3. ناجزهُ القتّالُ (Mgh,) or ناجزهُ القتّالُ, (A,) inf. n. مناجزة, (S, A, Mgh, K,) He fought him : (K:) or he went, or came, out, or forth, in the field, to fight him, (S, Mgh, Msb,) and fought him: (S, Mgh:) or he (a horseman) went, or came, out, or forth, into the field, to fight him, (another horseman,) and they strove together until each of them slew the other, or until one of them was slain: (TA:) and تَنَاجُزُ signifies the same as تُنَاجَزُ القَوْمُ , you say , تُنَاجَزُ القَوْمُ , meaning , The people contended together in the mutual shedding of blood; as though they hastened in doing so. (TA.) [Hence the saying,] إِنْ رُمْتُ أَنْ الْمُنَاجِزَةُ وَعَبْلُ الْمُنَاجِزَةُ وَعَبْلُ الْمُنَاجِزَةُ الْمُنَاجِزَةُ ciprocal prevention of fighting, and the making of peace, let it be before fighting]: (A:) or (Ş, K) [the reciprocal المُحَاجِزَهُ قَبْلَ المُنَاجِزَهُ prevention of fighting, and] the making of peace, [should be] before the striving together, (المعالجة), as in the CK,) or hastening, (المُعَالَجَة, as in some copies of the K and in the TA, and, accord. to the latter, المسارعة,) in fighting : (K, TA :) a proverb: (S, TA:) relating to the prudence of him who hastens to flee from him whom he has not power to withstand: (K:) or applied to him who seeks peace after fighting. (A'Obeyd, K.) -Also, He contended with him in an altercation; disputed with him; litigated with him. (TA.)

4. أِنْجَازْ , (K,) inf. n. إِنْجَازْ , (TA;) and المَجْزَهُا , (ISk, S, K,) aor. ع, inf. n. نَجْزَهَا (ISk, S) and نَجَازُ, or this is a subst. in the sense of إِنْجَازُ, like عُطَاءٌ in that of إِنْجَازُ (Ḥar, p. 326;) He accomplished his want: (ISk, S, K:) and I accomplished for him his want. رُنَجُزُهُ ♦ (A.) (A, Mgh, CK,) and انجز الوَعْدَ ... (A.) (S,) He fulfilled, or performed, the promise : (S,* A, Mgh, CK:) or he made the promise to be prompt, or quick, in taking effect. (Msb.) You say also, انجز عَلَى المُوعد He fulfilled to me the promise; (K, accord. to the TA;) as also نُجَزُنُهُ اللهِ (TA:) and نَجَزْنُهُ اللهِ I made it to be prompt, or quich in taking effect to him. (Msb.) [Hence the saying,] أَنْجَزُ حُرِّمًا وَعَدَ (Ş, K) An ingenuous man fulfils what he promises: a proverb: (TA:) alluding to the fulfilment of a promise: and sometimes, to the asking, or demanding, the fulfilment thereof: El-Hárith the son of 'Amr said to Sakhr the son of Nahshal, "Shall I guide thee to booty and one fifth of it be for me?" and he answered, "Yes:" so he guided him to some people from El-Yemen, and Sakhr made a sudden attack upon them, and engaged with them in conflict, and overcame, and obtained booty; and when he turned back, El-Harith said to him the above words, and Sakhr fulfilled his promise to him. (K.) -He hastened and completed, or انجز عُلَى القُتيل made certain, the slaughter of the slain man; i. q. مَنْ عَلَيْهِ. (Abu-l-Mikdam Es-Sulamee and K.)

5: see 10, in five places.

6: see 3.

10. ما العندة المنافرة المناف

أَنْتُ عَلَى and لَبُوْلُ are syn. You say, نَجْوُ عَاجَتَكُ , and نَجْوِلُ حَاجَتِكُ, Thou art on the point of accomplishing thy want. (Ş, K.)

نَجْزُ see : نَجْزَ

in three places. نَجِيزٌ: see نَجِيزٌ

لَّا أُحِزَنَّ نَجِيزَتُ مَا A recompense. You say, نَجِيزَةُ I will assuredly pay thy recompense. (TA.)

Coming to an end; coming to nought; perishing; passing away. (TA.) - [Complete: accomplished.] - A promise that has been fulfilled; as also نُجِيزٌ * (TA:) or that has come to pass, and is accomplished. (A, Mgh.) -Present; ready; (S, Msb, K, TA;) as also * نَجِيزُ : (K:) and both, promptly, or quickly, done, or given. (TA.) You say, ايعته ناجزا بناجز (S, A, Mgh, Msb) [I sold it, or I sold to him, present, or ready, [merchandise,] for present, or ready, [money,] (TA,) like يدًا بيد (Ṣ, A, Mgh, Mṣb,) i. e., بِتَعْجِيلًا بِتَعْجِيلٍ (Ṣ.) And بِنَاجِزِ بُنَاجِزِ), meaning, A debt to be paid at a future time shall not be sold for ready money. (Mgh.) And نَاجِزُ بِنَاجِزِ is a proverb, [meaning Ready merchandise with ready money,] like بِيَد and بِعَاجِلٌ بِعَاجِلٍ (TA.) It is said in a trad., بِيعُوا حَاضِرًا بِنَاجِزِ [Sell ye present merchandise for ready money]. (S.) And a poet ('Abeed Ibn-El-Abras, TA, art. 以今,) says,

وَإِذَا تُبَاشِرُكَ الهُمُو مُرفَإِنَّهَا كَالٍ وَنَاجِزُ

(Ṣ, TA, ubi supra;) [And when griefs attend thee, know that] they are, some, debts to be payed at future periods, and some, payments in ready money. (TA, ubi supra.) The saying [of 'Abd-Allah Ibn-'Amir El-Kurashee, owner of a horse named Esh-Shamoos, (TA, art.,)]

جَرْيَ الشُّهُوسِ نَاجِزًا بِنَاجِزٍ

[app. meaning, Quickly as the running of Esh-Shamoos; ready with ready, or prompt with prompt;] is explained by IAar, as meaning, Thou hast given an evil recompense and I have recompensed thee in like manner: or, as he says in one place, this is said when one does a thing and thou dost the like thereof; he not being able to go beyond thee in word or in deed. (TA.) [Respecting this saying, Freytag says, in his Arab. Prov., i. 305, (where, for الماقية we find في الماقية في الماقية

جحس

1. نَجْسَ aor. عَزِير (S, Mab, K;) and رَجْسَ, aor. 2; (Msb;) and نَجُسَر, aor. 2, (K,) accord. to some, but the books of good repute are silent respecting this last; (Msb;) inf. n. نُجَسُ , (Ṣ, Msb, TA,) of the first; (Msb;) and نَجَاسَة, (TA,) or this last is a simple subst. [as the verb to which by rule it should belong is not of good authority]; (Msb;) It was, or became, unclean, dirty, filthy, or impure; (Msb;) [i.e.,] is of نَجَاسة (*: Msb, K) : طُهُو or ,طُهُو is of two kinds; one kind is perceived by sense; and one kind is perceived by the mind; of which latter kind is that which is attributed, in the Kur, ix. 28, to those who assert God to have associates: (Er-Rághib, B:) but in this latter sense, it is said by Z, to be tropical. (TA.) [See also below.] You also say, (of a garment, A, Msb,) أنجس , meaning, It was, or became, rendered unclean, dirty, filthy, or impure. (A, Msb, K.) = نَجْسُ (app. an inf. n. of which the verb is رُنَجِس,] The making a child's عودة [or amulet, of any of the kinds described below, voce تنجيس]. (TA.)

2. مُنْجِينَ, (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, K,) inf. n. رَبْجِينَ, (TA,) He rendered him, or it, unclean, dirty, filthy, or impure; (A, Mṣb, K;) and أَنْجِينَا signifies the same. (Ṣ, A, K.) El-Ḥasan said of a man who married a woman with whom he had committed fornication, أَوْ أَنْحُنَا أَنْهُ وَالْحَقْ بِاللهِ اللهُ وَالْمُوالُونَ اللهُ وَالْمُوالُونَ اللهُ وَالْمُوالُونَ اللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ

4: see 2, in two places.

5. تنجس: see نبحن. — He did a deed whereby to become free from uncleanness, dirt, filth, or impurity; (K;) like as you say تَعْتَى and تَعْتَى , meaning, he did a deed whereby to become free from crime, sin, &c. (TA.)