heaven; [generally the north celestial pole;] | († يُفْلُكُ , or ويُفْلُكُ, accord. to different copies of likened to the pivot, or axis, of the mill-stone. (TA.) __ Also (i. e. الفلك) The revolving of the heaven [or celestial sphere]. (TA.) _ And فلك signifies also The circuit, and main part, of anything. (K.) - And Waves of the sea in a state of commotion, (O, K, TA,) circling, (TA,) and going to and fro. (O, TA.) This, (O, TA,) or what is next mentioned, (TA,) or the place of revolving of the stars, (O,) or the pole of heaven, (TA,) is meant in a trad. where it is said of a horse smitten by the [evil] eye, that he was as though he were turning in a فلك. (O, TA.) And Water put in motion by the wind, (O, K, TA,) going to and fro, in a state of commotion: (O, TA:) mentioned by Z. (TA.) _ Also A hill, or mound, of sand, having around it a mide expanse of land : (IAar, O, K, TA :) or فَلَكُ مِنَ ignifies rugged, round أُجُوبَة [app. a pl. of (though I do not find it mentioned as such), جُوبَة and meaning depressed and clear places], of the sands, like [tracts of] what are termed كُذَّان [or soft stones resembling dry pieces of clay], hollowed out by the gazelles. (TA.) _ And Pieces of land, (S, O, K, TA,) or of sand, (S,) having a circular form, and elevated above what is around them, (S, O, K, TA,) with ruggedness and evenness; (TA;) one whereof is termed V فُلْكُهُ (S, O, K, TA,) with the ل quiescent; pl. فِلَاكْ; (K, TA;) i. e. [this is pl. of فَصْعَةُ and إَرْفُلْكُةُ and : قَصَاعُ (TA:) in [the book entitled] El-Ghareeb El-Musannaf, [by Aboo-'Amr Esh-Shcybanee, we find] ♥ فَلَكُ and فَلَكُ (each] بالتَّحْرِيك [accord. is a n. un., and فَلَكُ is a n. un., and فَلَكَةُ gen. n.;] but in "the Book" of Sb, [agreeably with the K, we find] فَنْكُهُ * [as a sing.] and (IB, TA.) حَلَق and حَلْقة (IB, TA.) - See also فَلْكُهُ, in two places.

A slave (AA, O) having a buttoch like the فَنْكَة [or whirl] of a spindle (AA, O, K) in shape; (AA, O;) resembling the Zenj; (K;) [for] the buttocks of the Zenj are round: (AA, O:) or large in the buttocks. (TA.) And (O, K) it is said to signify (O) Thick, or coarse of make, in the joints: (O, K:) and loose in the bones; (K;) or weak, loose in the bones, and flaccid; thus expl. by Ibn-'Abbad: (O:) and having a pain in his patella (فِي فَلْكَة رُكْبَته). (O, K.)

. فَلَكُ q. v. = And a pl. of فُلُكُ : i. q. فُلُكُ (K, TA.)

The whirl of a spindle: (MA:) [this is what is meant by the saying that] the فَلْكَة of the is well known; (K;) [and] is thus called because of its roundness: (S, O:) [it is a piece of wood, generally of a hemispherical form, or nearly so, through the middle of which the upper part of the spindle-pin is inserted:] also pronounced * فلكة : (O, K:) the pl. [of the former] is فَنَكُ for rather this is a quasi-pl. n.] and [that of the latter sing. is] . (TA.) _ And A thing that is made round, or hemispherical,

the K,) like the فَنْكُمْ of the spindle, of coarse hair (هُلُب), then the tongue of the young unweaned camel is perforated, [and this thing is inserted into it, (see 2, and see also 4 in art. ,)] in order that he may be prevented from sucking. (K. [For فَتَخْرِقُ لِسانَ الفَصِيلِ in the CK, I read as in other copies of the K, فَيُخْرَقُ لِسَانُ الفَصِيلِ and in the TA: after these words, the copies of the K have فَيَعْضُدُ به, app. a mistranscription for some phrase meaning فَيَجِعَلُ فِيه, which is necessary to complete the explanation.]) _ And An [eminence such as is termed] أَكُمَةُ [formed] of one mass of stone; (K, TA;) accord to ISh, [of] the smaller of the [eminences termed] إكام, compact in its head, as though this were the فَنْكُمْ of a spindle, not giving growth to anything, in height of the measure of two spears or a spear and a half. (TA.) _ See also \$\displays \text{, near the end, in two places. __ Also Anything circular. (K.) __ And [particularly] The joint [or cartilaginous dish] between the two vertebræ [i. e. between any one of the vertebræ and that next to it] of the camel: (K, TA:) and the pl. [or rather quasi-pl. n.] thereof, in this sense and in the last two of the senses following, is فَنَكُ (TA.) __ [And -sig فَلْكُمُةُ الرُّكْبَةِ (; فَلِكُ signifying the patella: so in the present day.] ___ And The small thing (الهُنَةُ [app. the foramen cæcum, from its round form, for, though the TA adds the epithet النَّاهُيَّة, which means "rising," I think that this addition may be conjectural,]) upon the head of the root of the tongue. (K.) And The side of the [portion of the breast called the] زور [q.v.], and the part thereof that is round, or circular. (Ķ. [But see بُلْدَة; where it is said that " the فلك of the joj of a horse are six in number:" what they are I have been unable to determine: I incline to think that they may be spiral curls, such as are termed دُوَائـر, pl. of ([.دائرة

see غُلْكُةُ , first sentence.

near the end. فَلَكُ see

see فُلْكُ, last sentence but one.

as meaning فَلَك of, or relating to, the فَلَك the celestial sphere. _ And] One who occupies himself [as an astronomer, or astrologer] with the science of the stars. (TA.)

dim. of فُلُكُ, which is sometimes fem. when used as a sing. as well as when used as a pl.,] A small ship: the vulgar say فلوكة [i. e. whence the Italian "feluca"]. (TA.)

A girl whose breast is becoming مُعَلَّكُ * and round, (K, TA,) like the alie [or whirl (of a spindle)]. (TA.) [And the former is also applied' as an epithet to the breast: for] AA says that (ثدى is applied to breasts (ثدى that are less than such as are termed نَوَاهدُ. (TA.)

or baker's rolling-pin : see أَيُلْكُونُ the latter word] : (O, K, TA : [in the CK, السُّويقُ is erroneously put for الشُّوبَقُ]) Az holds both of these words to be arabicized. (O.) - And (TA) The بَرُدِيّ [or papyrus]. (Ş; and Ķ in art. نلكن.) = And Tar, or pitch; syn. قار, or يُغْتُ, or يُؤْتُ. (K in art. قُوسُ فَيْلَكُونُ And قُوسُ فَيْلَكُونُ A great bow. (TA in art. فلكن)

,(IAar, وُفَكَك One who goes round about the أَفْلَكُ O, K,) i.e. the hill, or mound, of sand that has around it a wide expanse of land. (IAar, O.)

الإفليكان Two portions of flesh which border, on each side, the iii; (IDrd, O, K;) i.e. they are the غُنْدُبتَانِ [q. v.]. (IDrd, O.)

. فَالكُ see : مُفَلَّكُ

فلن

is a substitute for the proper name of a فُلَانٌ human being, (S, Msb,* K, TA,) i. e. of a male; (S, TA;) and in like manner \$ فَارِنَهُ (Msb. K. TA,) for that of a female; (TA;) each without JI: (Msb:) [the former may be rendered Such a one, or Such a man; and the latter, Such a for other, than الفُلَانَةُ * and الفُلَانَ for other, than a human being, (S, K, TA,) i. e. for a [particular] camel, (Lth, TA,) or for a [particular] beast, as in the saying, رُكِبْتُ الفُلَانَ [I rode such a beast, i. e. such a male beast], and أَعُلُونَةُ الفُلَونَةُ الفُلَونَةُ [I milhed such a beast]: (Msh, TA:) فكرن has no dual nor pl.: (IB, TA:) [but] sometimes one says to a single person, masc., يَا فُلْ; and to two, and in : يَا فُلُونَ , and to a pl. number the fem., يَا فُلَة ; &c.: (K: [see more in art. is of the measure فُلَانْ (: فل and its dim. is * فُلَيْنٌ (TA:) or, as some ; فَعَالٌ say, it is of the measure , فُعْلَانٌ, [originally] وَفُلُوانٌ, [originally] with و rejected, therefore its dim. is و أَنْيَانُ viginally إِنْسَانُ ; (T, L, TA;) like as إِنْسَانُ is [said by some to be] إنْسَبَانُ, of which the ن is rejected, and therefore its dim. is أُنْيُسِيَانُ (T, L.)

see the preceding paragraph.

in three places. وفُلَانَةُ and , فُلَانَةُ

it is rendered in- فُلَانِيُّ the rel. n. of فُلَانِيُّ determinate by the affix &; and by means of the article j, it becomes determinate; therefore you say فَلَانُ الفَلَانِيُ [meaning Such a one, the person named in relation to such a one]. (TA.)

. see فُلَانْ, near the end.

and فَلْهُذُ A boy, or youth, compact in make (حادر), fat, that has nearly attained to puberty; as also أَفُلُودُ * and مُفَلَّمِدُ * (K:) or [i. e. فَلْهُدُ or فَلْهُدُ signifies a fat boy or