and went forth from the kindermost parts thereof: (A, K, TA.) the sing. of ālām as here used is ālām. (TA.) 1 It signifies also A, say, or saying, or speech; (S, K, TA.) from 1 in the first of the senses assigned to it above; hence one says, َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتَمْثِيلَةً (S, TA.) Verily the retracting of that which has been said is difficult: (Har p. 434.) and [hence] one says also, َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتَمْثِيلَةً (He fears the say, or speech, of men.) (TA.) And The Muslims’ rendering another’s reputation by evil speech, or by backbiting: (K, TA.) as also َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِيذًا (means Verily he is strong in speech, and free, or unconstrained, in tongue. (TA.) And one says, َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتَمْثِيلَةً, meaning [Hom refection is thy camel’s eating [of this herbage] in like manner, Verily a wretched eating of thy horse]: whence their saying َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتَمْثِيلَةً; which may be well rendered as it has been in art. َمُّحَمَّدًا (Fr, TA;) and, in like manner, when used in the manners and senses expl. in what here follows. (TA.) َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتَمْثِيلَةً.] َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتمْثِيلَةً And َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتمْثِيلَةً, or َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِيذًا (Fr, TA) and َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتَمْثِيلَةً, one who reveals his hunger; originally, قَلْوَةً, like as they said قَلْوَةً هُمْ فِي َيْهَأ (TA.) َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِيذًا, Having what is termed قَلْوَةَ َتَمْثِيلَةً, meaning as expl. in the last sentence of the first paragraph [i.e. width of the mouth, &c.]; fem. قَلْوَةً, (S, K, TA;) the former applied to a man, and the latter to a woman; (S; TA;) and in like manner to horses. (TA.) قَلْوَةً َتَمْثِيلَةً, applied to a woman, means Widemouthed, ugly: and, applied to a mare, wide-mouthed, long-headed: or sharp in spirit. (Mughnee.) (K.) And َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتمْثِيلَةً, A wide-mouthed well. (K.) And َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتمْثِيلَةً, A large sheave of a pulley. (S, K, TA; that is wide) (K, TA) whereof the teeth between which runs the well-ropes are long. (S, TA.) [See also َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِيذًا in art. َمُّحَمَّدًا.] َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِيذًا, (S, K, TA;) the latter originally َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِيذًا, (S, K, TA;) and so َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِيذًا applied to a woman; (S, TA;) able in speech; an able speaker: or َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِيذًا signifies good in speech; a good speaker: (TA;) or both signify good and eloquent in speech; as though taken from َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِيذًا meaning “width of the mouth”: (Iabr, TA;) or having an inordinate desire, or appetite, for food; a vehement eater; (K, TA;) applied to a man and to other than man: (TA;) and the latter َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا, having an inordinate and insatiable desire, or appetite, for food: (TA;) and this also signifies a man who eats much; syn. َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا; (S, K;) and so does َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا: (K [in some copies of which, َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا is strangely put in the place of َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا]; in the explanation here given:)] or َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا signifies a man eating vehemently after scansion, (S;) or after weakness: (thus in a copy of the S;) and َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا is also expl. as meaning a man who eats vehemently. (TA.) And one says َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا: (K, TA) meaning َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا, or َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا Good, or excellent, speech, or diction. (TA.) َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا: (K, TA) Good, or excellent, speech, or diction. (TA.) َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا: In [the odoriferous substances called] َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا: (pl. of َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا, q.) َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا: (K, Lth, K) and َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا: A garament, or piece of cloth, dyed with َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا; or َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا; i.e. madder. (Lth, K.) َنَمُّهُ فَيْحًا َتأْيِذًا: see the next preceding paragraph, in two places.