

شخص; (Mgh;) a man, (Sb, S, M, TA,) altogether, his soul and his body; (TA;) a living being, altogether. (Mgh, Mṣb.) In this sense of شخص it is masc.: (Mṣb:) or, accord to Lh, the Arabs said, رَأَيْتُ نَفْسًا وَاحِدَةً + [I saw one person], making it fem.; and in like manner, رَأَيْتُ نَفْسَيْنِ ثِنْتَيْنِ + [I saw two persons]; but they said, رَأَيْتُ ثَلَاثَةَ أَنْفُسٍ + [I saw three persons], and so all the succeeding numbers, making it masc.: but, he says, it is allowable to make it masc. in the sing. and dual., and fem. in the pl.: and all this, he says, is related on the authority of Ks: (M:) Sb says, (M,) they said ثَلَاثَةَ أَنْفُسٍ, (S, M,) making it masc., (S,) because they mean by نفس "a man," (S, M,) as is shown also by their saying نَفْسٌ وَاحِدٌ: (M:) but Yoo asserts of Ru-beh, that he said ثَلَاثُ أَنْفُسٍ, making نفس fem., like as you say ثَلَاثُ أَعْيُنٍ, meaning, of men; and ثَلَاثَةُ أَشْخَاصٍ, meaning, of women: and it is said in the Kur, [iv. 1, &c.,] + [who created you from one man], meaning, Adam. (M.) You also say, مَا رَأَيْتُ ثَمَّ نَفْسًا + I saw not there any one. (TA.) — † A brother: (IKh, IB:) a copartner in religion and relationship: (Bd, xxiv. 61:) a copartner in faith and religion. (Ibn-'Arafeh.) † It is said in the Kur, [xxiv. 61,] فَإِذَا دَخَلْتُمْ بُيُوتًا فَسَلِّمُوا عَلَى أَنْفُسِكُمْ And when ye enter houses, salute ye your brethren: (IB:) or your copartners in religion and relationship. (Bd.) And in verse 12 of the same chapter, بِأَنْفُسِهِمْ means † Of their copartners in faith and religion. (Ibn-'Arafeh.) — † Blood: (S, M, A, Mgh, Mṣb, K:) [or the life-blood: in this sense, fem.:] pl. [of pauc. أَنْفُسٌ and of mult. نَفُوسٌ] (IB:) so called [because the animal soul was believed by the Arabs, as it was by many others in ancient times, (see Gen. ix. 4, and Aristotle, De Anim. i. 2, and Virgil's Æn. ix. 349,) to diffuse itself throughout the body by means of the arteries: or] because the نفس [in its proper sense, i. e. the soul,] goes forth with it: (TA:) or because it sustains the whole animal. (Mgh, Mṣb.) You say, سَالَتْ نَفْسُهُ + [His blood flowed]. (S.) And نَفْسٌ سَائِلَةٌ + [Flowing blood]. (S, A, Mgh.) And دَقَّقَ نَفْسَهُ + He shed his blood. (A, TA.) — † The body. (S, A, K.) — † [Sometimes it seems to signify The stomach. So in the present day. You say, لَعِبَتْ نَفْسُهُ, meaning He was sick in the stomach. See عَثَّتْ نَفْسُهُ, in art. عَثَى; and مَذِرَتْ مَعِدَّتَهُ and نَفْسُهُ, in art. مَذَر. — † [The pudendum: so in the present day: in the K, art. حَشُو, applied to a woman's vulva.] — [From the primary signification are derived several others, of attributes of the

rational and animal souls; and such are most of the significations here following.] — † Knowledge. (A.) [See, above, an explanation of the words cited from ch. v. verse 116 of the Kur-án.] — † Pride: (A, K, TA:) and self-magnification; syn. عَزَّة. (A, K.) — † Disdain, or scorn. (A, K.) — † Purpose, or intention: or strong determination: syn. هِمَّة. (A, K.) — † Will, wish, or desire. (A, K.) — [Copulation: see 3, art. رُود.] — † Stomach, or appetite. — † An [evil or envious] eye, (S, M, A, K, TA,) that smites the person or thing at which it is cast: pl. أَنْفُسٌ. (TA.) [See 1, last signification.] So in a trad., in which it is said, that the تَمَلَّة and the حَمَّة and the نَفْس are the only things for which a charm is allowable. (TA.) You say, أَصَابَتْ فَلَانًا نَفْسٌ + [An evil or envious eye smote such a one]. (S.) And Moḥammad said, of a piece of green fat that he threw away, كَانَ فِيهَا سَبْعَةُ أَنْفُسٍ, meaning, † There were upon it seven [evil or envious] eyes. (TA.) — † Strength of make, and hardness, of a man: and † closeness of texture, and strength, of a garment or piece of cloth. (M.) = Punishment. (A, K.) Ex. وَيَحَذِّرُكُمْ اللَّهُ نَفْسَهُ (K,) in the Kur, [iii. 27 and 28, meaning, And God maketh you to fear his punishment]; accord. to F; but others say that the meaning is, Himself. (TA.) = A quantity (S, M, K,) of قَرَطٌ, and of other things, with which hides are tanned, (S, K,) sufficient for one tanning: (S, M, K:) or enough for two tannings: (TA:) or a handful thereof: (M:) pl. أَنْفُسٌ. (M.) You say, هَبْ لِي نَفْسًا مِنْ دِبَاغٍ + [Give thou to me a quantity of material for tanning sufficient for one tanning, or for two tannings, &c.]. (S.)

نَفْسٌ [Breath;] what is drawn in by the air-passages in the nose, [or by the mouth,] to the inside, and emitted; (Mṣb;) what comes forth from a living being in the act of تَنْفُسٌ. (Mgh:) or the exit of wind from the nose and the mouth: (M:) pl. أَنْفَاسٌ. (S, M, A, Mgh, Mṣb, K.) — A gentle air: pl. as above. (M, Mṣb.) You say also, نَفْسُ الرِّيحِ [The breath of the wind]: and نَفْسُ الرُّوحَةِ the sweet [breath or] odour [of the meadow, or of the garden, &c.]. (TA.) — [Hence, app., its application in the phrase] نَفْسُ السَّاعَةِ [The blast of the last hour; meaning,] the end of time. (Kr, M.) — [Hence also, † Speech: and kind speech: (see an ex. voce أَمْلَحَ): so in the present day.] — [And † Voice, or a sweet voice, in singing: so in the present day.] — A gulp, or as much as is swallowed at once in drinking: (S, L, K:) but this requires consideration; for in one نَفْسٌ a man

takes a number of gulps, more or less according to the length or shortness of his breath, so that we [sometimes] see a man drink [the contents of] a large vessel in one نَفْسٍ, at a number of gulps: (L:) [therefore it signifies sometimes, if not always, a draught, or as much as is swallowed without taking breath:] pl. as above. (S.) You say, إِكْرَعُ فِي الْإِنَاءِ نَفْسًا أَوْ نَفْسَيْنِ + [Put thou thy mouth into the vessel and drink] a gulp, or two gulps: [or a draught, or two draughts:] and exceed not that. (S.) And شَرِبْتُ نَفْسًا وَأَنْفَاسًا + [I drank a gulp, and gulps: or a draught, and draughts]. (A.) And فَلَانَ شَرِبَ الْإِنَاءَ كُلَّهُ عَلَى نَفْسٍ وَاحِدٍ + [Such a one drank the whole contents of the vessel at one gulp: or at one draught]. (L.) — † Every resting between two draughts: (M, TA:) [pl. as above.] You say, شَرِبَ بِنَفْسٍ وَاحِدٍ + [He drank with one resting between draughts]. (A.) And شَرِبَ شَرِبَ بِثَلَاثَةِ أَنْفَاسٍ + [He drank with three restings between draughts]. (A, K.) [And hence,] † Beverage in which is ampleness, [so that one pauses while drinking it, to take breath,] and which satisfies thirst. (IAḡr, K.) And شَرَابٌ غَيْرُ ذِي نَفْسٍ + Beverage of disagreeable taste, (A, K,*) changed in taste and odour, (K,) in drinking which one does not take breath (A, K) when he has tasted it; (K;) taking a first draught, as much as will keep in the remains of life, and not returning to it. (TA.) — [And hence it is said that] نَفْسٌ signifies † Satisfaction, or the state of being satisfied, with drink; syn. رِيٌّ. (IAḡr, K.) — [Hence also,] † Plenty, and redundance. So in the saying إِنَّ فِي الْمَاءِ وَبَيْنَهُ وَبَيْنَهُ نَفْسًا لِي وَلَكَ [Verily in the water is plenty, and redundance, for me and for thee]. (Lh, M.) — † A wide space: (TA:) † a distance. (A.) You say, بَيْنَ الْفَرِيقَيْنِ نَفْسٌ + Between the two parties is a wide space. (TA.) And بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَهُ نَفْسٌ + Between me and him is a distance. (A.) — † Ample scope for action &c.: and a state in which is ample scope for action &c.: syn. سَعَةٌ, (S, M, A, Mgh, K,) and فُسْحَةٌ, (A, K,) in an affair. (S, M, A, K.) You say, لَكَ فِي هَذَا نَفْسٌ + [There is ample scope for action &c. for thee in this. (Mgh.) And أَنْتَ فِي نَفْسٍ مِنْ أَمْرِكَ + [Thou art in a state in which is ample scope for action &c. with respect to thine affair. (S, M.) And اِعْمَلْ وَأَنْتَ فِي نَفْسٍ مِنْ أَمْرِكَ + Work thou while thou art in a state in which is ample scope for action &c. (في فُسْحَةٍ وَسَعَةٍ) with respect to thine affair, before extreme old age, and diseases, and calamities. (TA.) See also نَفْسَةٌ. — † Length. (M.) So in the saying زِدْنِي نَفْسًا + [Add thou to me length in my term