BOOK I.]

persion. (O.) عَصَاوِيدُ _____ signifies also Thirsty, (ISh, O, K,) applied to camels. (ISh, O.) _____ And عَصُوَادُ signifies A fatiguing approach, (O, K,) or night-journey, (O,) to water. (O, K.)

A camel bending his neck towards his withers in dying. (S, O, K.)

عَصِيدَة sec : مِعْصَدَة and مَعْصَدَة.

. عَصيد 800 : مَعْصود

عصر

1. عَصَرَهُ (Ş, Mşb, K,) aor. -, (O, Msb, K,) inf. n. عَصْرُ (Ş, Mşb;) and بعَصْرُ (Ş, O, Msb, K;) [He pressed it, or squeezed it, so as to force out, i.e. he expressed, its juice, sirup, honey, oil, water, or moisture;] he extracted, or fetched out by labour or art [i. e. by pressure or wringing], (Msb, K,) its water, or juice, or the like, (Msb,) or what was in it, (K,) namely, what was in grapes, (S, Msb, K,) and the like, (Msb, K,) of things having oil, or sirup, or honey : (TA :) or signifies he performed that act himself; (K;) as also مصره (inf. n. تعصير : (Sgh, TA :) or the latter, he superintended the pressing thereof i. c., of grapes : (O:) and "Jaron he had it done for him : (K:) or this last, he did it for another, or others : (Mgh, as implied by an explanation of :) and اعتصر العصر المعتصر المعتصر المعتصر prepared expressed juice or the like. (S, O.) [See also 8 below.] is used as a contraction of inf. n. as عَصَرَ النُّوْبَ [Hence,] _ above, He wrung out the water of the garment, or piece of cloth; he forced out its water by wringing it. (Msb.) _ And _ تَخْرُجُ wringing it. IIe squeezed, or pressed, the pustule in order that its thick purulent matter might come forth]. (Msb.) _ And a and a and [He squeezed his throat]. (Mgh and Msb in art. ____ And , aor. - , + He took, or collected, the produce of the earth : from the same verb in the first of the senses expl. above : and hence, accord. to Abul-Ghowth, in the Kur [xii. 49], وفيه يعصرون + And in it they shall take, or collect, the produce of the earth : (S:) or the meaning is, and in it they shall press grapes, or olives, or the like : or they shall milk the udders. (Bd.) [And there are other explanations, which see below.] == (O, K,) They أَعْصَرُوا * (S, IKtt, O,) or ، مُصَرُوا, (O, K,) were rained upon; they had rain; syn. , odd rain; syn. (S, O,) or أمطروا [which is less correct]. (IKtt, K.) Hence, in the Kur [ubi suprà], accord. to one reading, وفيه يعصرون [And in it they shall have rain]. (S, O.) [See also above, and below.] also signifies He saved him ; preserved him : and hence, in the Kur [ubi suprà], accord. to one reading, وفيه يعصرون [And in it they shall be saved, or preserved]. (Bd.) - Hence also, perhaps, the other reading, وفيه يعصرون And in it they shall aid, or succour, one another. (Bd.) - See also 8, last quarter, in two places. == Also, عصره (O, TA,) inf. n. , عصره (O, K, TA,) عصر – عصد

It [or he] withheld, hindered, or prevented, him : (O, K, * TA :) one says, مَا عَصَرُكَ What withheld, hindered, or prevented, thee? (O, TA.) And He refused, and withheld, it; (K, * TA;) namely, anything. (TA.) [See also 8, which signifies the same.] _____ And مَصَرَه, (K,) aor. -, inf. n. مَصَرٌ, He gave (O, K, TA) to him. (K, TA.) Thus it has two contr. significations. (IKtt, TA.) Tarafch says,

(S, O, TA, but in the S with مُلك in the place of i. e. [If there were, or would that there were, among our kings one] giving to us the like of what thou givest : (TA :) and another reading is, مَعْنَ مَا تَعْصَر, (O;) and it is expl. (by A'Obeyd, TA) as meaning, doing to us benefits (O, TA) like as thou dost : (O:) but Aboo-Sa'eed relates it thus;

i. e. غَصَرُ [app. from يَصَابُ مَنْهُ signifying "he pressed" grapes and the like; and thus meaning, *from whom is gotten, among us, like what is* gotten from thee; or, as it may be less freely rendered, who has his bounty drawn forth, among us, like as thou hast thine drawn forth]; and he disallowed the reading [تَعْصَرُ (TA.) See also 8, first quarter. See also 4, second sentence: _____ and last two sentences. _____ And see the paragraph here following.

2: see 1: and see also 4, second sentence.
عصر الزَّرْعُ ; (K, TA;) but in the Jekmileh written عَصَر الزَّرْعُ, without teshdeed;
(TA;) The corn put forth its glumes: (K, TA:) app. from عَصَر meaning "a place of protection:"
i. c. [the rudiments of its ears] became protected in its glumes. (TA.)

3. عصر فكرنا, inf. n. عصر فكرنا, He was contemporary with such a one: or he attained to, or reached, the time of such a one. (O, TA.) Hence the saying, معاصرة والمعاصر (O, TA.) [The being contemporary is an occasion of hard, or harsh, treatment; and the contemporary will not render reciprocal aid to his fellow]. (TA. [But I have substituted معاصرة for معاصرة, which latter seems to have been written by mistake for the former.]) = See also 8, last quarter.

4. اعصر He (a man, TA) entered upon the time called العصر: (K, TA:) and also he entered upon the evening, or last part of the day; like العصر (TA.) — And ــــر: (S, Msb, K,) and * ـــر: (K,) so in all the copies of the K, but in a copy of the Tahdheeb of IKtt * ـــر: (K, but in a copy of the Tahdheeb of IKtt * ـــر: (K, Msb, or woman, K) attained the period of her youth, (TA,) or [simply] attained the period of her youth, (K,) and arrived at the age of puberty: (K, TA:) or entered upon the time of puberty, and began to have the menstrual discharge; (S, O;) because of her womb's 2061

being pressed; (O;) or as though she entered upon the and of her youth : (S, O, TA :) or she attained the age of puberty : (S, IKtt :) or she had the menstrual discharge : (Msb :) or she entered upon the time of that discharge : (K:) or she approached that time; for, said of a girl, it is like راهق, said of a boy; accord. to Abu-l-Ghowth el-Aarábec : (S:) or she approached the age of twenty: (K:) or she became confined in the house, (K,) and had a retreat (appointed) for her, (TA,) at the time of her having the menstrual discharge : (K:) or she brought forth ; (K;) in which sense it is of the dial. of Azd. (TA.) The woman, or girl, is termed معصر (S, O, Msb, K) and (S, O, Msb, K) and (IDrd, O, TA:) pl. معاصير (S, K) and معاصر (K.) = The clouds were at the point + The clouds of having rain pressed forth from them by the winds. (O, and Bd in lxxviii. 14. [But see what is termed إعصار [q. v. infrà.]. (O, TA.) عَصَرَتِ * الرِّيحُ بِالتَّرَابِ فِي الهَوَاءَ And you say also, أَعَصَرَتِ * The wind raised the dust into the air in the form of a pillar]. (TA.)

5. تعصر: see 7: and 8, latter half. I. q. [it was, or became, difficult, strait, or intricate]. (TA.) = 1 Ile wept. (A.)

7. انعصر quasi-pass. of 1 in the first of the senses expl. above; [It became pressed, or squeezed, so that its juice, sirup, honey, oil, water, or moisture, was forced out; its juice, or the like, became extracted, or fetched out by labour or art, i.e. by pressure or wringing;] (S, O, Mşb, K;) as also بتعصر (S, O, K.) — You say also, . (S, O, K.) — You say also, the like, became compressed upon his throut]. (TA in art. خنق.)

8. عَصَرَهُ see عَصَرَهُ, in three places. ____ [Hence, app.,] 1 IIe voided his ordure. (O, K,* TA.) [See the act. part. n., below.] -And | اعتصر بالماء + He swallowed the water by little and little in order that some food by which he was choked might be made to descend easily in his throat. (S, O, K.) _ And alla Jaron the extracted, or extorted, his property from his hand, or possession : (S, Msb, TA:) from the same verb as syn. with and expl. in the beginning of this art.: (Msb:) he took forth his property for a debt or for some other reason: (K, * TA :) and aor. ; : , + he took; (K;) as also عضر اعتصر (TA:) + he took of, or from, a thing: (TA:) + he got, and took, of, or from, a thing: (S, as implied in an explanation of the act. part. n. :) + he got a thing from a person: (L:) or, accord. to El-'Itreefee, + he took the property of his son for himself; or he suffered the property of his son to remain in his (the latter's) possession : you do not say اعتصر فَلَانْ مَالَ فَلَان such a one took اعتصر for himself the property of such a one] unless he be a relation to him : [you say so of a father :] and of a boy you say, اعتصر مَالَ أبيه, meaning, + he