said, ( $\mathbf{T}, \mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}$, after announcing that he would be among the first that should die, ( $\mathrm{T}, \mathrm{O}$, )
 [ Ye will follow me] in scattered companies, company after company; [killing one another; [أفنَارًا being pl. of فَنْد; (Nh, TA;) and in like manner is expl. a similar phrase in a trad. of 'Aंisheh : (T, TA:) or the former means " ذَوِى فَنَدِ i. e. [impotent; and unthanhful; lit ] having impotence; and unthanhfulness for $[$ God's $]$ favour. ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$, TA.) - And A sort, or species : (K, TA:) pl. أَنّْاز : one says, مَاؤوا أَفْنَاءًا They came being diverse sorts. (TA.) - And A branch of a tree. (T, O, K.*) - And Land upon which rain has not fallen; (T, O, K;) also termed " فندية [app. .فِنْدِيَةٍ (T.)
 [app. as meaning Exorbitance in speech]; and error in judgment : pl. 'أَنّْأ See also فِنّْ , near the end.

فِنْدَة A complete branch from nhich a bow is made. (0.)

فِنْدَاوْة (in the O and CK without hemz) A sharp قَدُومر [or adz]. (Ṣ, O, K.) - And A bold, or fearless, she-camel. (IAạr and Sh, TA in art. ics.)
: فَأُ An adz, or an axe, or a hoe; syn : (I'Aar, T, L :) or a broad-headed فأس : (M, L:) pl: فَنادِيد, which is anomalous. (IAar, T, L.)

A sort of sweetmeat, made of concrete juice of the sugar-cane (قَنْ, q. v.,) and starch (نشَا) : a foreign word; for the measure فَاعِيلُ is not found in Arabic; and thercfore the lexicographers have not mentioned it: ( $M \stackrel{l}{b}$ :) it is also written with ; ; (MF;) and is an arabicized
 (: فُنِيذ :) but is more properly with 2. (MF.)
,مُمْنْ in judgment, or unsound in mind, \&ce., (see 1,) by reason of extreme oll age, or disease,] an epithet applied to a man only: you do not use the fem. form, with $\partial$, applying it to an old woman, because [it is held that] she has not possessed judgment (T, Ṣ, M, L, Ḳ) in her youth (T, S.,
M, L) or at any time: ( $\mathbf{K}$ :) or both 'مُ - مُمَنَّ or intelligence, is denied, or disapproved, (أنْـُـــرَ , founds [things] in his speech: ( $\mathbf{A}:$ ) or the former, or ${ }^{\dagger}$ the latter, significs loquacious by reason of unsoundness of mind: ( $\mathrm{As}_{\mathrm{s}}, \mathrm{T}:$ ) and the former signifies weak in intellect: ( $\mathrm{L}:$ ) [and extremely aged: (see $1:)$ ] and the same, ( $T$, ) or ${ }^{\dagger}$ the latter, ( L ,) weak in judyment; notwithstanding he may be strong in body: and weak in body; notwithstanding he may be right in judgment: and weak in judgment and in body. (Fr, T, L.)
: مُفَّتُنْ : see the next preceding paragraph, in four places.

## فندر

 and wanting in courage and generosity; stupid and heavy. (Ibn-'Abbád, O.)
فَنْدِيرْ (K ind this art., and Ṣ in art. (,فدر) A great mass of rock that becomes detached (S, K, from the head ( $\mathbf{( S )}$ ) or from the side (K $\mathbf{K}$ ) of a mountain: (S, $\mathbf{K}:$ ) pl. 'فَنَإِير. (TA.) - And, both words, $A$ large lump of dates (K, TA) compacted together; as also فـْرْهُ. (TA.)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { الفُنْوُورةٌ The anus. (IAạr, T, O, TA.) } \\
& \text { فُنْدِيرُ see. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Accord. to some, the $ن$ in the words mentioned in this art. is augmentative. (O.)

## فندق

The fruit of a certain tree, (Lth, $0, \mathbf{K}$,) the same as the بُنْدُقُ, which has been mentioned before, [i. e. hazel-nut, or hazel-nuts,] (K,) or round, lihe the بُنْدُ, having a covering which, being removed, discloses a kernel (حَبّ), like the (Lth, O.) = And, (Lth, O, Ḳ,) in the dial. of the people of Syria, $\boldsymbol{A}$ [building of the kind called] نَان [q. v.], where men alight and lodge, [and in which they deposit their goods,] of the خَانَّات that are in the roads, (Lth, O, K,*) and in the cities: (Lth, $\mathrm{O}:$ ) [said to be] a Pers. word, [app. from the Greek $\pi$ avסoxeiov, occurring in Luke x. 34, as remarked by Golius,] mentioned by Sb : pl. فَنَادِق. (TA.)

A register of accounts: ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}:$ :) thought by As to be an arabicized word: but the word commonly known [in this sense] is with قi. e. [قُنْدَاقْ]. (TA.)

فنزع A leaping, jumping, springing, or bounding; and so $\downarrow$ فَنْزِجْ: (L:) or the game, or sport,
 the dance of the Magians, ( L th, $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{L}$,) or a dance of the Persians (العَجْم), (S, K,) in which the performers hold one another by the hand; (Lth, $\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K} ;$ ) arabicized from [the Pers.] [app. as meaning "a gripe with the hand"]: (S, $\mathbf{K}:)$ or a game, or sport, of the Nabathceans,
 from the joining of hands]; (ISk, O ;) a game, or sport, played by the Nabathaans in joyous exultation: (IAar, $\mathrm{O}:$ ) occurring in a saying of El-'Ajjaj cited in art. عكغ. (TA. See 1 in that art.) - And, as some say, The five embolismal, or supplementary days, which are added at the end of the twel, th month of the Persians [and called by them رَنْجْهُهُ دْزِدِدْه . (IDrd, O, L.)
فَزْجَة: see the preceding paragraph.

## فنطس

" [The botton of the hold of a ship or boat; i. e.] the part of a ship or boat where the water that is drann out therefrom collects: (AA, $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{TA}:$ ) this is the primary signification: ( $\mathbf{O}$, TA :) pl. فَنَاطِيسُ. (TA.) - Hence, ( 0, ) A tank made of boards, ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$, ) and tarred, $(\mathrm{O}$,$) borne$ in sea-going vessels, $(\mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}, *)$ and containing sineet water for drinking. ( $0,{ }^{*}$ K.) - And, ( $0, \mathbf{K}$, ) accord. to IAar, ( O, ) A bowl ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$ ) of wood, the exterior of which is coloured with yellow and red and green, $(\mathrm{O}$,$) with which the sweet water is$ distributed ( $\mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}$ ) anong the ship's crev. ( $\mathbf{O}$.) $=$ It is also applied to a nose, as signifying Broad. (IDrd, M, TA. [See also what next follows.])

- A nose vide in the nostril, and expanded in the end: (Ibn-'Abbád, O, K:) pl. فُنَّاطِيس. (K. [See also what next precedes.]) - And, ( $\mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}$, ) accord. to IDrd, (O,) A man broad in the nose. ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$. ) - And Low, ignoble, or ungenerous, ( O , $\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{TA}$, ) accord. to some, in an absolute sense, (TA,) or in respect of birth; ( $\mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}, \mathrm{TA}$;) thus accord. to Ibn-'Abbád: pl. as above. (O.) $=$ Also The penis; ( $\mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}$;) and so فُرطِيس: accord. to some, peculiarly of the swine. (TA.)
 tioned also in art. فطس ; the being held by some to be augmentative:]) and so فِرْطِّة. (TA.) And The nose of the wolf. (O.) And one says,
 meaning + [Verily he is] one who defends, or guards, from encroachment, or invasion, or attack, what is in his possession, or occupation; who refuses to submit to nronaful treatinent: $(0, \underset{K}{*})$ thus mentioned on the authority of $\mathrm{A}_{8}$; and Aboo-Sa'eed
 [properly] signify his nose. (TA.)


## فنع

1. فَنْغ, aor. $=$, (S, O,* K,) inf. n. فَنْ, (Ṣ, 0,) $H e$ abounded, and increased, in wealth. (S, O , K.) مَنْ قَنْع فَنْ is a prov., ( $0, ~ T A$, ) meaning [He who is contented] is free from want, or is rich. (TA.)
فَنْ [as a simple subst.] Increase, and abundance, of wealth: ( $\mathbf{S}:$ ) increase ( $\mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}, \mathbf{T A}$ ) in wealth and in what is little in quantity: (TA:) and i. q. much wealth; prosperity, welfare, or nellbeing; \&c.]: and generosity: (О, К, TA:) and large, or ample, liberality or bounty or munificence: (TA:) and excellence ; ( $\mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K} ;$ ) or much, or abundant, excellence. (TA.) One says مَانٌ ذُ فَنَّ and , but the former is more common and more known, i. e. Abundant wealth. (TA.) And فَرسِ
 rate of going], or having excess [therein]. (TA.) - And Strength of odour of musk. (K.) مسِّ means Mush of which the odour is strong."
