A male ostrich which [they assert, like as they say of the domestic cock, (see عُقْرُ,]) lays one egg. (TA.)

أفَافَ [app. an inf. n., of which the verb is , sec. pers. بُرُّةُ , sec. pers. أبُّهُ , sec. pers. أبُّهُ , The state of being unripe, or not sufficiently cooked. (TA.) — See also عُمْهُ , in two places.

The stem (عُود) of the raceme of a palm-tree: mentioned by ISd; and held by him to be of the measure فَعُلَانْ because this is more common than the measure فَعُلَانْ. (TA.)

. فَجُفَاجٌ see : فُجُفُجٌ and فَجُفَجٌ

Loquacity, or much talking: or frivolous babbling: or much talking, and boasting of abundance which one does not possess: or clamouring: or great and disorderly talking. (TA.)

applied to a man, Loquacious; a great talker: (S:) or a frivolous babbler: (TA:) or, as also فخفاف (O, K) and فخفف (K) and فخفف, (O, but there written فخفف,) a great talker, who boasts of abundance which he does not possess: (O, K:) or clamourous: or a great and disorderly talker: fem. with 5. (TA.) The poet Aboo-'Arim El-Kilábee applies the first of these epithets to palm-trees (نخيل) [as meaning + Promising much fruit, but not fulfilling the promise]. (L, TA.)

: see the next preceding paragraph.

A man having his legs wide apart; who straddles; (Ṣ, O, L, K, TA;) as also أَخُبُ (L, TA;) [and أَخُبُ (L, TA;) [and أَخُبُ (L, TA;) [and أَخُبُ (L, TA;) [and أَخُبُ (L, TA;)] one says his legs wide apart, or straddling: (Ṣ, A, K:) or أَخُبُ (Signifies having his thighs wide apart. (IAar, TA.) — And قُوسُ أَمُ A bow of which the curved ends are clevated so that its string is distant from the part where it is grasped by the hand: (L:) or of which the string is distant from its عَنُوسُ فَجُواً (Ṣ, O, K;) as also أَخُفُ (A, O, K:) and so أَخُوسُ فَجُواً (Ṣ, O.)

A valley: (O, K:) or a wide valley: (K:) or a narrow and deep valley, (IDrd, O, K,) in the dial. of the people of El-Yemen, but others apply this appellation to any valley. (O.)

مُفَجُّ السَّاقَيْنِ A solid أَفَجُ see مُفَجُّ السَّاقَيْنِ A solid hoof that is round like a cupola, syn. رُمُقَبَّ , (Ṣ, O, Ķ, TA,) [and] hard: (TA:) such is approved. (Ṣ, O.)

أُفَحُّ see : مُفَاجُّ

see أَرْضَ مُنْفَجَّةُ ... أَفَجُ see أَرْضَ مُنْفَجَّةُ ... أَفَجُ see أَرْضَ مُنْفَجَّةُ ... أَفَجُ see أَرْضَ مُنْفَجَّةُ ... fround, or earth, that is cleft [app. with the plough, in a manner not approved; see 1, near the end]. (TA.)

1. فَجَأَهُ (S, Mgh, O, Msb, K,) and وَجَنَّهُ (S, O, Msb, K,) the former of which is the more chaste, (TA,) aor. :, (Mgh, Msb, K,) inf. n. (S, O, K,) or this is a simple subst., (Msb,) and , فَجُأَةٌ ♦ (K, TA,) or , فَجُأَةٌ ♦ (so accord. to the CK, and Ham p. 44,) or this last also is a simple subst.; (Meb;) and فاجأه و (S, Mgh, O, Meb, (S, O, Mab) and فَجَاةً (S, O, Mab) فَجَاةً and افتجاه ; (K;) It (an affair, or event, S, O, Msb) came upon him, or happened to him, suddenly, or at unawares, (Mgh, K, TA,) unexpectedly, (Mgh,) without his having knowledge of it, (Mgh, TA,) or without any previous cause; (TA;) or hastily ; syn. عاجله : (Msb:) [it surprised him ; or took him by surprise:] and [in like manner] one says, فَجَأْتُهُ, and وَجَثُّتُ الرَّجُلَ, meaning I came upon the man suddenly, or at unawares. (Msb.) _ And وَجَا الهَوْأَةُ (O, K,) aor. :, inf. n. (TA,) He compressed the woman. (O, K..) . (K,) inf. n. (K,) aor. عَجِئَت النَّاقَةُ (I Amb, O, K,) aor. أَجِئَت النَّاقَةُ (IAmb, O,) The she-camel became big in her belly. (IAmb, O, K.) _ And فَهُ is said in the

3: see above, first sentence. — [Hence,] فُوجِئ He was tahen away by a sudden death; he died suddenly. (Ş in art. فوت.)

A to be syn. with زَادُ [It increased, &c.]. (TA.)

4. افحا He found, or lighted on, [or surprised,] his friend doing a disgraceful thing. (IAar, TA.)

8: see 1, first sentence.

see 1, first sentence: __ and see also what here follows.

: see 1, first sentence. — Also A sudden, or an unexpected, event; a thing that comes upon one suddenly, or at unawares. (K, TA.) Hence, وَوْتُ الْفُجَاءُ [Sudden death]: written by some الْفُجَاءُ أَلَى , as an inf. n. of unity. (TA.)

المُفَاجِئ The lion. (Ṣgh, in his tract on the names of the lion; and Ķ.)

فجر

1. فَجُر , aor. ع , (T, L, Msb,) inf. n. فَجَر , (T, Mgh, L, Msb,) He clave, [a thing]; cut, or divided, [it] lengthwise: this is the primary signification, whence several others, to be mentioned below, are derived: (T, L:) he clave, and opened. (Mgh.) He clave, or cut, a subterranean channel for water. (Msb.) He broke open a dam of a river or the like, that the water might break, burst, or pour, through. (T, L.) _ And فجر الهاء , (S, Mgh, O, Msb, K,) aor. and inf. n. as above; (S, (O,TA;) تَفْجِير (O,TA;) وَتُوْمِير (O,TA;) but the latter is with teshdeed to denote muchness, or frequency, or repetition, of the action, or its application to many objects; (S, O, TA;) He opened a way, passage, vent, or channel, for the water to flow forth; gave vent to it; vented it: (S, Mgh, O, Msb:) he made the water to flow,

run, or stream: (K:) and in like manner, blood, or other fluid. (TA.) [See also 4.] مُجَرُ عدر , aor. -, inf. n. فَجُور, (S, O, Mab, K, &c.,) He, or it, inclined; leant; declined; or deviated. (S, O, TA.) You say, فَجَرَ الرَّاكَبُ, (K,) aor. as above, (TA,) and so the inf. n., (K,) ! The rider leant, or declined, from his saddle. (K.) - [Hence,] He declined, or deviated, from the truth; (K, TA;) as also افجر (IAar, O, K.) _ And He erred in answering, or replying. (El-Muarrij.) ___ Hence also, (S,) He lied; (S, O, Msb, K;) said of a swearer; (Msb;) as also افجر (IAar, O, K:) in this sense the former has also فُجُرُ for an inf. n., as well as فُجُور: (TA:) he committed a foul deed; such as swearing a false oath, or lying; in which sense also it has both of these inf. ns. (TA.) -He committed an unlawful action: (ISh:) [or, as it is generally explained, and most frequently used,] he acted vitiously, immorally, unrighteously, sinfully, or wickedly; he transgressed; went forth from, departed from, or quitted, the way of truth, or the right way; forsook, relinquished, or neglected, the command of God; departed from obedience; disobeyed; syn. فَسَقَى; (S, Mgh, O, Mab, K;) and عَصَى (Mgh, K) and : خَالَفَ (K:) and [in like manner] باجرة, inf. n. مَفَاجُرة and he did that which was vitious, immoral, unrighteous, sinful, or wicked. (R, TA.) In the sense of عصم (Mgh, O, TA) and خالف (O, TA) it is also trans. : you say فَجَرَه, meaning He disobeyed him; (Mgh, O, TA;) he opposed him. (O, TA.) _ He launched forth into acts of disobedience; in which sense it has both of the inf. ns. mentioned above; (K, TA;) and is [said to be] in the first of the significations expl. above. (TA.) - He disbelieved; syn. فجر (TA;) as also افجر (IAar, O, K:) and he dishelieved in it; syn. ڪَذَب. (O, K...) The following passage of the Kur, بلل يريد أَرُّ نُسَانُ لَيَفْجُرَ أَمَامَهُ, [lxxv. 5], is said to mean, [But man desireth, or nay, doth man desire,] to disbelieve in that which is before him, [or that which is to come,] namely, the resurrection and reckoning and retribution: (O, TA:) or to continue in his فجور [i.e. vice, immorality, wickedness, unrighteousness, or the like,] in the time to come: (Bd:) or to go on therein undeviatingly: (El-Hasan El-Basree, O:) or to defer repentance, and to do evil deeds first: (O, TA:) or to multiply sins, and to postpone repentance: or to say I will repent at a future time. (TA.) - He did, or committed, an action inducing doubt, or suspicion or evil opinion, or doubt combined with suspicion or evil opinion. (IKtt, TA.) _ He committed adultery, or fornication; (Msb, K;) in which sense it has both of the inf. ns. mentioned above; (K;) and افجر signifies the same; (IAar, K ;) and, this latter, he committed an act, or acts, of disobedience with his genital member. (IAar, TA.) You say فَجَرُ بِٱلْمُرَاة He committed adultery, or fornication, with the woman: and The woman committed adultery, or فَجَرَت ٱلْمَرْأَةُ fornication. (TA.) - He pursued a headlong, or rash, or random, course, and went away, not caring whither. (El-Muärrij.) __ فيجر أمرهم