عوق
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عَاقَهُ having for its aor.] is syn. ; ( O and $\mathbb{K}$ K
 (K;) and "اعاقهُ [if not a mistranscription for

 hindered, prevented, impeded, or nithheld, him; (Ṣ, O, Msb, K, TA ;) turned him back or away; retarded him; or diverted him by occupying him othervise; (S, O, K, TA ;) (from such a thing]; (S, O, TA;) and عَنِ الوَجْهِ الَّذِى أَراءَهُ [from the course that he desirea' to pursue]. (TA.) [Accord. to the $S$ and $O$ and $K$, the first is syn. with ${ }^{\text {When }}$, and so is the last accord. to IJ and the TA, as is the second accord. to the SS and $O$, and so app. are this and the fourth accord. to the K ; and accord. to the S and O and K and TA, the fourth is syn. with ${ }^{\text {a }}$, as are also the first and second accord. to the $K$ and TA : accord. to the Mspb, the first and third and


 (O,K,) means She did not cleave, or stich, to the heart of her husband; (S., O, K, TA;) to which IKṭt adds, and did not hinder him from separating himself from her, or marryiny another: and some say that it means she nas not happy with her husband; near to his heart; in favour with him, or beloved by him: and some, that عَاقَت is an iraitative adjunct to ,لَّقَتْ , because the latter signifies لَصقَتْ. (TA.)

## 2: see the first sentence above.

4. اعَاعْقَ بِىَ الدَابَّةُ $=$ or الزَّاًُ, The beast, or the travelling-provision, [by failing me,] disabled me from prosecuting my
 And أعوْ غَنْي It caused me to be in difficulty (أَعْصَنْن) , so that I was unable to accomplish it. (Ibn-A Abád, O.)
5. . He became hindered, prevented, impeded, withheld, turned back or away, retarded, or diverted by being occupied othernise ; عَنْ أَمرٍ from an affair;] syn. تَبَّبَّ see 1, first sentence.
6. اعتاقهُ : see 1, first sentence. $=$ [Accord. to Freytag, اعتاق also signifies He was detained, or retained, (retentus fuit,) with, or at the abode of, any one: and he was bound.]
, (thus in copies of the $\underset{\text { عَاقٌ عَاقٌ, ) or [cor- }}{\text { K, }}$ rectly] عَاتِ عَاتِ, like (Lh, O,) The cry of the cron; ( $\mathrm{Lh}, \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{K}$; ) an imitation thereof. (K.)

قٌ [an inf. n. : and also used as an epithet, signifying] One who hinders, prevents, impedes, \&c., [see 1,] people from that which is good; as also $\$$ ha
 —And see عؤُ. Also A place of bending, or inclining, of a valley, to the right or left. ( $(\mathbf{O}, \mathrm{K}$.
 [That will not be to the end of time]. (K.)
Bk. I.

A man in whom, ( $\mathbf{O}$ ) or with mhom, (K,
 ring in the saying of Ru-beh,

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 gry: [a meaning indicated, but not expressed, in the $\mathbf{O}$ and K :] you say رُجْلٌ عَوِقُ آِقْ $A$ very hungry man] ; (IAạr, $\mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}$; ) لَوِّ ) being an imitative [and corroborative] sequent. (TA in art. (لوق.)
 which last is from IAar, and is by some written * عَوِقٌ , (TA,) and fet-h, (K,) i. e. with fet-h and teshdeed to the $ى$, (TA, [but in the CK quality of hindering, preventing, impeding, retarding, or diverting by otherwise occupying, (S, $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{TA}$, ) men from that which is good, and his companions, because accidents diverting him from his course prevent his attaining the object of his nant : (TA: [see also عَوْ :]) and ( $0, \mathrm{~K}$ ) IDrd says, $(\mathbf{O},)^{*}$, $(\mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}$,$) thus with tesh-$ deed accord. to El-Arzenee and Aboo-Sahl ElHarawee, applied to a man, ( $O$, ) signifies one who hinders, prevents, impedes, \&c., men from [accomplishing] their affairs : ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$ :) or it signifies, (K,) or signifies also, accord. to IDrd, ( 0, ) a coward, or cowardly; ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathbf{K} ;$ ) in this sense peculiar to the dial. of Hudheyl; ( $\mathrm{O} ;$ ) and so
 thus it means accord. to Aboo-Usámeh, as an
 K) accord. to him (O) is pl. of $\downarrow$ ₹
 affairs cease not to hinder, prevent, impede, \&c., from [accomplishing] the object of his want: and one $n \cdot h o$, when he purposes a thing, does it : ( $\mathbf{K}_{:}$) thus they are expl. by Ibn-'Abbád; as though having two contr. significations. (O.)

عِوتٌ : see frقٌ


عُوْقٌ A sound that issues from the belly of a beast, or horse or the like, when he is going along; ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathbf{K}$;) as also وُوَاقٌ: ( O :) and some say, $a$ sound of anything. (TA.)
عَوِيقً The sound of the sheath of the penis of the horse; as also وَعِيقً. (TA.)
 nify the same; (K, TA;) i.e. [A person, or thing,] hindering, preventing, impeding, withholding, turning back or away, retarding, or diverting by occupying othervise: (TA :) see also عُوْقُ, in

 (TA) [A hinderer or hindrance, or an impeder or impediment, \&c., hindered me, or impeded me, \&c.,] عَنِ الأَمْرِ الَّذِى أرَّرْتُ [from the thing that I desired to do]. (TA.) And عَوَامِقُ اللَّهُر signifies The accidents, or casualties, of time or fortune, that divert [or hinder or impede] by busying or occupying or employing: ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}, \mathbf{T A}:$ ) the former noun being pl. of عَانَعْةُ, or anomalously of -عَوْقٌ (TA.)
عُوَقُقٌ : عُوْ
 It is also used as an imitative sequent: one says
 [app. meaning Very niggardly] : or, as some say, عَيْقِ signifies as expl. voce and is not an imitative sequent. (TA.)

A red [?] bright star in, or on, the right [?] edge of the Milky Way, following, not preceding, الـُّرَرَّاًا [the Pleiades]; rising before [by which may be meant either Orion or Gemini]: (TA :) when it has risen, it is known that الشُرَّيّا has risen : ( 0 :) [it is the well-known name of the star Capella, notwithstanding its being described above as "red," and as in, or on, the "right" of the Milky Way; for Capella, though not now red, has been observed to alter in brightness by astronomers in very recent times; and I think that the word rendered above "right," which is أَئهـن , is probably a mistranscription for , i. i. e. "left:" the description here following plainly indicates Capella :] it is the bright star [ $\alpha$ ] upon the left shoulder of Auriga: that upon the left elbow is العَنْزُ العْز ] [: عَنز
 because it rises therewith at many places: and the star on the right shoulder [i. e. $\beta$ ] with the two upon the ankle-joints [which may be $\theta$ and $\iota$, for the constellation is variously figured,] are called تَوابِعُ العَيُوتِ: (K zw :) it is [said to be] called العيّوق because of its [being regarded as] impeding الدَّبرَان from meeting الشَّرَيَّا (Lth, Az, Ṣ, O,) is originally , عَيْوُوق (S, O,) its medial radical being 9 ; or it may be Az, TA.) One says also, هُذَا عَيوقُ طَالٌا (mean-
 but meaning it to be understood, and therefore leaving the word itself in its former determinate state [without tenween]. (IAạr, TA.)

One who is disappointed of attaining his object [by the failing of his beast or of his
 (Ibn-'Abbád, O, K.) - And Hungry. (IbnAbbád, O, K.)

[^0]
[^0]:    يُعْقُ A certain idol which pertained to the

