quiescent letter], (Ṣ,) inf.n. [or rather quasi-inf.n.] مُعَرِقٌ, the only instance of the kind except مُعَرِقٌ, the only instance of the kind except مُعَرِقٌ, (IAth,) He augured evil from it; regarded it as an evil omen. (Ṣ, Mṣb, K.) The Arabs, when they desired to set about an affair, passed by the places where birds lay upon the ground, and roused them, in order to learn thence whether they should proceed or refrain: but the law forbade this. (Mṣb.) They augured evil from the croaking of the crow, and from the birds' going towards the left; and in like manner, from the motions of gazelles. (TA.)

(Ṣ, Ķ, TA;) flew away or about; went away; became reduced to fragments; (TA;) as also became reduced to fragments; (TA;) as also استطار (K, TA,) and ألف. (TA.) __; It became long, or tall; (Ṣ, Ķ;) as also أرفار (Ṣgh, Ķ,) which is said of hair, (TA,) as is also the former, (Ṣ, TA,) and of a camel's hump. (Ṣgh, TA.) It is said in a trad., المنافرة من شعرك (Ṣ, TA) [Clip thou] what has become long and dishevelled [of thy hair]. (TA.) __ ناساء + The clouds became spread throughout the shy. (K, TA.) [See also 10.]

7. انطار It became split, slit, or cracked. (K, TA.) [See also 10, latter part.]

10. استطار [He made a thing to fly. See also 2. _ Hence,] + He drew forth a sword quickly from its scabbard. (K, TA.) + It (for ex., dust, S) ras made to fly. (S, K.) He was كَادَ يُسْتَطَارُ مِنْ شِدَّة عَدُوهِ You say, almost made to fly by reason of the vehemence of his running]. (A.) And الْمُتَطِيرَ فُؤَادُهُ مِنَ الغَزَعِ : [His courage (lit. his heart) was made to fly away by reason of fright]. (A.) __ + He was taken away quickly, as though the birds carried him away. (TA.) - + He hastened, or was quick, in running; (K;) he ran quickly; (O, L;) said of a horse. (O, L, K.) [A signification of the pass. form; as though meaning he was made to fly.] - + He was [flurried, or] frightened. (O, K.) [As though meaning originally استطار == [he was made to fly by reason of fright.] It (the dawn) spread; (S, A, Msb, K;) its and the verb is used in the same sense in relation to other things: (S:) said of lightning, it spread in the horizon: and of dust, it spread in the air: and of evil, it spread. (TA.) See also 6. __ ! It (a crack in a wall) appeared and spread. (A. [See also استطال.]) It (a slit, or crack, for in the K is a mistake for السُّوقُ, or, accord. to the L, a crack in a wall, TA) rose, (K,) and appeared. (TA.) + It (a crack in a glass vessel, and wear in a garment,) became apparent in the parts thereof. (TA.) __ \ It (a wall) cracked (K, TA) from the beginning thereof to the end. (TA.) + It (a glass vessel) showed a crack in it from beginning to end. (TA.) [See also 7.] said of a bitch, She desired the male. (O, K.)

: see طَائر, in seven places : __ and see also

quiescent letter], (Ṣ,) inf.n. [or rather quasi-inf.n.] مَا يُر طَيْرُ طَيْرُ طَيْرُ لَعَيْرُ مَا بَرُونَ لَعَيْرُ أَلْ أَنْ اللهِ أَنْ اللهِ أَنْ اللهُ أَنْ اللهُ أَنْ اللهُ إِنْ أَنْ اللهُ أَنْ اللهُ إِنْ أَنْ اللهُ إِنْ اللهُ الل

and طِيْرَةٌ and طِيْرَةٌ ; see طُورَةٌ ; the second, in four places.

in two places. طَيْرُورَةً

A sharp, spirited, vigorous, horse, (K, TA,) that is almost made to fly by reason of the مطار ال vehemence of his running; (TA;) as also (K, TA. [The latter word in the CK written but said in the TA to be with damm, and so written in a copy of the A.]) [See also . Also A company أَصْتُطِيرُ See also أَصْتُطِيرُ of men. \cdot (O.) = As applied to Λ balance, it is not of the language of the Arabs: (O:) [i. e., it is post-classical:] it means an assay-balance (معْيَارٌ and ميزَانٌ) for gold; so called because of the form of a bird, or because of its lightness: or the balance for dirhems [or moneys] that is known among them [who use it] by the appellation of the meaning the χαριστίων of Archimedes, (as is observed in a note in p. 178 of vol. ii. of the sec. ed. of Har,) i. e. the hydrostatic balance]: or, accord. to El-Fenjedechee, the tongue (السَّان) of the balance. (Har pp. 549-50.)

† He is sharp, and quich in returning [to a good state], or recovering [from his anger]. (K.) [See also

: A flying thing [whether bird or insect] طَائِرُ (Mab, TA:) pl. المُيْرُة, (Ṣ, Mab, K,) like as صُعْبُ is pl. of صُعْبُ : (Ṣ, Mab:) or صَعْبُ is originally an inf. n. of طَارَ: or an epithet contracted from عَلَيْرٌ: (TA:) or a quasi-pl. n.; (Mgh, TA;) and this is the most correct opinion: (TA:) [but see, below, a reason for considering it origimay also be quasi-pl. n., and طَائرُ may also be quasi-pl. n., is also some طَيْرٌ لا (TA:) : بَاقْرُ and مَامِلُ is also some times used as a sing.; (Ktr, AO, S, Mgh, Msb, K;) as in the Kur iii. 43 [and v. 110], accord. to one reading: (S:) but ISd says, I know not how this is, unless it be meant to be [originally] an inf. n.: (TA:) [for an inf. n. used as an epithet is employed as sing. and pl. :] or طَائر only, is used as a sing., (Th, IAmb, Msb,) by general consent; and AO once said so in common with others: (Th:) but مُعْيَرُ has a collective, or pl., signification: (IAmb, Msb:) and is fem.: (Mgh:) or is more frequently fem. than masc.:

(IAmb, Msb:) the pl. of طيور is عليور a pl. of mult.] and أَطْيَارُ [a pl. of pauc.]: (S, Mab, K:) is pl. of سُجُودُ may be pl. of طَائرُ may be pl. of طُيُور is seldom applied to the طَائرَةً (TA:) : سَاجِدُ is a name of الشَّاثُر] __ (IAmb, Msb.) † The constellation Cygnus; also called الدُّجَاجَة.] means ! He is grave, staid, sedate, (K,) or motionless; so that if a bird alighted upon him, it would be still; for if a bird alight upon a man, and he move in the least, the bird flies away. (TA.) Of the same kind also رُزِقَ فُلَانٌ سُكُونَ الطَّائِرِ وَخَفْضَ الجَنَاحِ, is the saying ! [Such a one was endowed, or has been endowed, with gravity and gentleness]. (TA.) And They are remaining fixed, settled, or at سُوَاكُنُ rest: and مُالَتُ نَعَامَتُهُمُ signifies the contrary. A, TA.) And الطَّيْرَ الطَّيْرَ مُؤُوسِهِمُ الطَّيْرَ المَّيْرَ المَّيْرَ المَّيْرَ المَّيْرَ (A, TA.) though birds were on their heads] is said of a people, meaning them to be motionless by reason of reverence: (S, K:) it was said of the Companions of Mohammad, describing them as quiet and grave [in his presence], without levity: and the origin of the saying is this: that birds alight only upon a thing that is still and inanimate: (TA:) or that the crow alights upon the head of the camel, and picks from it the ticks, (S, K,) and the young ones thereof, (S.) and the camel does not move (S, K) his head, (S,) lest the crow should take fright and fly away. (S, K.) In means : IIc became grave, وقع طائره or sedate. (Meyd.) And عُارُهُ كَا اللهُ # He became light, or inconstant: (Meyd:) and he became : فَارَ فَائْرُهُ and ثَارَ ثَائْرُهُ like ثَارُ ثَائْرُهُ and : فَارَ فَائْرُهُ (TA:) or he hastened, and was light, or active, or agile. (Har p. 561.) __ And it is said in a (O, TA) الرُّوْيَا عَلَى رِجْلِ طَائِرٍ مَا لَمْ تُعَبَّرُ (O, TA) + A dream is unsettled as to its result, or final sequel, while it is not interpreted. (TA.) [The Arabs hold that the result of a dream is affected by its interpretation: wherefore it is added in this tradition, and said in others also, that the dreamer should not relate his dream, unless to a friend or to a person of understanding.] ___ also طَائِرْ عيث see expl. in art. عَيْثُتْ طَيْرُهُ * signifies A thing from which one augurs either good or evil; an omen, a bodement, of good or of evil: (K:) and ميرة الله (S, K) and طيرة الله (K) and مُورَة الا (IDrd, Ṣgh, K, TA [in the CK, in it is مطور .this art., erroneously, طُورة , but in art. طورة,]) a thing from which one augurs evil; an evil omen or bodement; (S, K, &c.;) contr. of signifies fortune, (A'Obeyd, طَائرٌ TA:) عَأَلُ K, TA,) whether good or evil: (TA:) and especially evil fortune; ill luck; as also طيرة and أطيرة ؛ for the Arabs used to augur evil from the croaking of the crow, and from birds going towards the left: [see 5:] (TA:) and طَيْرَةُ * is an inf. n. [or rather a quasi-inf. n.] of تَطَيّر, [q. v.,] (IAth,) and signifies auguration of evil. (Msb.) The Arabs used to say, to a man or other thing from which

they augured evil, (TA,) طَائرُ ٱلله لَا طَائرُك (ISk,