have distinctly explained what is in it, of lawful also فَرْض \_ also (T, TA.) فَرْض \_ signifies The act of reading, or reciting. (IAar, O, K.) You say, فَرُضْتُ جُزْلِي I read, or recited, my portion. (O, TA.) = , فَرُضُ inf. n. فَرُضً He was, or became, skilled in the فَرَائض ; (A, O, Ik, TA;) i. e. in the science of the division of inheritances. (TA.) MF says that, accord. to IKtt, the verb is also written فَرُضَ, like تُتَبُ : but [says SM] what I find in his "Kitáb el-Abniyeh" is the mention of the two modes of writing in the instance of فرضت said of a cow; and the verb applied to a man he has not mentioned. (TA.) = ثَرْضَتْ , aor. ب , inf. n. فُرُضَتْ , and , فَرُضَتْ , inf. n. ; She (a cow) became old, aged, far advanced in age, (S, O, K,) or extremely old. (TA.) And فُرُوفٌ, inf. n. فُرُوفٌ, signifies It (a thing) became wide; it widened, or dilated. (TA.)

2: see 1, first sentence: and again, in the last quarter of the paragraph. فرّض inf. n. وُرِّف inf. n. وُرِّف said of a man, He had a فَرِيضَة [to give from] among his camels. (O, K.)

4. أَفْرَضَت الْجَاشِيَة : see 1, latter part of the first half of the paragraph. = أَفْرَضَت الْهَاشِيَة The beasts amounted to the number which rendered it obligatory on the owner to give from among them a فَريضَة (S, O, K.\*)

8. افترضه : see 1, first sentence. افترضه المربع في افترضه : see 1, first sentence. افترضه المربع في المربع و المربع و

A mark [made by notching, or otherwise; as is shown by the first explanation of 1]: (TA:) a notch, or an incision, in a thing: (O, TA:) of a bow, (S, A, K,) the place of the string; (K;) the notch (S, A, O) in the curved extremity thereof, (A,) into which the string falls; (S, O;) as also پُوْضَةٌ (A, TA;) or this is the place of the notch for the string thereof: (Msb:) pl. of the former فَرُوفْ (Ṣ, O, Ķ) and وُرَافْ ; (TA;) and of the latter فَرَثُ (Msb, TA) and : فَرَاثُ (A,) the notch; (K;) or the place, or part, whence the fire is produced; (S, K;) the hole, or perforation, that is made in the head thereof, into which is put, and then twisted round, in producing fire; also called وُحُونُ (A;) and أَوْضُونُ أَنْ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ signifies the same: (TA:) and فُرَضُ also signifies notches in an unfeathered and headless arrow [such as is used in the game called المُيسر]. (TA.) = I. q. مفروف (A, Msb, K) [Apportioned: appointed: made lamful, or allowable: and] a thing made obligatory, or binding, by God; (S, A, O, K;) for neglecting which one will be punished; like ; accord. to Esh-

Sháfi'ee; (TA in art. وجب;) because it has marks and limits; (S, O, TA;) said to be from the same word signifying "a mark," because it inseparably pertains to a man, like a mark; (TA;) or, as some say, because it necessarily pertains to a man like as does the فَرْض, i.e. notch, to the arrow ; (O, TA ;) as also و مفترض \* (TA:) pl. فُرُوفْ (Mab.) As a law-term, it is of two sorts, فَرْضُ عَيْنِ and فَرْضُ عَيْنِ the former is That whereof the observance is obligatory on every one, and does not become of no force in respect of some in consequence of the observance [thereof] by some [others]; as religious belief. and the like: the latter is That whereof the observance is obligatory on the collective body of the Muslims, and, in consequence of the observance [thereof] by some, becomes of no force in respect of the rest; as warring against unbelievers, and the prayer over the dead in the bier. (KT.) You say, مُفْرُونٌ لا and المذا أَمْرُ فَرْضٌ عَلَيْهِمْ, and this is [a thing] made obligatory, or binding, on them by God. (TA.) And , Thy right, or مُفْتَرَضٌ \$ and , مَفْرُوضٌ \$ due, is [a thing] made obligatory, or binding, by God. (A.) أَضيبًا مَفْرُوضًا للهِ, in the Kur [iv. 8 and 118], means A share, or portion, determined, defined, or limited, as to time, or otherwise: (Zj, Ibn-Arafeh:) or, in iv. 118, a share, or portion, cut off and limited. (S, O.) [See also فَرِيضَةُ.] A statute, an ordinance, a command or prohibition, of the Apostle of God; syn. سُنَّة. (IAar, O, K.) [But فَرْضُ is generally distinguished from : the former, for instance, being applied to prayer appointed in the Kur-án; and the latter, to prayer appointed by Mohammad without allegation of a divine order.] \_\_ A gift, or a soldier's stipend or pay, syn. عُطَيَّة , (A,) or عُطَانًا, (S, O, K,) assigned, or appointed. (S, O, K. ) In the copies of the K, مُوسُومَة is put by mistake for مَوْسُومَة (TA.) You say, مَا أُصَبْتُ منْهُ فَرْضًا وَلَا قَرْضًا إِلَا عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ال not obtain from him an assigned, or appointed, gift, or soldier's stipend, (S, O, TA,) nor a gift to be requited, or a loan. (O, TA.) And فَرْضُ also signifies A thing which one makes obligatory, or binding, on himself, and freely gives: or a thing which one gives liberally, not for a recompense. (IDrd, O, K.) = Also Soldiers who receive stipends: (K:) so accord. to Lth, as related by Az; but [Sgh says] I have not found it in the book of Lth: (O:) or soldiers having definite portions assigned to them : (A:) pl. فُرُوضْ. (A, TA.) You He has with him a عنده مائة من الفرض say, hundred soldiers &c. (A.) = A shield. (S, O, K.) Şakhr-el-Ghei says, describing lightning, (O, TA,) likening it to a light shield which an announcer of tidings was turning over and over with his hands that a party might see it and be gladdened [by the signal], (TA,)

أَرِقْتُ لَهُ مِثْلَ لَمْعِ البَشِيرِ يُقَلِّبُ بِالكَفِّ فَرْضًا خَفِيفَا

[I was sleepless by reason of it, it being (in its

flickering) like the signalling of the announcer of tidings turning over and over with the hand a light shield]: one should not say قُرْصًا خفيفا. (ق. O, TA: but my copies of the S have instead of يُقَلَّبُ.) [See also what follows.] \_ And A thus [it means] : غود stick, or piece of mood; syn. in the verse (في البيت) accord. to El-Jumahee, (O, TA,) i.e. in the verse above-cited: (TA:) he says, الفَرْضُ في البَيْتِ عُودٌ (O, TA:) whence the author of the K has been misled to explain (TA.) عُودٌ منْ أَعْوَاد البَيْت as meaning الفَرْضُ \_ And An arrow before it has been furnished with feathers and a head: (Akh, S, O, TA:) a meaning also heard by El-Jumahee: (O, TA:) and to this, in the hand of the player, 'Abeed El-Abras has likened lightning, accord to the S; but Sgh says, in the TS, that he did not find the verse cited by J in the poetry of 'Abeed. (TA.) And A piece of rag: another explanation heard by El-Jumahee. (O.) \_ And A garment, or piece of cloth: (O, K:) a meaning mentioned by As on the authority of some one or more of the Arabs of the desert, of Hudheyl. (O.) [See also فَرَاضُ.] \_\_ And it is said that in the verse cited above it means the notch in the زند [or rather زُنْدة, mentioned in the first sentence of this paragraph]. (O, TA.) = A sort of dates (S, O, Msb, K) of 'Omán: (Msb:) As says that the best dates of 'Oman are these and the : بَلْعَق : (S, O:) and AHn says, Certain of the desert-Arabs of 'Omán informed me that when the tree thereof has its fruit ripened, and the gathering is delayed, the fruit falls from its stones, and the raceme remains with nothing upon it but stones by which they are attached] ثُفَارِيق hanging to the to the ends of the stalks]. (TA.)

The fruit of the دُوم [or Theban palm] فرض while continuing red. (AA, O, K.)

first sentence, in two places. فُرْضُةٌ - A gap, or an opening, in a wall and the like: pl. فُرض. (Msb.) \_ A gap, or breach, in the bank of a river, (S, Mgh, O, Msb, K,) whence one draws water, (S, O, K,) or by which one descends to the water, (Mgh, Msb,) and by which the ships, or boats, ascend; (Msb;) i.e. (Mgh) its مُشْرَعَة : (As, A, Mgh:) pl., in this and the following senses, فَرَافُ (TA) and فَرَافُ (A, TA.) Hence the saying, in a trad., فَأَجْعَلُوا السُّيُوفَ † Therefore make ye the swords to be [here used in the sense of means of access] to death; (O, TA;) and offer, or expose, yourselves to martyrdom. (TA.) Hence also, فرَاض is used in the sense of ثُغُور [pl. of ثُغُور q. v.]. (TA.) - Of a sea, or great river, The place where ships unload ; syn. مَحَطُّ السَّفُن : (Ṣ, O, K:) or where they are stationed, near the bank of a river, or near the land. (Mgh.) \_ Of a receptacle for ink, The place of the ink. (S, O, K.) or piece of mood in نَجْرَان Of a door, The which is the foot; i. e. upon which turns the foot]. (S, O, K.) - Of a mountain, A part sloping down