and أعبُودَةُ (IKṭṭ, A, IAth, L, K) and أعبُودَةُ (Fr, K) and أعبُودَةُ (IKṭṭ, K) and أعبُودَةُ (Fr, K) and أعبُودَةُ (L) [all said by some to be inf. ns., except the fourth,] Religious service, worship, adoration, or devotion; (L;) obedience: (S, IKṭṭ, A, K:) obedience with humility or submissiveness; humble, or submissive, obedience: (IAth, L:) or عَبُودَةُ signifies the Doing what God approves: and أعبُودَةُ , the approving what God does: and the primary signification of appears is humility, and submissiveness: (S, A, O:) عَبُودَةُ is rendered only to God, or a false god, or the Devil. (TA.)

see the next preceding paragraph, in two places: __ and see

العَبَيْدَة The [portion, or appertenance, of the stomach, of a ruminant, called] فَحَث (O, K, TA,) also called حَفْث [q. v.]. (TA.)

slavery; servitude; (Ṣ, O, L, Mṣb;) as also بُودِيَةُ (Ṣ, O, L) and عُبُودِةٌ (O, Mṣb) and عُبُودَةٌ (L.) __ See also عَبُدِيَّةً (L.) __ See also عَبُدَيَّةً (D, Mṣb) عُبُودَةً ﴿

عَبَادُ see عَبَادُ, last quarter.

and عَبَادِيدُ, each a pl. having no sing., Parties of people (S, O, K) going in every direction: (S, O:) and horsemen going in every direc-عَبَابِيدَ and صَارَ القَوْمُ عَبَادِيدَ , and عَبَابِيدَ and The people became divided into parties going in every direction. (S, O.) And ذَهْبُوا عَبَادِيدُ and They went away in parties in every direction. (TA.) __ Also (both words, K, or the latter [only], TA,) Far-extending roads: (K:) or diverse and far-extending roads: said to be used in this sense not with respect to coming, but only with respect to dispersion, and going away. (TA.) — Also (or the former [only], TA) Hills such as are called إكام or إكام [pls. of أَكُمَةُ (K, TA.) _ And one says, مَرَّ رَاكبًا عَبَادِيدَهُ He passed, or went away, riding upon the extremities of his buttocks. (O, K.)

أَعْبَادِيدُ (S, O) and عَبَادِيدُ (O, TA) rel. ns. from عَبَادِيدُ (S, O) and عَبَادِيدُ (O, TA) thus formed because the said ns. have no sings., (Sb, S, O, TA,) Of, or relating to, parties of people going in every direction. (S, O.)

A server, a worshipper, or an adorer, of God: (L:) an obeyer of God with humility, or submissiveness: (L, Msb:) [a devotee:] a unitarian: (L:) by a secondary application, used of him who takes for his god other than the True God, such as an idol, and the sun, &c.: (Msb:) pl. عَبْدُ and عَبْدُ (L, Msb) and عَبْدُ and عَبْدُ, all of which are also pls. of عَبْدُ [q. v.]: (L:) [and quasi-pl. n. عَبْدُ (like as عَدْمُ is of مُعْدُ مُوكِّدُ), accord. to a reading of a phrase in the Kur v. 65, as expl. by some.] — And A servant: a meaning said to be tropical. (TA.) — See also عُبْدُ, in two places.

. عَبُوديَّةُ see : تَعْبِيدَةُ

مُعَبَّدُ see أَمَادَةُ and see also مُعَبَدُ

مُعْبَدُ A shovel, or spade, of iron; syn. أَمُسُحَاةً (K:) pl. مُعْبَدُ (TA.)

مُعْبَدَةً, and the pl. مُعْبَدَةً: see عَبْدَةً, last quarter: = and for the former see also

applied to a camel, Rendered submissive, or tractable; broken, or trained; syn. مُذَلِّل : (A, L:) or anointed with tar, (S, O, K,) and rendered submissive, or tractable: (S, O:) or whose whole skin is anointed with tar: (Sh:) or mangy, or scabby, whose fur has fallen off by degrees, and which is set apart from the other camels to be anointed with tar: or rendered submissive by the mange, or scab: or affected with the mange, or scab; or with incurable mange or scab. (L. [And, applied to a camel, it has other meanings, which see in what follows.]) [And hence, app.,] مَعْبَدُهُ مُعَبَدُهُ A ship, or boat, tarred: (AO, S, O, L, K:) or smeared with fat, or oil. (AO, L.) _ Applied to a road, Beaten; syn. مُذَنَّلُ ; (Ṣ, A, O, Ķ;) trodden; (Az, TA;) or travelled by many passengers going to and fro: as applied to other مُذَلَّلُ and syn. with things also. (K.) _ And [hence] A wooden pin, peg, or stake. (Az, O, K, TA. [In the CK, is erroneously put for الوَتَدُ So in the following verse of Ibn-Mukbil:

وَضَهَّنْتُ أَرْسَانَ الجِيَادِ مُعَبَّدًا إِذَا مَا ضَرَبْنَا رَأْسَهُ لَا يُرَتَّـُحُ

[And I made a wooden peg to be a guarantee for the ropes of the coursers: when we beat its head, it did not wabble]. (Az, O, TA.) — Also Honoured, or treated with honour, (L, K,) and served; applied to a camel. (L.) Thus it has two contr. significations. (K.) — And A camel left unridden. (O, L.) — And, applied to a stallion [camel], Excited by lust, or by vehement lust. (O, K.) — Also, applied to a country, or tract of land, In which is no footprint, or track, nor any sign of the way, nor water: (O, K:) you say

and مَعْبُودَى : see عَبُورَ , last quarter.

مَتَعَبَّدُ [and أَمْعَبُدُ] A place appropriated to religious services or exercises, or acts of devotion. (TA.)

1. عَبُوهُ, aor. عُبُرُهُ, (Ṣ, Mgh, O, Mṣb, K,) inf. n. عَبُورُ (the latter of which is the more common,] (Ṣ, O, Mṣb, K,) He crossed it, went across it, or passed over it, (Mgh, Mṣb, K,) from one side thereof to the other; (Mṣb, K;) namely, a river, (Ṣ, Mgh, O, Mṣb, K,*) and a valley, (K, TA,) &c. (Ṣ, Mgh.) — [Hence,] عَبُرُ (Mṣb, K,) aor. عُبُرُ (TA,) He travelled, or passed along, the way, or road; (Mṣb, K;*) as though he cut it, or furrowed it. (K,*TK.) — And hence, (TA,) عَبُرُ (aor. as above, Ṣ,) † He died: (Ṣ, O, Mṣb, K:) as though he travelled the road of life: or, as F says in the B, as though he crossed over the bridge of the present world or life. (TA.) A poet says,

فَإِنْ نَعْبُرْ فَإِنَّ لَنَا لُهَاتٍ وَإِنْ نَغْبُرْ فَنَحْنُ عَلَى نُذُورِ

i. e. ! So if we die, there are others like to us; and if we remain alive, we are waiting for that which must necessarily come to pass, as though we were bound by vows to meet it. (S, O.) And عَبُورِ , aor. as above, inf. n. عَبُورِ The clouds travelled, or passed along, quickly. (TA.) = عَبَرَ الرَّؤْيَا : see 2, in two places. _ And [hence, perhaps,] عَبُرْتُ الطَّيْرِ, aor. ع and ء, (O, K,) inf. n. عُبْر (TA,) i. q. زَجُرْتُهَا [I augured from the flight, or alighting-places, or cries, &c., of the birds; or I made the birds to fly away in order that I might augur from their flight, &c.]. (O, K.) __ And عَبْرُ الكتَّاتُ aor. ع, inf. n. عَبْرُ (As, S, A,* O, K,*) He meditated upon, endeavouring to understand it, or he considered, examined, or studied, (As, S, O, K,) or he read mentally, (A,) the book, or writing, not raising his voice in doing so, (As, S, A, O, K,) i. e. in reading it. (K.) And you say, اعتبر العض i. e. He considered عَبَرَهُ meaning الكتَّاب ببَعْض and compared one part of the book, or writing, with another part, in order to understand it]. (, K, TA, الدَّرَاهِمَ and عَبْرَ المَتَاعَ And (, TA.) aor. 2, inf. n. , , (TA,) He examined what was the weight of the goods, and of the dirhems, and what they were. (K, TA.) And you say, , عَبُوْتُهَا meaning , اعْتَبَوْتُ ﴾ الدَّرَاهِمَ فَوَجَدْتُهَا أَلْفًا i. e. I tried, or examined, the dirhems, and found them to be a thousand. (Msb.) _ See also 8, second sentence. = , with kesr, aor. -, inf. n. غَبْرٌ; (Ṣ;) or عَبْرٌ, inf. n. غُبُرٌ; (Ḳ;) [but the former seems to be the more correct, as will be seen from what follows;] and استعبر (A, O, K;) He shed tears; his eyes, or eye, watered. (S, A, K, TA.) And عَبْرَتْ عَيْنُه His eye shed tears, or watered; (Ṣ, O;) as also استعبرت العام العام. (S.) _ And عَبِرَ , aor. - , inf. n. عَبِرَ (AZ, T, O, L, TA;) or عُبُر, inf. n. عُبُر; (K; [but see above ;]) He grieved, or mourned; was sorrowful, sad, or unhappy. (AZ, T, O, L, K, TA.) What aileth him? May he be] مَا لَهُ سَبِو وَعَبِرُ sleepless by night, and may he grieve, or mourn:]