having a round piece cut out from the middle of and the like: (O, K:) as being likened in colour it (مَقُور) worn by the Egyptian Wezeer, and called, in his time, (the 14th and 15th centuries of our era,) عُرْحَةُ : (see this word : and see De Sacy's Chrest. Arabe, sec. ed., ii. 267-269; and Dozy's Dict. des Noms des Vêtements chez les Arabes, 278-90:) it seems to have resembled our academic hood, of which it was perhaps the original: the term طيلسان is now commonly applied to an oblong piece of drapery, or a scarf, or an oblong shawl, worn in such a manner that one end hangs down upon the side of the bosom, the middle part being turned over the head and under the chin, and the other end being thrown over the shoulder, and hanging down upon the back: this is worn by many of the professional learned men in winter, in Arabian countries: it is also used in the sense of the word عَذَبَةً meaning an end of a turban, when made to hang down between the shoulders : see عَذَب] the pl. ِطْيَالَسَةُ and طَيْلَسُ and طَيْلَسَانُ and طَيْلَسَانُ (of طَيْلَسَانُ (S, M, A, Mgh, Msb, K,) in which the 3 is added because it is a foreign word, (S, M, K,) and طيالس; (M, A;) or the latter is pl. of : (TA:) I do not know (says ISd) any pl. of طَالَسَان: (M, TA:) it is not allowable to form an abbreviation of طَيْلسَان, with kesr to the J, as a compellation, because there is no instance of the measure فَيْعِلْ, with kesr to the و, except in infirm words such as مَيِّتُ and مَيِّتُ يَا ٱبْنَ (Ṣ.) Hence the expression, (Mgh,) الطَّيْلُسَان, [lit., O son of the teylesán,] meaning, O'Ajamee, (A, Mgh,) or Agjamee, (K,) [i.e., Persian, or foreigner,] used in reviling another; (Mgh, K;) for the are those who [most commonly] attire themselves with the طيلسان. (TA.) = See also طُلُس .

Old and worn-out ; (S, M, K;) applied to a garment, or piece of cloth: (M, K:) as also رَجُلُ أَطْلَسُ , Pl. وَلُكُمُ أَطْلَسُ , Ş.) You say وطُلْسُ ا A man whose garment is old and worn-out. (S.) _ A dirhem [of which the impression is obliterated;] having no impression. (Msb, voce A wolf whose hair has fallen off by degrees; (Az, TA;) as also ألشن (IAar, A, K:) or a wolf of a dusty colour inclining to blackness; (S, M, A, K;) and anything of that colour; (S, K;) whether a garment or any other thing: (TA:) fem. طُلْسُ : (M:) pl. طُلْسًا . (A.) __ A man having little hair upon the side of the cheek; pl. غُوسَة. or i. q. كُوسَة [q. v.]: of the the dial. of El-Yemen. (TA.) __ Dirty, or filthy; as also اطلس : (K:) the latter applied to a garment, or piece of cloth, (K, TA,) in the dimis a dusty hue : (TA:) and dimis a dirty rag. (O.) _ A man t dirty, or filthy, in apparel: likened to a wolf in respect of the dusty hue of his clothes: (M:) or black and dirty. (O.) _ [Hence,] + A man who is accused of foul, or evil, conduct; (Sh, O, K;) and so an expression used by Ows Ibn-أطْلَسُ التَّوْبَيْنِ Hajar. (Sh, O.) __ ; Black, as an Abyssinian

to a wolf. (TA.) [See also طُلُس.] __ ‡ A thief: (O, K:) because of his evil nature, (TA,) being likened to a wolf. (O, TA.) = [Satin; so called in the present day;] a garment, or piece of cloth, of woven silh: [app. because of its smoothness:] but this is not [of the classical] Arabic: pl. طُلُسُ (TA.) = فَلَكُ الرُّطُلُسِ see , last sentence.

Q. 1: طَلْسَم Ile (a man) made his face to be displeasing, or odious; (M, L, TA;) he contracted it; or made it austere, or morose: and so TA. طُرْسَمَ and مَطْرُسَمَ (L, TA,) and وطُرْمَسَ in art. __ And He (a man) bent down his head; or lowered his eyes, looking towards the ground; or was, or became, silent; syn. أَطْرُقُ: and so طُرْسَمَ; and TA.) ___ [And, accord. to Golius, He receded, or drew back, from fight; followed by عُنْ: (one of the significations assigned in the K to مُوْسَمُ :) he mentions this as on the authority of J: perhaps he found it in a copy of the S in art. طرمس (in and الانْقبَاضُ is expl. as meaning الطَّرْمَسَةُ which النَّكُوصُ), or in some other art. of that work in which I do not remember to have seen it. Also He sculptured, engraved, or inscribed, a thing with talismanic devices or characters. And He charmed, or guarded, or preserved, by means of a talisman. See what follows.]

also written, وطلَّسُور, also written and مَطْلُسُمْ and مِطْلِسُمْر, and مِطْلِسُمْر, and , and مُطْلُسُرٌ,] said by MF to be a Pers., or foreign, word; [perhaps from a late usage of the Greek τέλεσμα;] but [SM says] in my opinion it is Arabic; a name for A concealed secret; [i. e. a mystery: hence our word talisman: accord. to common modern usage, it signifies mystical devices or characters, astrological or of some other magical kind: and a seal, an image, or some other thing, upon which such devices, or characters, are engraved or inscribed; contrived for the purpose of preserving from enchantment or from a particular accident or from a variety of evils, or to protect a treasure with which it is deposited, or (generally by its being rubbed) to procure the presence and services of a or طَلَسْمَاتُ TA) [and طُلَسْمَاتُ or .[.&c.] طلسَّهَاتُ

1. طُلُعَت الشَّهُسُ , (S, O, Msb, K,) aor. 2 [notwithstanding the faucial letter], (Msb, JM, TA,) inf. n. مُطْلِعُ and مُطْلَعُ and مُطْلَعُ, (S, O, Msb, K,) the second and third both used as inf. ns., and also as ns. of place [and of time], (S, O, K,) but the former of them is preferable on the ground of analogy as an inf. n., and the latter as a n. of place (Fr, O) or of time, (Zj, O,) The sun rose, (MA,) or appeared; (K;) and in like manner

is said of the moon, (TA,) and of a star, or an asterism; (S, O, K;) and so اطلع ; (K;) [and * طَلَعَت means أَطْلَعَتِ الثُّرَيَّا [i. c. The Pleiades rose], as in a verse of El-Kumeyt [in which, however, the verb may, consistently with the metre, be a mistranscription for [اطلعت]; (IB, TA); and أَطْلُعُ is syn. with طُلُعُ in the saying of Ru-beh,

كَأُنَّهُ كُوْكُبُ غَيْمٍ أَطْلَعَا

[As though it, or he, were a star in the midst of clouds, that had risen]. (TA.) One says also, طَلَعَتْ فِيهِ meaning , آتِيكَ كُلَّ يُوْمٍ طَلَعَتْهُ الشَّهْسُ [i. e. I will come to thee every day in which the sun rises]: and it is said in a prayer, طُلُعَت meaning The الشَّهْسُ وَلَا تَطْلُعُ بِنَفْسِ أَحَدِ مِنَّا sun has risen, and may it not have risen with the soul of any one of us]; i. e., may not any one of us have died with its rising: the future being put in the place of the preterite. (TA.) _ And dis is said of anything that appears to one from the upper part [of a thing, or that comes up out of a thing and appears]. (Mgh, Msb.) It is said in the Ksh that الطُّلُوع signifies The appearing by rising, or by becoming clevated. (TA.) One says, طَلَعَتْ سِنَّ الصَّبِيّ The tooth of the child showed its point. (K, TA.) And مُطلَعُ الزُّرُعِ [aor. 2,] inf. n. die, The seed-produce began to come up, and showed its sprouting forth: (T, The seed-produce ap- أَطْلُعُ * الزَّرْعُ The peared: (TA:) and المُرْضِ † The plants, or herbage, of the earth, or land, came forth: (Mgh:) and الشَّجَوُ The trees put forth their leaves. (TA.) And وَطَلَعُ النَّـُوْلُ (O, K,) aor. ، inf. n. وُطُلُوعٌ (TA;) and (O, K) ; أَطْلَعَتِ النَّخْلَةُ (Zj, Ṣ, Mgh, O, Ķ;) or أَطْلَعَ طَنْع Msb;) + The palm-trees, or -tree, put forth the طُنْع [q. v.]; (Zj, S, Mgh, O, Msb, K;) as also لَّعُ اللَّهِ (L, K, TA,) inf. n. وَشُلِيعٌ. (L, TA. [These verbs, in this sense, are app. derived from the subst. طُلُع; but this is obviously from ; طُلُع (.]) مَلَأْتُ لَهُ القَدَحَ حَتَّى يَكَادَ يَطْلُعُ One says also, مَلَأْتُ لَهُ القَدَحَ حَتَّى يَكَادَ يَطْلُعُ I filled for him the drinking-vessel من نُواحيه until it nearly overflowed from its sides]. (TA.) The water in the † تُطلُّعُ لا الهَا الْهَا فِي الإِنَّاءِ الْهَا الْهَا الْهَا الْهَا الْهَا الْهَا vessel poured forth [or overflowed] from its sides. (TA.) __ And طَلَعَ الجَبَلَ (Mgh, Msb, K,) aor. ع, (TA,) inf. n. طلوع, (Msb, TA,) # He ascended upon the mountain; (Mgh, Msb, K, TA;) the prep. [عَنَى] being suppressed; (Mgh;) as also طُلع, with kesr; (K;) and : (TA: طَلَعُهُ signifies the same as الْجَبَلَ [see also مُضْطُلع, in art. فضاع:]) accord. to ISk, one says, طَلَعْتُ الْجَبَلُ, with kesr, meaning + I ascended upon the mountain; (S, O;) but others