Habeeb asserts it to be, syn. with $\quad \because 0 \cdot$, and of the measure $\mathcal{1}$, with the $J$ augmentative. (IJ, TA.)
 [He is of a semblance and of characteristics and natural dispositions which are those of his father]. ( $\mathbf{O}, \mathrm{K}$.

تَغْسِيلةُ A light sleep: but this is a vulgar [postclassical] word. (TA.)
 becs, whether it be a manufactured hive or a hollow in the trunk of a tree or in a rock, in which they deposit their honey]. (K.) [See also ].عَّة"
 honey]: applied as an epithet in this sense to رُنْبَبِّ [or ginger]. (Ş, TA.)

+ Aneet [or (as we say) honeyed] talk or discourse. (TA.) And بَارِيَةٌ مْعْسْولةُ الََلَدِمِ + A girl, or young woman, sweet in speech, beautiful in expression, pleasing in the modulation of the voice. (TA.) And مُعّْولُ الهَوْاعِيد + Veracious, or faithful, in promises. (TA.)


## عسلب

Q. 1. The tree put forth its , , or snft and green rods or trigs or shoots
 عُسُْوُْ , in four places.
 meaning Thin, or unsubstantial], (Ibn-'Abbád, O, K,) i. e. in which are flour and nater: (Ibn'Abbád, O :) or good, sweet, or pleasant. ( $0, \mathrm{~K}$. ) عبَّغ : see the following paragraph.
A branch, or twig, or shoot: (Mṣ:) or a branch, or twig, or shoot, that is a year old: (Lth, O :) or a rod, or tmig, or shoot, of recent growth: (TA:) or any plant that comes forth green, twisting, or wreathing, and soft, before it assumes other colours: ( $\mathrm{AHn}, \mathrm{O}$ :) or, as also
 green rod or twig or shoot ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}$ ) of a tree, and of a grape-vine, when it first grows forth: (S, O :) or all signify a branch, or twig, or shoot, until a year old: (M, TA:) or "عَّدُّه significs a soft, or tender, branch or trig or shoot : (TA :) the pl.
 signify a certain [sort of] white thing, that comes forth in the صَنْ [meaning either spring or summer], and stretches along like the نَيْزُرُا [or kind of cane called rattan], soft, or supple, and bending: ( $0:$ :) it is [also] said to signify the ${ }^{\text {عرُوت }}$ of trees, i. e. the نُّبُومر thereof [meaning the sprouts from the roots (see art. نجْم)] that shoot forth in the year: and certain things that spread upon the
surface of the earth, like عُروق [or roots], and are green: or a certain plant upon the banks of rivers, bending and inclining by reason of softness, or tenderness, or luxuriance: and, as used by the vulgar, rods, or twigs, or shoots, of recent gronth. (L.) - Also + A boy, or young man, hot-headed, and light, or active, in spirit. (IAar, O.) And (O, K) and القَوْامِ (O) $\ddagger$ (O soft, or tender, girl or young woman. ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{TA}$.) And " قَوَهُ عُسْلُن + + A soft, or tender, figure, or person: $(\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}:)$ the latter word, used in this sense by El-Ajjaja, said to be a contraction of .غُسْوْنٍ state of youthfulness. (TA.)
 Msb, K, ${ }^{*}$ ) It (a man's hand, and his foot,) was, or became, distorted, (S,* Mṣb, K,) [or, accord. to the K, app. said of a man, meaning he was, or became, distorted in his hand, and his foot, and thus in the TK,] in consequence of rigidity in the

 (S., Mg̣b,) He coveted. (S. Mṣb, K.) [It is trans. by means of فیى.] One says, لِّ not covet it ]. (Ṣ.) And أمرْ A thing, or an affair, the contending with which for the mastery, and the mastering of which, will not be
 He gained, or earned; or he sought sustenance; syn. تَسَب; (K, TA;) for himself; or for his family, or household: (TA:) accord. to Fr , [i. e. the gaining, or earning; or the seeking sustenance]; (S;) [and]
 (S, K, ) aor. =, (S,') He strove, laboured, or toiled; or he exerted himself, or put himself to labour ; in
 , He plunged into the midst of the people, or party, so that he mixed nith them, not caring whether it were in battle or not: (S, K, TA :) or, accord. to some, it is peculiarly in war, or battle; one says, عَسْ, aor. =, inf. n. -・シ, meaning he went at random, heedlessly, or in a heudlong manner, without consideration, into war, or battle, and thren himself into the midst of

 say, TA) had foul matter in its inner angle
 or had its lids closed, one upon the other. (K, TA.) 4. اعسريترُ He, or it, rendered his hand rigid [and, app. distorted: see 1, first sentence]. (K.) $=$ اعسهd He gave to him. (TA.) $=$ See also 1, last sentence.
8. إِتْتَ I gave him what he coveted from
 [expl. above] : see 1. (TÁ.) =Also The sheep's, or goats', bringing forth, and the pastor's coming and putting to every one of them her young one.
(S., K.) [Accord. to the TK, one says, اعْتَسْهت , الشَّاةُ (using الشاة) as is sometimes done, in the sense of the coll. gen. n. الشَّة, or the former may be a misprint for the latter,) meaning The sheep, or goats, brought forth, \&cc.] $=$ And The taking and wearing an old and norn-out sandal, or boot. (K.) [Accord. to the TK, one says, اعتسم النُعْلَ, or اللُنَّنَّ, meaning He took the sandal, or the boot, in an old and worn-out state, and wore it.]

- عسْ [mentioned above as an inf. n.] signifies A rigidity in the wrist, and ankle; in consequence of which the hand, and foot, became distorted: ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}:$ ) or, as some say, a rigidity in a man's wrist : (TA:) or a distortion in the hand, or arm, in consequence of a rigidity in the wrist, or in the elbons. $($ Mgh. $)=$ See also مَعِّ.
عَسْنِّ One who gains, or earns, much for his family, or household. (TA.)

عَسْوْ One who toils, or works laboriously, or who seeks gain or the means of subsistence, for his family, or household; as also "غَإِفْ: pl. [of the former, and perhaps of the latter also,] "عُ". (K.) - And A she-camel that has many youny ones. (K.)
'عإِمْ: see the next preceding paragraph.
أهاء the foot, in consequence of rigidity in the nrist, and ankle; applied to a man : and so عَ plied to a woman. (Ş, Mṣb, K. [See also ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$..]) - And An ass slender in the legs. (TA.)

مْ A thing that is, or that is to be, coveted;
 latter signifies coveting, or covetousness; and ${ }^{\circ}$ ", with $\hat{\omega}$, is a dial. var: of it. (TA in this art. and in art.عشه.) So the former signifies in tho
 thee, in the sons of such a one, anything that is, or is to be, coveted]. (S.) [Freytag has written this word مْعْ not find it ; and has expl. it as signifying desirc.]
 The rood, or stick, was, or became, dry and hard: (As, Ṣ:) and عَسَا النَّبَاتُ, (Kh, Ṣ, K,) inf. ns. as above, (K, TA,) the plant was, or brcame, thich, or coarse, or rough, $(\mathbf{K h}, \mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$,$) and$
 S, TA, [in the CK, in art. عسی, erroneously written
 ,تُعْسُو عُسِى, (Mṣb,) His hand became thick, or coarsc, or rough, from work. (El-Ahmar, S, Mspb, TA.)


 $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$, ) inf. n.

