having عَاقَهُ for its aor.] is syn.; (O and K in art. عيق ;) and اعتاقه (S, O,) inf. n. إعتاق ; (K;) and Vale! [if not a mistranscription for ; تَعْوِيقَ . Msb,) inf. n. عوقه لا Msb; إاعتاقه (S, O, K;) and V تعوقه; (IJ, TA;) He, or it, hindered, prevented, impeded, or withheld, him; (S, O, Msb, K, TA;) turned him back or away; retarded him; or diverted him by occupying him otherwise ; (S, O, K, TA ;) عَنْ كُذَا a thing] ; (S, O, TA ;) and عَنِ الوَجْهِ الَّذِي أَرَادُهُ [from the course that he desired to pursue]. (TA.) [Accord. to the S and O and K, the first is syn. with and and and so is the last accord. to IJ and the TA, as is the second accord. to the S and O, and so app. are this and the fourth accord. to the K; and accord. to the S and O and K and TA, the fourth is syn. with مُبطَّه, as are also the first and second accord. to the K and TA: accord. to the Msb, the first and third and fourth are syn. with are.] And ale signifies the مًا __ (TA.) .اعتاقه and عوقه and عاقه مَا عَاقَتْ وَلَا or ﴿ إِنَّ مِعَاقَتْ عَنْدَ زُوْجِهَا وَلَا لَاقَتْ رُوْجَهَا, (O, K,) means She did not cleave, or stick, to the heart of her husband; (S, O, K, TA;) to which IKtt adds, and did not hinder him from separating himself from her, or marrying another: and some say that it means she was not happy with her husband; near to his heart; in favour with him, or beloved by him: and some, that عَاقَتْ is an imitative adjunct to رُفَتْ, because the latter signifies لُوفَتْ. (TA.)

2: see the first sentence above.

أُعُونَ بِي الدَّابَّة = see 1, first sentence. اعاقه ! اعاقه or الزَّادُ, The beast, or the travelling-provision, [by failing me,] disabled me from prosecuting my journey; syn. قطع (Ibn-'Abbad, O, K.) _ And أَعُونَ عَنَّى It caused me to be in difficulty (اعوصني), so that I was unable to accomplish it. (Ibn-Abbád, O.)

5. تعوق He became hindered, prevented, impeded, withheld, turned back or away, retarded, or diverted by being occupied otherwise ; [عَنْ أَمْرِ] from an affair ;] syn. تَتْبَعُ (S, O, K.) == : see 1, first sentence.

8. isiel: see 1, first sentence. = [Accord. to Freytag, اعتاق also signifies He was detained, or retained, (retentus fuit,) with, or at the abode of, any one: and he was bound.]

وَاقَ عَاقَ, (thus in copies of the K.) or [correctly] عَاق عَاق , like عَاق عَاق (Lh, O,) The cry of the crow; (Lh, O, K;) an imitation thereof. (K.)

[an inf. n.: and also used as an epithet, signifying] One who hinders, prevents, impedes, &c., [see 1,] people from that which is good; as also عوقة [but app. in an intensive sense]. (K. [See also عَانَتُ , in two places. __ And see .__ Also A place of bending, or inclining, of a valley, to the right or left. (O, K.) _ And Time: so in the saying, الا يكون ذلك اخر [That will not be to the end of time]. (K.) Bk. I.

is no good; (O, K;) as also عوق ; (K;) occurring in the saying of Ru-beh,

فِدَاكَ مِنْهُمْ كُلُّ عَوْق أَصْلَدُ

[May every one of them in whom, or with whom, is no good, who is niggardly, be thy ransom]: . عَاثِقُ XA:) pl. أَعُواقُ . (K.) _ See also

قُوْلُقُ Hunger: (O, K:) like عَوْقُ. (O.)

. Also Hun- عَانَقُ see : عُوقٌ : عَوقٌ gry: [a meaning indicated, but not expressed, in he O and K :] you say رَجُلُ عَوِقُ لُوقٌ A very hungry man] ; (IAar, O, K;) لُوقٌ being an imitative [and corroborative] sequent. (TA in art.

and عُوَقَةً (Ş, O, K) and عُوقَةً (K,) which last is from IAar, and is by some written and عُيَّقُ † this last with عَيَقٌ \$ TA,) and مُوقٌ \$ fet-h, (K,) i. e. with fet-h and teshdeed to the c, (TA, [but in the CK ,]) A man having the quality of hindering, preventing, impeding, retarding, or diverting by otherwise occupying, (S, O, K, TA,) men from that which is good, and his companions, because accidents diverting him from his course prevent his attaining the object of his want: (TA: [see also عُوق :]) and (O, K) IDrd says, (O,) عُونٌ (O, K,) thus with teshdeed accord. to El-Arzenee and Aboo-Sahl El-Harawee, applied to a man, (O,) signifies one who hinders, prevents, impedes, &c., men from [accomplishing] their affairs: (O, K:) or it signifies, (K,) or signifies also, accord. to IDrd, (O,) a coward, or cowardly; (O, K;) in this sense peculiar to the dial. of Hudheyl; (O;) and so is also syn. with * عُوَقٌ and عُوقٌ is also syn. with * عُوقٌ thus it means accord to Aboo-Usameh, as an epithet applied to a man: (O:) and وقق ♦ (O, K) accord. to him (O) is pl. of * عَاثَقُ (O, K:) and عُوَّقٌ and عُوَّقٌ both signify also one whom affairs cease not to hinder, prevent, impede, &c., from [accomplishing] the object of his want: and one who, when he purposes a thing, does it: (K:) thus they are expl. by Ibn-'Abbad; as though having two contr. significations. (O.)

see عُوَقٌ, first signification.

. عَوْقُ see : عَوْقَةُ

see عُوَقَة, first signification.

A sound that issues from the belly of a beast, or horse or the like, when he is going along; (O, K;) as also وعَاقِي: (O:) and some say, a sound of anything. (TA.)

The sound of the sheath of the penis of the horse; as also وعيق (TA.)

all sig- عُوِقٌ * and عُوقٌ * and عُوقٌ * and عَاثِقٌ nify the same; (K, TA;) i.e. [A person, or thing,] hindering, preventing, impeding, withholding, turning back or away, retarding, or diverting by occupying otherwise: (TA:) see also , in

A man in whom, (O,) or with whom, (K,) two places: the pl. of the first is عُوقٌ. (O, K.) عَقَانِي عَاقِ One says, عَاقَنِي عَانِقُ (K, TA) and (TA) [A hinderer or hindrance, or an impeder or impediment, &c., hindered me, or impeded me, &c.,] عَن الأَمْرِ الَّذِي أَرَدْتُ [from the thing that I signifies عَوَاتَى الدَّهُر TA.) And عَوَاتَى الدُّهُر signifies The accidents, or casualties, of time or fortune, that divert [or hinder or impede] by busying or occupying or employing: (S, O, K, TA:) the former noun being pl. of aist, or anomalously of (TA.) عُوْقٌ ♥

: see . in three places.

and عَيْقُ see عُوقٌ, first signification. __ It is also used as an imitative sequent: one says (IAar, TA) ضَيِّقْ عَيِّقْ لَيْقُ مَ (K) or ضَيِّقْ لَيْقٌ عَيِّقْ [app. meaning Very niggardly]: or, as some say, signifies as expl. voce عَوْق, and is not an imitative sequent. (TA.)

العَيْوَقُ A red [?] bright star in, or on, the right [?] edge of the Milky Way, following, not preceding, الثُّرَبُّ [the Pleiades]; rising before by which may be meant either Orion or الجوزاء Gemini]: (TA:) when it has risen, it is known that الثّريّا has risen : (O:) [it is the well-known name of the star Capella, notwithstanding its being described above as "red," and as in, or on, the "right" of the Milky Way; for Capella, though not now red, has been observed to alter in brightness by astronomers in very recent times; and I think that the word rendered above "right," which is أيْهُن, is probably a mistranscription for i. e. "left:" the description here following plainly indicates Capella: it is the bright star [a] upon the left shoulder of Auriga: that upon the left elbow is العنز: the two on the left wrist together with العنَّازُ are called العيُّوق (see : عَنْزُ it is also called the رُقيب [or watcher] of إِلتَّمْرِيًّا because it rises therewith at many places: and the star on the right shoulder [i. e. β] with the two upon the ankle-joints [which may be θ and ι , for the constellation is variously figured,] are called تُوابِعُ العَيُّوقِ: (Kzw:) it is [said to be] because of its [being regarded as] impeding الدَّبَرَان from meeting الدَّبَرَان (TA:) (S, O,) غَيُّووَق (Lth, Az, S, O,) is originally عَيُّوق its medial radical being ; or it may be ي. (Lth, Az, TA.) One says also, هَذَا عَيُّوقُ طَالعًا [meaning This is العَيُّوق rising]; suppressing the إل but meaning it to be understood, and therefore leaving the word itself in its former determinate state [without tenween]. (IAar, TA.)

One who is disappointed of attaining his object [by the failing of his beast or of his travelling-provision: see [أعْوَقُ]; syn. مُخْفُقُ (Ibn-'Abbad, O, K.) - And Hungry. (Ibn-Abbád, O, K.)

A certain idol which pertained to the