of نعم, and بنس but what may not be thus used does not admit of the transferring, though it may be contracted; so that you may say, مُسْنُ الوَّجُهُ and حَسْنَ الوَجْهُ وَجُهُكَ and وَجُهُكَ = (Ş.) قَدْ حُسْنَ الوَجْهُ وَجُهُكَ , but not inf. n. عظم الكأب, He gave the dog a bone to eat; as also اعظم فلاناً . (K.) _ And عظم فلاناً inf. n. عَظمَ فلاناً (K, TA) and عَظمَهُ (TA,) He struck such a one upon his bones. (K, TA.)

2. عظمه ب inf. n. تَعظيم ; and اعظمه ; [He made it great, big, or large : see عظامة . _ And hence,] He magnified, honoured, or treated with respect or reverence or veneration, him, [generally meaning thus, i. e. a person,] or it, (\$, Msb, K,) i. e. an affair. (S.) [One says, فَعَلْتُ كَذَا تَعْظيمًا I did thus for the purpose of rendering honour &c. to him, or it.] __ عظم المطر inf. n. as above, The rain moistened to the measure of the adde [or thick part] of the arm. (TA voce أَسُّلُ [q. v.].) inf. n. as above, He cut up the sheep, or goat, bone by bone. (K.)

4. اعظم as intrans.: see 1, former half. == asis: see 2: _ and 10, in two places. _ One هَالَنِي وَعَظُمَر السَّاسِ meaning أَعْظَمَنِي مَا قُلْتَ , says also, i. e. What thou saidst frightened me, or terrified me, and was grievous, or distressing, in its مَا يَعْظُمُنِي ♥ and (like (كُبُرُ عَلَى)]: and ما if not a mistranscription for الن أفعل ذلك My doing that will مَا يَهُولُنِي meaning إِيعظَهُني not frighten me, or terrify me]. (TA.) = اعظم اکُلُت: see 1, last sentence but one.

5. تعظّم [He made himself to appear great, big, or large: as is indicated by an explanation of the word رفاعة in the S, in art. رفع. __ And hence, IIe magnified himself; or behaved proudly, haughtily, or insolently; as also استعظم ; (S, Msb, K;) [and so العاظم : --- whence one says, both of which occur in رتعاظم عنه and تعظم عنه the K, the former in art. all in explanation of in expla-جل .and the latter in art. تَأْبُهُ عَنْ كُذَا nation of تُجَالُ عنه; both meaning He held himself above it, disdained it, or was disdainful of it.] may be best rendered تُعَظَّمُ الله] and Incomparable in greatness, or majesty, is God.] See also 10.

6. تعاظم as intrans. : see 5, in three places : __ and see عَظْمَة. = [عظمة signifies It was, or became, sie i. e. great, &c., in comparison with it.] One says, مُيْلُ لَا يَتَعَاظَهُمْ شَيْء, meaning [A torrent] in comparison with which nothing will be أَصَابَنَا مَطَرْ لاَ يَتَعَاظَهُهُ شَيْءٌ And أَصَابَنَا مَطَرْ لاَ يَتَعَاظَهُهُ شَيْءً i. e. کُنُهُ عَنْدُهُ [meaning, in like manner, Rain in comparison with which (lit. in juxtaposition to which) nothing will be great fell upon "K, هُذَا أَمْرُ لَا يَتَعَاظَمُهُ شَيْءٌ And هُذَا أَمْرُ لَا يَتَعَاظَمُهُ شَيْءً TA) [This is an affair] in comparison with which nothing will be great. (K, TA.) _ said of an affair, or event, (أمر, Ş, Msb, TA,) signifies (Mab, K, TA) also (K, TA) عظم و [i.e. It places. Bk I.

was, or became, of great magnitude, or moment, or importance; or of great gravity; or (like طُبُرُ عَلَيْه) difficult, hard, severe, grievous, distressing, afflictive, troublesome, or burdensome; in its effect upon him]. (Msb, K, TA.) In a trad., لَا يَتَعَاظَهُنِي زَنْبُ أَنْ , God is related to have said i. e. A عَنْدِي and وَ يَعْظُمُوا عَلَى and أَغْفِرَهُ sin is not difficult, &c., to me to forgive it; like as one says, قَالُو يَكُبُرُ عَلَى and آي and [عندي]. (TA.)

He rechoned it, (S,) or he saw it, or judged it, to be, (Mgh, Msb, K,) عظيم [i. e. great, &c.] ; (S, Mgh, Msb, K;) as also اعظمه (Mgh, K,) which latter is mentioned by ISd, but disapproved by him : one says, المعت خَبْراً فأعظمته [I heard a narration and I judged it to be of great moment, &c.]: (TA:) and تعظّم is thought by ISd to mean he looked upon [a thing] as عظيم. (TA in art. شرف.) _ Also, He took the greater, or main, part of it, (K, TA,) namely, a thing.

[here meaning bone, but properly applied to the bones of the hands and feet, or of the arms and legs,] of an animal, upon which is the flesh : (K :) [dim. مُظَيِّمُ :] pl. [of mult.] عظامة (S, Msb, K) and عظام with ة as characteristic of the fem. gender, (K,) and [of (K, * TA.) _ See also عظامة . pauc.] أعظم (Msb, K.) _ [And app. A portion of a camel slaughtered for distribution in the game called الميسر: Freytag explains it as signifying, in the Deewan of the Hudhalees, "portio animalis mactati in ludo alearum:" and having , فَظَيْمُ ا وَضَّاحٍ or عَظْمُ وَضَّاحٍ ... [.أَعْظُمْ. for its pl. مُطَيْمُ اللهِ is the name of A certain game of the Arabs, (K, TA,) of the children of the Arabs of the desert, (L in art. وضح,) in which they throw in the night a piece of bone, (TA,) or a white bone, (L in art. وضح,) and he who lights upon it overcomes his companions: when one of the two parties overcame, he, or they, used to ride those of the other party from the place in which they found it to the place from which they threw it, saying, adding 0] وَضَّاجٍ ضِحَنَّ اللَّيْلَهُ وَلَا تَضِحَنَّ بَعْدَهَا مِنْ لَيْلَهُ little bone of a thing very apparent, do thou appear to-night, and do not thou appear any night after it]. (TA.) _ عَظْمُ الرَّحْلِ The wood of the [camel's saddle called] رُحل, without إنساع [i. e. the broad, plaited, leathern bands with which it is bound], and without any gear. (S, K.) -The broad board of the plough, (K, TA,) at the head of which is the iron [or share] whereby the earth is cloven : and is a dial. var. thereof. (TA.) ___ is also a dial. var. of signifying A winnowing-fork. (AHn, TA in art. عضم, q. v.) _ And a dial. var. of as signifying The handle, or part that is grasped by the hand, of a bow. (AHn, TA in art. معظم See also معظم.

: see عَظْمَ and see معظم, in three

The main part, or middle, or beaten track, of the road. (K.)

إعظامة : عظمة

Self-magnification, pride, haughtiness, or insolence; (S, Msb, K;) as also عظر (S, K) and عَظَامَةٌ and عَظَامَةُ (K:) as an attribute of a human being, it is [generally] blamable: (Az, K, TA:) [but] one says, لَفُلَانِ عَظْمَةً عِنْدَ meaning To such a one belongs a title to honour, or respect, in the estimation of men; and i. e. إِنَّهُ لَعَظِيمُ المَعَاظِمِ لللهِ likewise : and للهُ تَعَاظُمُ لا Verily he is great in respect of the title that he has to honour, and of the rights that are held in high account; one to whom it is incumbent [on others] to pay regard, or consideration. (TA.) - As an attribute of God, it is not to be ascribed to a human being; (Az, K, TA;) for, in relation to Him [it means Incomparable greatness or majesty, and] it is not to be specified by the ascription of its quality, nor defined, nor likened to anything. (TA.) _ Also The thick part of the fore arm; (S;) the half next the elbow, of the fore arm, in which is the [main] muscle; the half next the hand being called the . (Lh, K.) - And The thich part of the tongue, (K, TA,) above the عظمات __ , which is the root thereof. (TA.) _ عكدة The chiefs, and nobles, of the people, or purty.

pl. of أيور A female that desires great عظمة رَبُّرُ, q. v.]; as also أيْرُ

[in the CK عَظْمِي, but it is a rel. n.,] A pigeon inclining to whiteness; (K, TA;) app. so called in relation to the bone (العظم), by reason of its whiteness. (TA.)

غَظُوتُ: see غُظُونُ, first sentence.

see the next paragraph.

Having the quality denoted by the verb غطم; [i. e. great, big, or large; &c. ;] (S, Msh, K;) as also عظام (S, K, TA) in an intensive sense [i. e. signifying very great &c.], (TA,) and (K, TA) in a more intensive sense than [i. e. signifying very very great &c.] : عظام (TA:) or عظيم signifies esteemed great &c. by another or others; differing from جُبير, which signifies "great &c. in itself:" (El-Fakhr Er-Razee, TA:) or the former is the contr. of ;; [i.e. it signifies of great account or estimation;] is supe-عظیر so صغیر is inferior to عظیر is superior to جُبير; (Ksh and Bd in ii. 6;) and signifies great, or the like, in comparison with other things of its kind: (Bd ibid:) [it may therefore often be rendered huge, enormous, or vast: used metaphorically, as applied to an object of the intellect, it means great in estimation or rank or dignity; and thus as applied to a man: also of great, magnitude or moment or importance: of great gravity: difficult, hard, severe, grievous, distressing, afflictive, troublesome, or burdensome: (see 6:)] and formidable, or terrible. (Bd in