[Verily the ewe, or she-goat, emits a white fluid from her womb during ten nights, and then becomes pure,] is mentioned on the authority of Lh: but ISd says, whether he mentioned this as heard from the Arabs, or did so presumptuously, I know not. (TA.) مَحْرَفَ aor. - , (K,) inf. n. (طَبَرُ (TK,) signifies He made it, or caused it, to be, or become, distant, or remote; syn. (حَبَرُ : (O, K:) and so ; (O, TA;) the being substituted for o. (TA.)

2. تَطْبِير, inf. n. تَطْبِير, [He cleansed, or purified, him, or it :] (S :) and dy dy he washed him, or it, with water : (K:) and أطهره signifies the same as طَبِوا بيترى - (Bd in lvi. 78.) . طَبَرهُ in the Kur [ii. 119], Cleanse ye my house [the Kaabeh] of the idols (Aboo-Is-hak, Bd, Jel) and impurities; and what does not become it : (Bd:) or clear ye it: (Bd:) or cleanse ye my house from [pollution by] disobediences and forbidden actions: (Az:) or, accord. to some, it means an incitement to purify the heart. (TA.) \_\_\_\_\_ in the Kur [lxxiv. 4], means And cleanse , فَطَهُر thy clothes from dirt: (Jel:) or shorten thy clothes, to prevent their being rendered dirty by trailing along the ground : (Jel, TA:) or + purify thy heart: or + thy soul: or + make thy conduct right: (TA:) and see other explanations voce the performed the rite of طبر ولده ..... circumcision upon his son [and so purified him]. (TA.) \_\_\_\_\_ t [God purified him from sin]. (A.) طبرة الحد + The prescribed punishment, such as stoning &c., cleansed him from his Kur [v. 45], means + God hath not pleased to cleanse their hearts from infidelity : (Bd, Jel :) or to direct. (TA.)

4: see 2, first sentence.

5. تَطَبَّر inf. n. تَعَلَّدُ is sometimes changed into inf. n. اطَّبُور, the ت being incorporated into the b, and this requiring a conjunctive 1, (Sgh, K,) in order that the word may not begin with a quiescent letter : (Sgh :) and is also an inf. n. [or rather a quasi-inf. n.] (Sb, K) of is [said to be] of وَضُوْء Mgh, TA,) like as وَضُوْء is [said to be] of TA.) The meaning is, [He became . . cleansed, or purified : or he cleansed, or purified, himself : and] he washed himself. (Mgh.) You say, الماء [He cleansed, or purified, or washed, himself with water]: (S:) he performed alone, as used in تطهّر (A;) as also تطهّر alone, as used in the Kur ix. 109: (Mgh, TA:) and the same verb, alone, is expl. as signifying he made use of mater. or what supplied its place; thus used in the Kur v. 9. (TA.) In the Kur vii. 80 and xxvii. 57, the verb is used derisively. (TA.) You say also, تطبرت, (Mgh, Msb, K,) and اطَبَرَتْ, (Mgh,) meaning, She cleansed, or purified, herself by washing, from [the pollution Bk. I.

of] the menstrual discharge, (Mgh, Msb, K,) fc.; (K;) as also \* طَهَرَتْ and ; (Msb,\* K;) agreeably with what is said in the B, that have the same تطهر and اطّهر and طُهُر have the same signification : (TA :) or تطهرت and اطّهرت have this signification ; but the unaugmented verb has the signification first assigned to it, or "her discharge of blood stopped :" (Abu-l-'Abbás, IAar :) in the Kur ii. 222, some read زَحَتَّى يَطْهُرْنَ; and others, حَتَّى يَطَّهَرْنَ : but the latter reading is the preferable, on account of the difference between the two forms of the verb, just mentioned : (Abu-l-'Abbás:) or the law which allows not the touching a woman until she has performed the ablution mentioned above shows the two forms of the verb to be the same in signification. (TA.) \_\_ Also ‡ He removed himself far from unclean things, or impurities. (S, Mgh, K.\*) t He refrained from sin, (K, TA,) and from what was not good: (TA:) he removed himself far from low, or ignoble, habits: and in this sense, accord. to some, it is used in the Kur vii. تطهّر من الإثمر And xxvii. 57. (TA.) And تطهّر من الإثمر : He removed himself far from sin. (A.)

[see 1: \_\_] Cleanness; freedom from dirt or filth; or pureness. (S,\* Msb.) \_\_ The state of pureness from the menstrual discharge: (S, A, Mgh, Msb:) pl. أَطْهُارُ. (A, Msb.) And the pl. signifies The days of a woman's state of pureness from the menstrual discharge. (K.)

in three places. ظَاهَرُ see : طَهْر

a subst. from التَّطْبِيرُ [and signifying A cleansing, or purification : and in this sense it was applied by the Christians to baptism]: (Mgh :) or from طَبَّرَهُ بِالهَاءِ [and signifying a cleansing, or purification, by mater]: (K:) or cleanness, or pureness. (TK.)

inf. n. of 1; as also فَهُور : (TA :) and inf. n. [or rather quasi-inf. n.] of 5. (Sb, Mgh, TA.) \_\_\_ A thing [such as water] with which one cleanses or purifies : (T, S, Mgh, Msb, K :) a word similar to فطور and منحور (S :) and the author of the "Matáli' el-Anwár" mentions diso in this sense ; but this is strange and anomalous: (En-Nawawee:) the former occurs in the Kur xxv. 50: (S:) or it signifies water is performed: (A, IAth:) or it has the signification next following. (K.) It is said, التُوْبَةُ طَهُورُ t [Repentance is a means of purifying the sinner, or criminal]. (A.) Lth says that it is that which is [accompanied] by the execution of the prescribed punishment, such as stoning &c. (TA.) [See also مطبرة ]= It is also an epithet, (Mgh, TA,) and signifies Clean and cleansing, or pure and purifying : (Th, T, Mgh, Msb :) whatever God has created descending from the sky, or welling forth from the earth as a spring or river or sea, in which a human being does nothing but drawing water, and of which the

colour is not changed by anything mixing with it, nor the taste thereby, is direct and what is otherwise, as the water of roses and of the leaves of trees, and what flows from the grape-vine, though it be ظاهر, is not : (Esh-Sháfi'ee :) the former removes impurities : the latter, if not at the same time طَهُور, does not : (TA :) or very clean or pure: (A, Msb:) the explanation by Th, if meant to show that the word signifies of the utmost cleanness or pureness, is correct and good : otherwise, it is not so; for نَعُولْ is not formed from تَفْعيل: (Mgh, O :) it is also explained as signifying, simply, cleansing, or purifying: (B, TA :) also as syn. with طاهر, as in the phrase their saliva is pure] : but here it is [ ريغُهُنَ طُهُورُ for طاهر for used for deal for

in two places. طَاهر see : طَهير

the sake of the measure. (Msb.)

قهارة [see 1. \_\_] The act of performing the ablution termed الغُسُل, and that termed الوُضُوْء, and that termed الاسْتَنْجَاً. (Msb, TA.)

طُهَارَة What remains of that with which one has performed the ablution termed . (TA.)

The quality of being طَهُور (Msb.)

Clean; free from dirt or filth; or pure; (Msib, K;) as also (IAar, K) and \* ظَهْرُ ( : (M, K :) fem. مَاهرَة : (S, A, Msb :) pl. (of (Ṣ, K,) which, TA) أَطْهَارُ (K) and جَاهُرُ (S, K,) which latter is anomalous, as though its sing. were (: TA :) : طَاهرُونَ , (S,) and, applied to men) , طَهْرَانُ and (of (طَبِرُونَ (TA, تَطْبِرُونَ (K; ) the only form; there being no broken pl.: (TA:) and of (A.) You say, طَوَاهِرُ (TA) and طَاهِرَاتْ ,طَاهِرَاتْ and فمبر (A clean, or pure, man]. وَجُلْ طَاهُرْ (O.) And إَمْرَأَةُ طَاهِرَةُ مِنَ النَّجَاسَةِ [A woman ماً؛ طَاهر from dirt or filth]. (S.) And ماً؛ طَاهر Clean, or pure, water : and also, fit to cleanse or purify with. (Msb.) And آياب طَهَارَى [Clean clothes]. (Ş.) [See also فَهُور.] - Pure from the menstrual discharge; in this sense without  $\bar{s}$ : (IAar :) as also بطاهر من الحَيْض. (Ş, Mşb.) He is clear from vice, or مُوَ طَاهرُ العرْض ... fault. (Msb.) + إمْرَأَةُ طَاهِرَةُ مِنَ العُيُوبِ (Msb.) woman pure from vices, or the like]. (S.) And ,طَاهرُ الأَثْوَابِ and (,S, A, TA) , رَجُلٌ طَاهرُ التَّيَاب (TA,) ‡ A man free, or far-removed, from low, or ignoble, habits: (S,\* A, TA:) and in like . طَاهرة . fem : طَهرُ الخُلُق and , طَاهرُ الخُلُق . fem (TA.)

أَطْهُورُ أَلْعُهُورُ [More, and most, clean or pure]. \_\_\_\_\_ [Hence,] هُنَّ أَطْهُرُ لَكُورُ [Kur xi. 80] + They are more lareful to you. (O, TA.)

مطبرة and مطبرة (S, A, K, &c.,) the former of which is the more approved, (S,) A vessel, (A, K,) or any vessel, (Mgh, Mşb,) [for purification, 238