1. نَفَرُ , (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. -, (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ,) inf. n. نَفُوزٌ (Ş, K) and نَفْزٌ (Mab, TA) and نَفْزَانٌ (TA,) He (an antelope) leaped, jumped, sprang, or bounded; (S, A, K;) as also * نفز (A:) or did so in his running: (As, TA:) or did so and alighted with his legs spread: when he alights : قَفْز with his legs together, the action is termed (TA:) or did so after putting his legs together: (AZ, TA:) or leaped upwards with all his legs at once and put them down without separating them: (Msb:) or raised his legs together and put them down together: or ran at the utmost vehement rate of the running termed . (TA.)

2: see 1. = نفّزته , (Ķ,) or نفّزته , (Ṣ, A,) He, or she, danced, or dandled, him, (S, A, K,) namely, a child; (S, A;) as also نقزته. (TA,

6. تنافزوا They (children) contended together in leaping, jumping, springing, or bounding, in play. (A, K.)

An antelope's running by reason of fright. (AA, TA.)

(K) An antelope that leaps, يَنْفُوزُ * (Ş) and نَفُوزٌ jumps, springs, or bounds, (S, K,) [in one or other of the manners described above,] much, or vehemently. (TA.)

TA,) which signifies The , نَوَافِزُ sing. of , نَافَزَةٌ legs of a beast of carriage: (K, TA:) but the word commonly known is , نُوَاقرُ, with ق. (TA.)

نفوز see : يَنْفُوز

1. نَفُسُ , aor. أ., inf. n. نَفُاسَةُ (Ş, M, A, Mşb, (K) and نَفُوسٌ and نَفَسٌ and نِفَاسٌ (K) and and النَّفُس (M, A, Msb,) inf. n. إِنْفُاس ; (A Msb;) It was, or became, high in estimation, of high account, or excellent; (M, Msb, TA;) [highly prized; precious, or valuable;] and therefore, (TA,) was desired with emulation, or in much request : (S, K, TA:) and the Vlatter verb, said of property, it was, or became, loved, and highly esteemed. (TA.) = نَفْسُ بِهِ, (Ṣ, M, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. -, (K,) inf. n. نَفْسُ (M) [and app. نَفْسُ as which ,نَفَاسيَةٌ and نَفَاسَةٌ which last is extr., (M, TA,) He was, or became. avaricious, tenacious, or niggardly, of it, (S, M, Msb, K,) because of its being in high estimation, or excellent. (Msb.) Hence the saying in the app. فَإِنَّهَا يَبْخُلُ عَنْ نَفْسِهِ [app. meaning He is only avaricious from his avarice.]
(TA.) You say, وَنُفْسَ عَلَيْهِ بِالشَّيْء (M,) or [in the place of عليه], (TA,) He was, or became, avaricious, &c., of the thing, towards him, or granted him a delay: the objective compliment long; for when a speaker takes breath, it is easy

withholding it from him. (M, TA.) And نَفْسَ (M,) بالشَّيْءِ (Ṣ, M, K, TA,) and عَلَيْهِ الشَّيْءِ inf. n. نفاسة, (S, K, TA,) He was, or became, avaricious, &c., of the thing, towards him, and thought him not worthy of it, and was not pleased at its coming to him: (TA:) or [simply] he thought him not worthy of it; (S, M, K;) as also نافسه و of which last verb we have an ex. in the phrase تُنَافسُ دُنْيًا, used by a poet in speaking of the tribe of Kureysh, meaning either they think others not worthy of تَنَافسُ فِي دُنْيَا they think تُنَافسُ أَهْلَ دُنْيَا or تُنَافسُ أَهْلَ دُنْيَا the possessors of worldly good unworthy thereof]. (M.) [See also 3, below.] You say also, نَفْسُتُ نَفِسْتَ and) ,بِخَيْرٍ قَلِيلٍ A, K,) or بِخَيْرٍ (A,) , نَفَاسَةٌ and نَفَسُ مَا .inf. n. أَعَلَى خَيْراً كَثَيْراً Thou envieds me (S, A, K) good, (A, K,) or a little good, (S,) and much good, (A,) and didst not consider me worthy of it. (A.) And فُلَانُ app. meaning Such] مَا يَتَنَقَّسُ عَلَيْنَا الغَنيهَةَ وَالظَّفَرَ a one does not envy us the spoil and the victory.] (A, in continuation of what here immediately precedes.) And مَا هُذَا النَّهُسُ What is this envying? (A, TA.) = نُفَسَتْ; (S, M, A, Msb, K;) and نُفسَتُ (S, M, Msb, K,) as some of the Arabs say, (Msb,) aor. -; (Msb, K;) inf. n. (M, TA,) or ,نَفَسٌ and) نفَاسَةٌ and نفَاسَةٌ the first of these ns. is a simple subst.; (Msb;) ! She (a woman) brought forth; (S, M, K;) and [she brought forth a child]: (Th, M:) نَفْسَتْ وَلَدًا and نُفسَتْ بوَلَدها [she brought forth her child]. وَرِثَ فُلَانٌ هٰذَا قَبْلَ أَنْ يُنْفَس (A.) You say also, وَرِثَ فُلَانٌ هٰذَا قَبْلَ أَنْ يُنْفَس meaning, Such a one inherited this before such a one was born. (S.) _ Also, both these verbs, (Msb, K,) or the latter, نَفْسَتْ, only, (Az, Mgh, TA,) or the latter is the more common, (K,) the former, which is related on the authority of As, not being well known, (Msb,) \$ She (a woman) menstruated. (Az, Mgh, Msb, K.) [In the CK, a confusion is made by the omission of a before the verb which explains this last signification.] This signification and that next preceding it are from نَفْسُ meaning "blood." (Mgh.) == ل نَفْسُتُهُ بِنَفْسِ I smote him with an [evil or envious] eye. (S, K, TA.)

2. نفّس كُرْبَتُهُ = . see 4. نفّسهُ فيه . (A, Mgh, Msb, K,*) and نقس عنه كربته , (S,) inf. n. (K,) رَنَفُسُ (Ş, Mşb, K) and [quasi-inf. n.] تَنْفيسُ : He (God) removed, or cleared away, his grief, or sorrow, or anxiety: (S, A, Mgh, Msb, K*:) and نقس عنه signifies the same; (M, Mgh;) and He made his circumstances ample and easy; (M, TA;) and he (a man) eased him, or relieved him, syn. زقه: (S, TA:) and also, this last phrase, he being omitted: and نَفْسُنِي is used as meaning grant thou to me a delay: or, elliptically, نَفْسُ or غَمّی (remove thou my grief, &c.]. (Mgh.) _ [Hence] حَرْفُ تَنْفِيسِ, applied to the and its variants سَوْفَ &c.], meaning A particle of amplification; because changing the aor. from the strait time, which is the present, to the ample time, which is the future. (Mughnee, in art. نفّس القَوْسَ == (.س .He cracked the bow : (Kr, M:) [see 5:] accord. to ISh, he put () its string [upon the bow]. (TA.)

and مُنَافَسَةٌ .nf. n. (Ş, K,*) inf. n. مُنَافَسَ في السَّيْءِ نفاس, (S,) He desired the thing, [or aspired to it,] with generous emulation ; (Ṣ, Ķ;) as also اتنافس: (K:) and نافس صَاحبَهُ فيه [he vied with his companion in desire for it]: (A:) or قيه panion signifies they desired it [or aspired to it]: (S:) or they vied, one with another, in desiring it; or they desired it with emulation; syn. تَراغبوا : (A, TA:) [and يَتَنَافَسُ فيه it is emulously desired; or in request ; or in great request :] or مُنَافَسة and signify the desiring to have a thing, and to have it for himself exclusively of any other person; from نَفيس, signifying a thing "good, or goodly, or excellent, in its kind:" (TA:) and we envied one تَنافسنا فيه and تَنَافَسْنَا ذَٰلِكَ الأُمْرَ another for that thing, and strove for priority in attaining it. (M.) See also ونَفْسَ عَلَيْهِ الشَّيء is syn. (M.) نَافَسَهُ فيه with which

4. انفسهٔ = see انفس in two places. انفس It (a thing, TA) pleased him, (K, TA,) and made him desirous of it: (TA:) or became highly esteemed by him. (1Ķtt.) __ فيه لله He made me desirous of it; (S, M, A, K;) as also (So in my به IAar, M, TA,) or به So in my copy of the A.) = مَا أَنْفَسَهُ How powerful is his evil, or envious, eye! (Lh, M.)

5. تنفّس [He breathed] is said of a man and of every animal having lungs : (S:) [or it signifies] he drew (استَهَد) breath : (M:) or [he respired, i.e.] he drew breath with the air-passages in his nose; to his inside, and emitted it. (Msb.) You say also, تنفّس الصُّعَدَاء [He sighed: see also art. صعد]. (S.) __ t He (a man) emitted wind from beneath him. (TA.) _ Also, (TA,) or تنفس في الإناّع, (K,) † He drank (K, TA) from the vessel (TA) with three restings between draughts, and separated the ressel from his mouth at every such resting: (K, TA:) and, contr., the latter phrase, the drank [from the vessel] without separating it from his mouth: (K, TA:) which latter mode of drinking is disapproved. (TA.) _ Also تنفّس † He lengthened in speech ; he spoke