side of the back-bone]. (S., O. [See also 1.]) $=$ And, said of a wolf, He hovoled. (K.)
 (6َ'نُبَى) next to theirs in the places of alighting. (A.)
4. اطنبت الرِّيـُ, (inf. n. إطْنَابُ, Msb,) The wind blew violently, and was accompanied with dust. (Ṣ, O, Mẹb, K.) - And hence, اطـنـب said of a man, (Msb,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) + He exerted himself much, or beyond measure, or to the utmost, or was extravajant, or immoderate, (Mథ̣b, TA,) and profuse, (TA,) in praising or blaming : (Mṣb, TA:) or اطنب فیى الـَكَلَمِم he so exerted himself, or was extravagant or immoderate, in speech: (S, O, TA :) or he was eloquent in description, whether praising or blaming; (K, TA;) and so in speech: (TA:) and اطنب فِى الوٌصغف he exerted himself much, or beyond measure, or to the utmost, in description. (IAmb, TA.) And اطنب فِى عَدوِه + He exerted himself much, or beyond measure, or to the utmost, in his runnning. (IAmb, TA.) ا اطنبت الخبِل journeying. (Ṣ, O, K.) - And اطنب النّهر + The river went [or flowed $]$ far away. (K.)

طُنُبْ :طْنِ : see.
طَ inf. n. of 1 [q.v.]. ( 0, Mṣb, TḲ.) Length in the back of a horse; (A, O, Msp, $\mathbf{K}$;) which is a fault ( $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{M} \underset{\mathrm{b}}{\mathrm{b}}, \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{TA}$ ) in the male, but not in the female: (TA :) one says, فَه طَنْبْ (A) or فَ ظَهْرْ طَنَبْ (TA) In him is length in the back (A) or in his back is lengtl. (TA.) And Length in the hind legs [of a horse], together with la:ness. (K, TA.) - And Crookedness in a spear. (S, O, K.)
(S, A, O, L, Mṣb, K) and ${ }^{\text {bُنُبْ (L, }}$ TA) $\Lambda$ tent-rope: (Ham p. 687 :) a rope with which the and the like are tied, or made fast : (Mṣb :) a rope of the and of the سُرَادِق [q.v.] and the like: (L, TA:) a long rope with which the سرادق of the tent is tied, or made fast ; ( $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{K}, \mathbf{T A} ;$ ) or, as in the M, with which the tent and the سرادق are tied, or made fast, [extending] between the ground and
 $a$ وتّد $a$ [app. meaning a tent-peg]; thus in the $\mathbf{K}$, and the like is said in the $\mathbf{M}$; those who make سرادق in the K to be conjoined with الوترُ though the author meant that signifies a long rope with which the سرادق of the tent, and the peg, are tied, or made fast,] being in error: (TA: [but in my opinion, this reading which is disallowed in the TA is more probably correct than the other : in the CK, and in my MS. copy of the K, instead of وَالوُتُرُ, we find او الوتد, : in a copy of the A, أو الؤترُ, an obvious mistranscription :]) the pl. is أُطْنَابُ (S. O, Msb, K) and (

|pl. like كُـُـبُ; (MF, TA;) and Ibn-es-Sarráj says, in one place of his book, that it has no other pl. than أَطْنَابُ ; but in another place he says that it has this pl. accord. to those who give it a pl., thus giving to understand that there is a difference of, opinion as to the plural's being allowable, and that it is used in one form as sing. and pl., which is the case: (Msp, TA:)

 ropes being called أُصر , إُصَرُ sing : the former are the ropes with which the tent is tied, or made fast, between the ground and the طَرَإِتق. (TA.) As an instance of a tropical usage, (A, TA,) it is related that when El-Ash'ath contracted marriage with a woman, (A, Nh, O, Mṣb, L,) namely, Meleekeh Bint-Zurárah, (Nh, Mṣb, L,) on the terms upon which she should decide, (A, Nh, O, \&c.,) and she decided upon a hundred thousand رَدَّهَا عُهرُ إِلى أَطْنَابٍ , , meaning 士'Omar reduced her to the dowry of the like of her among the women of her family; (A, Nh, O, Mssb, L;) [lit., to the ropes of her tent, or to the tent-ropes of her family;] i. e., to the ground whereon was built the condition of her family, and over which their tent-ropes extended. (Nh, L.) And another tropical usage occurs in the saying, مَا بَيْنَ طُنْبِي الْمِدينةِ أَعْوَج , مِنّى إِلْهَه ( 0, ) meaning $\ddagger$ What is betneen the two extremities, (O,TA,) and the tro sides, (TA,) of the city is more in need of it than I. (O, TA.) [Hence,] $\ddagger A$ sinew, or tendon, (S, O, K, ) or ligament, ( $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{A}$, ) of the body, ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{M}, \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$, ) that ties the joints and bones: ( $\mathrm{M}:$ ) pl. أَطْنَابُ (M, A.) أَطْنَابُ الأَصَابِع $\ddagger$ means $\ddagger$ The tentons of the fingers, [or the interossei, on the outer side of the hand, extended above the , from the wrist to the lomest parts of the fingers. (A,* and TA voce أَشْجَعُ, q. v.) - And +1 certain tendon in the uppermost part of the chest: ( $\mathbf{K}$, TA:) [or,] accord. to the L, the طُنْ
 next the pit of the throat, that extend, or stretch, when a man turns his head aside. (TA.) - And $\ddagger$ The root of a tree : (S, A, O, K:) pl. (A :) or this (the pl.) signifies the minor roots that branch off from the root-stoch or main borly of the root. (TA.) You say, تَقَبَّضَتْ أَطْنَابُبهِّا $\ddagger[$ Its roots contracted; ] meaning it was planted. (A.) - And أَطْنَابُ الشَّهْسِ $\ddagger$ The rays, or beams, of the sun, that extend like sinews, or tendons, at the time of its rising. (TA.) You say, مَدّتِ [and الشَّهْ extended its beams and its beams became extended], meaning the sun rose. (A.) - See also إطْنَأَبْة.
.مُطَانِبُ see :طَنِيبُ

أَطْنَبُ Having the quality termed in the back; [\&c.;] (A, O, Msb, $\mathbf{K} ;$ ) applied to


 as is said in the TA, it is with kesr;]) meaning a large tent of [goats'] hair. (KL.) $=$ And $\boldsymbol{A}$ thong at the head of the bon-string; (As, TA;) a thong that is bound to the end of the string of the Arabian bow: (S, $\mathbf{O}$ :) or the thong that is at the lower curved extremity of the bow and that binds the string to the notch: (TA:) or, as also * string, and tlicn wound round the كُظْر, (K, TA,) which is the notch of the bow, into which the ring of the bow-string goes. (TA.) - And A thong, or strap, that is bound to the end of the girth, as an aid to its [main] strap when it becomes loose, or unsteady: (TA:) or a thong, or strap, of the girth, that is tied in a knot to the buckle: pl . . أُطَانِيبُ. (O, TA.) En-Nábighah [Edh-Dhubyánce ( $O$ )] says, ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{TA}$,) describing horses, and the same words occur in a verse of Selámeh, (TA,)

* يَرْفُنْ قَدْ قَلِقَتْ عُقْدُ الوَّطَانِبب
which is said to mean, [Striking the ground with

 is here put for عُقْدُ for the sake of the metre.]) One says also غَارَاتُ تِ ,أطَانِيبُ, (A, O, ) meaning $\ddagger$ [IHorses or horsemen, and horsemen making a raid,] following one another (A, O) continuously, nithout [visible] end.
 $\dagger$ [I saw a number fillowing one another of horses or horsemen and of birds]. (U.)
مُطْنَبْ The shoulder, syn. مَنْبَ; and the part between the shouller-joint and the neck, syn. عَاتِق : $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}:$ ) and accord. to a marginal note
 (TA:) pl. مُطَانِبُ. (S., O.) - Also, with the
 pl. as above. (TA.)
مُطْنُ [part. n. of 4, q. v. As such signifying] $\dagger$ I great praiser of cerery one. (TA.) - And نَ $\ddagger$ A river that goes [or flows] far aray.



## مَطْنَبْ مِطْنِبْ : see

 , ropes]. (Ṣ, O.) A man is related to have said to Ubeí Ibn-Kaab, in reply to the latter's advising him to buy a beast to convey him to the place of prayer of the Prophet, مَا أُحِبُّ أَنْ بَيْتِى مُطْنَّبْ بِبَّتِ مُحْهَّدٍ i. e. [I do not like] that my tent should be tied nith tent-ropes to the tent of Mohaminal: as though he reckoned upon a reward for his many foot-steps to the mosque. (O.) - And قَوْتْ مُطْنَّبَّ A bow having an [q. v.] attached to it. (TA.)
[perhaps correctly عَسْرْ مُطْنِبْ

