intrans., and signifies | He (a man, Ibn-'Abbad) alighted, or alighted and abode, in a rough, or rugged, tract of land. (Ibn-'Abbad, K.) __ اغلظ (Ṣ, Mgh, Mab, K) ‡ He was, or became, rough, harsh, coarse, rude, uncivil, or ungentle, to him in speech: (Mgh, Msb, K:) one should not say غَلْظ. (TA.)

5: see 1, near the end.

He استغلظه = see 1, in three places. saw it to be, regarded it as, or esteemed it, thick, gross, big, bulky, or coarse. (Msb.) He abstained from purchasing it (namely a garment, or piece of cloth, S) because of its thickness, or coarseness. (S, K.)

Rough, or rugged, land or ground; (ISd, K;) mentioned on the authority of Ibn-'Abbad; and by AHn, on the authority of En-Nadr; but it has been repudiated: and is said to be correctly ISd says, of the former word, "I know غلظ : not whether it be [properly] syn. with غُليظ , or whether it be an inf. n. used as an epithet:" accord. to Kr, it signifies hard land without stones: Ks says that غَلْظُ is syn. with المُعْلَقُ stones: اللهُ عَلَظُ stones: كَالْظُ اللهُ عَلَيْكُ اللهُ عَلِيهُ عَلَيْكُ اللهُ عَلِيهُ عَلَيْكُ اللهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ اللهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ اللهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلِيْكُ عَلِيْكُ عَلِيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلِيْكُ عَلِيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلِيْكُ عَلِي عَلَيْكُ عَلِيْكُ عَلِيْكُ عَلِيْكُ عَلِي (TA.)

غَلْظُ: [see 1: __ and] see غُلْظُ; in two places.

see what next follows.

and المُغَلَّغُ and عُلْظُةً and عُلْظُةً : see 1 : these three forms are mentioned by Zj, (TA,) and in the Bári', (Msb, TA,) on the authority of IAar, (Msb,) and by Sgh; but the first of them [only] is commonly known: (TA:) they are substs. from غُلْظ ; and signify Thickness, grossness, bigness, bulkiness, or coarseness. (Msb.) [And Roughness, or ruggedness.] _ Also ‡ Contr. of زقة, in manners, disposition, action or conduct, speech, life, and the like; (TA;) i. e. roughness, coarseness, rudeness, unkindness, hardness, churlishness, incivility, surliness, roughness in manners, hardness to deal with, incompliance, unobsequiousness, evilness of disposition, illnature, or the like: (S, Msb:*) and in like manner, hardness, or difficulty, of an affair. (TA, as shown by an explanation of غُليظُ.) You say, غَلْظُهُ إِجُلُ فِيهِ غِلْظُهُ A man in whom is roughness, coarseness, rudeness, &c.; (S, Msb;*) as also المُعْلَقُة. (ج.) And it is said in the Kur [ix. 124], غَلْظَةُ (ix. 124], أَيْجِدُوا فِيكُمْ غَلْظَةُ word is pronounced in the three different ways shown above, accord. to different readers; meaning [[And let them find in you] hardness, or strength, or vehemence, and superiority in fight: (TA:) or hardness, or strength, or vehemence, and patient endurance of fight: (Bd:) or hardness, or strength, or vehemence, in enmity and in fight and in making captives. (Mgh.) And you say, يَنْهُمَا غَلْظُة Between them two is enmity, or hostility ; as also أمغَالظَةُ (IDrd, K.)

غُلُاظ: see what next follows.

(S, &c.) Thick, gross, big, bulky, or

fem. of the former with 3: (TA:) and pl. غَلَاظً. (Msb, TA.) Applied [to a body, &c.; and, as meaning Thick, or coarse,] to a garment, or piece of cloth. (Mgh, K.) You say also, أَرْضُ غَليظَةً Rough, or rugged, land. (ISd, TA.) [And in is used in غليظ , is used in relation to various things.] - Applied to a colour [Dense, or deep : see - . (K in art. .) _ Also, applied to a man, ‡ Characterized by غَلْظَة, the contr. of رقة, in manners, disposition, action or conduct, speech, life, and the like; rough, coarse, rude, unkind, hard, churlish, uncivil, surly, rough in manners, hard to deal with incompliant, unobsequious, evil in disposition, illnatured, or the like: (Msb,* TA:) and so غُليظُ (O and K in : لَيِّنُ الجَانِبِ contr. of : الجَانِبِ art. غليظ القلب and غليظ القلب hard-hearted ; (Bd in iii. 153;) evil in disposition, or illnatured. (TA.) Applied also to an affair, meaning ! Hard, or difficult. (TA.) And to punishment, [in the Kur xi. 61, &c.,] meaning ! Vehement, or severe; (Mgh;) intensely painful. (Msb.) And [in like manner] to slaying and wounding. (TA.) And to a compact, or covenant, [in the Kur iv. 25, &c.,] meaning ! Strong, confirmed, or ratified. (Mgh, TA.) And to water, meaning ‡ Bitter. (TA.)

غَلْظَةُ see 1, first sentence; and غُلْظَةً.

in غَلَظٌ comparative and superlative of أَغْلُظُ all its senses]. (IJ.)

إ A bloodwit, or fine for bloodshed, ويَةٌ مُغَلَّظُةٌ made hard, rigorous, or severe; one which is incumbent for what is like an intentional homicide; (S;) or for a homicide purely intentional, and for that which is intentional but committed in mistake, and for that which is committed in the sacred territory, and for the slaughter of a kinsman; (Esh-Sháfi'ee;) consisting of thirty camels of the description termed and thirty of that termed بَازِل and the ثُنِيَّة and forty between the جُدُعَة all pregnant. (Esh-Sháfi'ee, K.) And يُمين † [An oath made strong or forcible, or : العَوْرَةُ المُغَلَّظُةُ _ (S.) _ : العَوْرَةُ المُغَلَّظُةُ

[The thick part of the fore arm]. مُسْتَغْلُظُ الذِّرَاعِ

غلف

1. غُلُفَ, (Ṣ, O, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. -, (Mṣb,) inf. n. , (O, Msb, TA,) He put a bottle, or flask, (S, O, K, TA,) or a knife, (Msb,) &c., (TA,) into a غُلُاف [q. v.]; (S, O, Msb, K, TA;) as also اغْلُوْف , (Ṣ, Mṣb,) inf. n. إغْلَاف ; (Mṣb;) or inf. n. غلّف, inf. n. غلّف: (K, TA:) or ♥ the second signifies, (Msb,) or signifies also, (S,) he furnished it with a غلّف; (Ṣ, Mṣb;) or ♦ غلّاف signifies thus: (TA:) أَغْلَفْتُ * القَارُورَةَ is said by Lth to be from الغَلَافُ and so أَغَلَّفْتُهَا , inf. n. الغَلَافُ (O.) _ And accord. to Lth, (O,) one says, غَلَفَ coarse; (Mgh, Msb, K;) as also أَغُلَاظًا (K:) عُكَرُطًا (Ş, Mgh, O, Msb,) aor. -, (Msb,) (TA.)

inf. n. غُلْف, (S,) meaning He daubed, or smeared, his beard with [the perfume called] غالية [q. v.], (Mgh, TA,) and likewise with other perfume, and with عَلَّهُمَا ♦ (TA;) and غَلُّهُمَا • (Mgh, TA;) but accord. to IDrd, the vulgar say so: (O, Msb, TA:) he says that the correct phrase is غَلَاها (Mgh, O, Mab, TA) بالغالية, (O,) and غُلُّلُهَا: (Mgh, O, Msb:) in a trad. of 'Aisheh, however, occurs as meaning I كُنْتُ أُغَلِّفُ لا لِحْيَةَ رَسُولِ ٱللهِ used to daub, or smear, the beard of the Apostle of God with غالية, doing so abundantly : (TA :) and one says, of a man, تغلّف (Lth, Th, S, O, TA) (Th, TA) [i. e. وَسَائِر الطَّيبِ (Th, S, TA) بالغَاليَة He daubed, or smeared, himself, or his beard, with all and the other sorts of perfume]; and من (Lth, O, TA) اغتلف الله (Lth, O, TA) (Lth, O) or من الطّيب: (TA:) but accord. to the saying of IDrd [mentioned above], these are wrong, and should be only تَغَلَّلُ and رَبَغَلَّلُ are and اغْتَلَى and اغْتَلَى: (O:) or, accord. to Ibn-El-Faraj, one says تغلّف لل when it is external; and تغلّل بها when it is internal, at the roots of the hair. (O, TA. [See also 2 in art. غَلْف.]) = غَلْف, aor. -, inf. n. غَلْف, He was uncircumcised. (Msb.)

2: see 1, first sentence, in three places. You say also, غَلَاف apon, or to, غَلَاف [I put a غَلَاف upon, or to, the horse's saddle] and الرَّحْل [the camel's saddle: see also its pass. part. n., below]. (O.) _ And [q.v.] covers the head. الحنَّاءَ يُغَلِّفُ الرَّأْسَ (Mgh.) See also 1, second sentence, in two

4: see 1, first sentence, in three places.

5. تغلّف, said of a رَحْل [or camel's saddle, (in some copies of the K erroneously رُجُل,) and in ike manner of other things], It had a غُلَاف [q. v.], (K, TA,) of leather or the like; (TA;) as also اغتلف (K, TA. [See 2, of which the former is quasi-pass.]) _ See also 1, latter half, in two places.

8: see 5: __ and see also 1, last quarter.

A species of trees, (S, O, K, TA,) with which one tans, (TA,) like [accord. to some meaning the same as] the غُرُف [q. v.]: (S, O, K, TA:) some say that one does not tan therewith unless together with the عُرف. (TA.)

inf. n. of غَلْفُ [q. v.]: (Msb:) [as a simple subst.,] The state of being uncircumcised. (S, O, K.) _ [Also, of the heart, + The state of being أَغْلُف: so, app., accord. to the TA: in the L written غُلُفة.] _ And + Ample abundance of herbage, or of the goods, conveniences, or comforts, of life. (TA.)

A certain plant, which is eaten, peculiarly, by the apes, or monkeys: mentioned by AHn.