عَضْرَطُ see عُضْرَطُ and see also عُضْرِطُ

عَضُرُوطٌ: see عَضَارِطَةُ and عَضَارِطَةُ: see عُضُرُوطٌ: عَضُرُوطٌ: Also The æsophagus, or gullet, (مَرَى الحَلْقِ) which is the head of the stomach, adherent to the مُلْقُوم, red, oblong, and white in its interior. (Ibn-Abbad, O, K.) — And العَضَارِيطُ signifies [app. The axillary artery with its branches;] the veins that are in the arm-pit, between the two portions of flesh. (Ibn-Abbad, O, K.)

غُضْرُطْ see عُضَارِطْ.

غُضَارِطَى: see عُضَارِطَى, in two places. __ Also A flabby vulva. (K, TA.)

عضرفط

ing thing called عَشْرُفُوطُ , (K,) [i.e.] a small creeping thing called عَشْرُفُو , white, soft, or smooth, to which the fingers of girls are likened, found in the sands, and called by some عَشُوفُ and عَشْفُو . (Lth, O:) or the male of the [species of lizard called] مَظُلُهُ [S, O, K;) and it is (O, K) said to be (O) one of the animals ridden by the jinn, or genii: (O, K:) pl. عَضْرُوطُاتُ and عَضْرُولُ . (Eth, O, K:) dim. عَضْرُولُ and عَضْرُولُ . (S.)

عضل

1. عَضَلُها, (As, S, O, Msb, K,) aor. - and -; (Aṣ, Ṣ, O, Mṣb;) or it is مُثَلَّثُة, (K,) i. e. the aor. is and - and :, the first of which is the most chaste and most known, and the second is mentioned by such as IKtt and ISd, whereas the last is unknown and there is no reason for it: (MF;) or the author of the K may mean by this that the verb is like نَصْرَ and مَالَمُ and مَالَمُ not as one might understand it to mean at first sight; (TA; [but I do not find that any one has mentioned غَضْلٌ ;]) inf. n. عَضْلٌ (Aş, Ṣ, O, Mşb, K) and عَضْلُان and عَضْلُان; (Fr, O, K;) and (TA;) He تَعْضِيلٌ; (TA;) الله عضَّلها ♥ prevented, withheld, or debarred, her from marryin the CK being الزُّوح in the CK a mistake for الزوج,]) wrongfully; (K;) i.e., a woman, (K,) or his husbandless woman, (S, O,) or a woman highly esteemed by him. (Msb.) The primary signification of العَضْل is The act of straitening; (O;) or preventing, withholding, or debarring; and straitening. (Ham p. 466.) ___ عَضَلُتُهُ = . see 4. عَضَلَ بِهِ ح. . see 4. عَضَلَ عَلَيْهِ inf. n. غُضُلُة, I struck his عَضُلُة [i. e. muscle]. (TA.) = عَضلَ (Ṣ, O, Ķ,) aor. -, (Ķ,) inf. n. said of a man, (S, O,) [He was, or became, muscular, musculous, or branny;] he had many (إ) عَضَلات (O, K) [i. e. muscles]: or he was large in the alos [or muscle] of his shank. (K.)

2: see 1, first sentence. __ عُشَل عَلَيْهِ , inf. n. يَضْل عَلَيْهِ ; (Ṣ, O, TA;) or عَضْلُ ۗ عليه , (Ḳ, TA,)

K, TA) in his affair, (S, O,) and intervened as an obstacle between him and that which he desired. (S, O, TA.) عضّل الشّيء __ The thing was, or became, strait. (TA.) _ a Lac, (S, O,) or يَعْضِيلْ .inf. n. عُضَّلَتْ بِوَلَدِهَا (Ķ.) and أَعْضَلَتْ اللهِ; (K;) said of a woman, (S, O, K,) and of a ewe or goat, (S, O,) She had her child, or young one, sticking fast [in her vagina], (S, O, TA,) and not coming forth easily, (S, O,) or so that part of it came forth and part did not, thus remaining: (TA:) or she had difficulty in bringing forth her child, or young one: (K,* TA:) and in like manner one says of a hen (K, TA) ببيضها (TA,) and of others: (K, TA:) عضّات [said of any bird] meaning the egg twisted, or became difficult [to be excluded] in her inside: (TA in art. said of a woman, means ,عضّلت بولدها or (: عصل her child became choked in her vulva, and did not come forth nor go in [or back]: (Aboo-Málik, TA:) and عَضَلَهَا وَلَدُهَا, occurring in a trad., said of a gazelle, means Her young one made her to be such as is termed asais, by sticking fast in her belly, not coming forth. (IAth, TA.) — And [hence,] لَا مُثْلَبُ الْأَرْضُ بِأُهْلُما [thence,] choked with its people, (S, O, K, TA,) by reason of their multitude. (TA.) And عضّل الهُكَانُ ! The place became strait, (K, TA,) with them. (TA.) _ See also 4. _ غَضَّلَت النَّاقَة The she-camel became fatigued in consequence of travelling, and being ridden, and from any work.

4. اعضل It (an affair) was, or became, hard, strait, or difficult, syn. اشتد ; (S, O, Msb;) and as though it were closed against one, syn. اسْتَغْلُقَ. (Ṣ, O.) You say, اعضل به الأُمْر, (K, TA,) and , (TA, عُضَّلُ * به IDrd, O, K,) and عُضُلُ * به and Ham p. 258,) and lack, (K, TA,) The affair was, or became, hard, strait, or difficult, to him, syn. اشتد ; (IDrd, O, K, TA, and Ham ubi suprà;) and as though it were closed against أَعْضَلَني فُلَان And ___ (TA.) ... استغلق .him, syn. (S,) or اعضل بى, (O,) Such a one's affair, or case, wearied me. (S, O.) Hence the phrase, in a trad. of 'Omar, أَعْضَلَ بِي أَهْلُ الْكُوفَة, (O,) i. e. [The people of El-Koofeh have caused that] the means of effecting my object in their affair, or case, have become strait to me, (O, TA,) and the treating them with gentleness has become difficult to me: (TA:) from عُضَالٌ, (O, TA,) as applied to a disease, (O,) or as meaning a "hard," or "difficult," affair, "which one will not undertake," or "[be able to] manage." (TA.) One says of a disease [such as is termed عضال,أعضال , and تَعَضَّلُهُمْ , It overcame the physicians (K, TA,) and nearied them. (TA.) _ See also 2.

5: see the next preceding paragraph.

Q. Q. 4. اعْضَائَت الشَّبَورَة The tree had many branches, and was tangled, or luxuriant, or dense. (Ṣ, Ķ.) But [its part. n.] مُعْضَنَّكُة, applied to branches, in a verse cited by J [in the Ṣ], is said by

inf. n. عَضْلُ ; (TA;) He straitened him (S, O, K, TA) in his affair, (S, O,) and intervened as an obstacle between him and that which he desired.

See Q. Q. 4 in arts. See Q. Q. 4 in arts.

sessing much intelligence or sagacity, or much intelligence mixed with craft and forecast. (IAar, K, TA.) — And Very bad, evil, foul, or unseemly; as also مفضف; (IAar, K, TA;) applied to a thing. (IAar, TA.)

تَضُدُ : see عُضُدُ . = Also, (O, K, TA,) accord. to the context in the S, (K, TA,) and as written in all the copies, (TA,) with damm to the عن but it is only with fet-h to that letter and to the بخر (K, TA,) and thus it is written by IAar and other leading lexicologists, (TA,) The [large species of rat called] عَرُدُ : (S, O, K:) or, accord. to IAar, the male of the عَمْلان . (Aboo-Naṣr, Ṣ, O, K.) [See also عَمْلان .]

عَضْلٌ, (Ṣ, O, K,) and accord. to the K عُضْلٌ, but correctly مُضُلٌ, (TA,) applied to a man, (Ṣ, O,) [Muscular, musculous, or branny;] having many عَضَلَة (Ṣ) or كَفُ (O, K) [i. e. muscles]: or large in the عَضَلَة [or muscle] of his shank. (K) — And عُضُلَة, applied to a woman, Compact in flesh, and unseemly, or devoid of beauty. (TA.) — See also عُضُالٌ.

عُضُلً A calamity, or misfortune: pl. عُضُلً (Ṣ, O, Ķ) and عُضُلً [which latter may be a coll. gen. n.]. (Ķ.) One says, إِنَّهُ لَعُضُلَةٌ مِنَ العُضَلِ Verily it is a calamity of the calamities [meaning a great calamity]. (Ṣ, O.)

aضَلَةُ (Ṣ, O, K) and عضيلة (K) [A muscle; or any of what are termed the voluntary muscles; i.e.] any tendon, or sinew, with which is thick flesh; (K;) or any collected and compact flesh upon a tendon or sinew: and particularly of the shank: (Ṣ, O:) pl. عُضُرُ (Ṣ, O, K,*) [or rather this is a coll. gen. n.,] and [the pl. properly so termed is] عَضَلَاتُ (Ṣ.) = Also the former, accord. to AA, A certain tree resembling the بدفائي which the camels eat, after which they drink water every day: but Az says that he thinks it be عَصَدُ, [n. un. of عَصَلُة , q. v.,] with the unpointed o; and what he says is correct. (O.)

عَضِلُ see عُضُلُّ

Severe, or distressing, (Ṣ, O, Mṣb, K,)
Severe, or distressing, (Ṣ, O, Mṣb,) that wearies
the physicians; (Ṣ, O;) as also عَضِلْ and

• عَضِلْ: (O:) or wearing and overcoming: (K:)
or, so applied, hateful, that attacks suddenly, and
is not slow to kill; the treatment of which wearies
the physicians: (Sh, TA:) or that frustrates the
ability of the physicians, there being no cure for
it. (IAth, TA.) And in like manner it is applied to an affair [as meaning That wearies him
who would perform it]: (Ṣ, O:) or meaning
hard, or difficult, which one will not undertake,
or [be able to] manage; and in like manner