, K, TA,) with a thing: (IKtt, TA:) [generally, he struck, knocked, or pecked, a thing with a pointed instrument, like as a bird strikes a thing with its beak :] he struck [or pecked] a mill-stone, or a stone, &c., with a which is a pick, or a kind of pickaxe; i.e.,] منقار he wrought it into shape, and roughened it in its surface, with a pich]. (M, TA.) _ [Hence,] t He wrote [or engraved writing] في حَجَر upon a stone. (A, K.) Whence the saying, التُعْلِيمُ or, as in a verse of] فِي الصَّغَرِ كَالنَّقُرِ عَلَى الحَجَرِ Niftaweyh, i.e., Teaching in infancy is like engraving writing upon stone]. (TA.) -He struck [or fillipped] a man's head, and in like manner a lute, and a tambourine, with his finger. (TA.) You say also أَنْقَرَا أَذُنَّهُ, meaning, He struck [or fillipped] his ear with his finger. (AA, n. أَنْقَرَ * as appears from what follows ;] and * أَنْقَرَ * 1 [He made a snapping with his thumb and middle finger;] he struck his thumb against the end of the middle finger and made a sound with them. (A.) [And in like manner the former verb used transitively; as in the following instance :] وضع He put] طَرْفَ إِبْهَامِهِ عَلَى بَاطِنِ سَبَّابَتِهِ ثُمَّ نَقَرَهَا the end of his thumb against the inner side of his first finger, then made a snapping with it]. (TA.) , نَقَرَ بِالدَّابَة [Hence also,] [Hence also (T, A, TS,) or بالفَرَس, (S,) aor. -, (TA,) inf. n. ; إِنْقَارْ . (T, Ş, TŞ;) and أَنْقَرَ (A, TŞ,) inf. n. إِنْقَارْ ; (TS;) 1 He made a [smacking or] slight sound, to put in motion the [beast or] horse, by making his tongue adhere to his palate and then opening [or suddenly drawing it away]: (S:) or he struck with his tongue the place of utterance of the letter i and made a [smacking] sound [by suddenly withdrawing his tongue]: (A :) نَقُرُ (signifies the making the end of the tongue to adhere to the palate, then making a sound [by suddenly withdrawing it]: (M, K:) or one's putting his tongue above his central incisors, at the part next the palate, then making a smacking sound [so I render تُشَرّ يَنْقُر]: (TA:) [the sounds thus described, which are nearly the same, are commonly made by the Arabs in the present day, in urging beasts of carriage :] or an agitation of the tongue (K, TA) in the mouth, upwards and downwards: (TA:) or a sound, (so in some copies of the K and in the TA,) or slight sound, (so in the TS [as mentioned in the TA] and in some copies of the K) by which a horse is put in motion : (TS, K:) or نَقَرَ بِلسَانه, accord. to IKtt, signifies he struck his palate with his tongue to quiet the horse : but this is at variance with what is said by Az, J, and ISd, and requires consideration. (TA.) A poet, (S,) Fedekee El-Minkaree, (K,) i.e., 'Obeyd