by Arabs of the desert, (Ṣ,) tall, or long, and narrow (Ṣ, Ķ) in the head, or top: (Ṣ:) [in the present day applied to a sort of high, conical, cap: and a cowl.] — And + A slender and tall man. (Ṣ, Ķ.) — And, (Ķ.) accord. to IAar, (O,) Low, ignoble, mean, or sordid, (عُدُور), and weak: (O, Ķ:) pl. عُرَاطِير. (O.)

A boy having a طُرة; as also مُطَرّد: and the latter with is applied to a girl. (So in a copy of the A.) جَلَبُ مُطِرِّ + [A thing, or things, brought for the purpose of traffic,] come from the extremities (أَطْرَار) of the country. (TA.) خَصَبُ مُطِرِّ Anger that is misplaced, and for a thing that does not require it: (S, K:) or in which is somewhat of boldness, or presumptuousness: or such as is vehement, or violent. (TA.) خَادُ فُلانَ مُطَرًا - Such a one came domineering, or exalting himself; behaving boldly, or presumptuously. (As, S.)

مُطرَّة, (O,) or مُطرَّة, or مُطرَّة, (accord. to different copies of the K,) with damm, (K,) [and accord. to the TK with fet-h to the b,] Custom, habit, or wont: (O, K:) so says AZ: (O:) [the form given in the O seems to be preferable: but] F has also mentioned it as without teshdeed, [i. e. مُطرِّة,] and thus it is mentioned [in the K] in art. مطر. (TA.)

مُطِرُّ see مُطَرِّر.

in two places. مَطْرُورُ

## طرأ

1. مُرْأً عَلَيْهِ (S, Mgh, Msb, K) and طُرُّة, (S, K,) He came to them from a place; (K;) or from a distant place, unexpectedly: (Mgh:) or he came forth upon them (S, Msb, K) from a place, (K,) or from a distant place, (TA,) unexpectedly, (K, TA,) or from another country, or territory, or town, or the like: (S:) or he came to them without their knowledge: or he came forth upon them from an opening, or a wide, open tract: the original word is [said to be] دَراً [q. v.: see also طُوا, in art. طرو (TA.) And طُورًا, (Msb, TA,) said of a thing, (Msb,) aor. as above, (Msb, TA,) inf. n. طران [app. طران], (Msb,) It came, (Msb, TA,) came to pass, happened, or occurred, (Msb,) unexpec-طَرَأُ عَلَى ,tedly. (Msb, TA.) It is said in a trad. من القرآن, as though meaning A portion of the recitation of the Kur-an came to my turn at an unexpected time. (TA.) = طُرُوُ [aor. 4,] (Mgh, Msh, K,) inf. n. طَرَاءً (Mgh, K) and طَرَاءة, (K,) in some of the copies of the K طَرْأَةُ and طَرْأَةً (TA,) It (a thing, Msb) was, or became, fresh, juicy, or moist; (Msb;) contr. of ذَوَى; (K;) i. q. طُرُو , inf. n. طُرَاوة, (Mgh, Msb,) of which it is a dial. var., (Msb,) and which is the more common. (TA.)

2. مَارَّاهُ, inf. n. تَطُرِئَة, He rendered it fresh, juicy, or moist. (TA.)

4. اطراد He praised him: (TA:) or he praised him greatly, or extravagantly; or exceeded the just, or usual, bounds, in praising him: (K, TA:) accord. to Es-Sarakustee, أَطْرِيْتُهُ signifies I praised him: and أُطْرِيْتُهُ, [in like manner,] I eulogized, or commended, him. (Msb.) [See also the latter verb in art. طرود]

i. e. The tide, or what pours forth at once, of the torrent]: (K:) from "he came forth" from a land. (TA.)

مُوْرَانَى , (O, K,) or مُوْرَانَى , occurring in the poetry of El-'Ajjáj, (TA,) A road, or way, and an affair, or event, unknown, or disapproved, or deemed strange or extraordinary: (O, K:) [or an affair, or event,] unknown, &c., and wonderful. (TA.)

אלונט, an epithet applied to a pigeon, (O, K,) and to an event, (K,) Of which one knows not whence it has come: (K:) an irregular rel. n. from לנוֹ שׁבְּיוֹ שׁבְּיוֹ "Such a one came forth upon us without our knowing him:" (TA:) [or] שׁלוֹ שׁבִּיוֹ שׁנִי is the name of a certain mountain in which are many pigeons; (O, K;) and hence the epithet above mentioned as applied to a pigeon: (O, TA:) Aboo-'Obeyd El-Bekree writes this name, in the Moajam, with damm to the first letter and teshdeed to the second: the vulgar say שׁבּוֹנוֹשׁ, which is a mistake. (TA.) — See also

طَرِيْ: Fresh, juicy, or moist; (A,\* Mgh,\* Msb, TA;) a dial. var. of . (Msb.)

مَارِئُ part. n. of طَارِئُ, applied to a man, and to a thing: (Mṣb:) the pl. is أُمَّادُ, (K, TA,) like عُلَمَاءُ, (TA,) and عُلَمَاءُ, (K, TA,) like عُلَمَاءُ, and MF mentions, as from the M, أَمُّالُهُ, like عُدَمُ مَا اللهُ اللهُ إِلَى اللهُ اللهُ إِلَى اللهُ إِلَى اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ إِلَى اللهُ اللهُ

أَوْلُقُة + A calamity, or misfortune, (O, K, TA,) of which one knows not whence it has come. (TA.)

in the TA, and there said to be the subst. (اسْم) from أَطْرَأُهُ but I think that it is evidently and not the subst., but the act. part. n. (اَصُّرَاهُ ), of أَطْرَأُهُ أَلَى ).

## طرب

1. طُرِبُ, (Ṣ, Mṣb, TA,) sor. -, (Mṣb,) inf. n. فرَبُ, (Ṣ,\* Mṣb, Ķ,\* TA,) He was, or became, affected with emotion, or a lively emotion, or

excitement, agitation, or unsteadiness, (عَفَى, S, Mṣb, K, TA,) [of the heart or mind,] by reason of joy or of grief, (K, TA,) or of intense grief or joy, (S,) or of intense fear or joy: (Mṣb:) or [he was moved with joy, or delight;] he was joyful, mirthful, or glad: and the contr., i. e. he was affected with grief, sadness, or sorrow. (K,\*TA.) [See طُربت الأبل [The camels became excited by reason of the driver's urging them with singing]. (A, TA.)

— And طربت عن الطّريق [written in the TA without any syll. signs, app. عدلت [i. e. I deviated (عَدُلْت) from the road, or way]. (TA.)

2. طرب, (TA,) inf. n. بُطُويب, (K,) He sang. (K, TA.) And طرّب في صَوْته He trilled, or quavered, and prolonged, his voice: (Msb:) or is the prolonging of the voice, التَّطُريبُ في الصُّوْت and modulating it sweetly. (S, TA.) And, said of a bird, or, accord to some, peculiarly of the مُكَانًا, It prolonged its voice, and trilled, or quarered, it, or warbled. (TA.) And in like manner, طرب في قراءته (A, TA) He prolonged, and trilled, or quavered, his voice in his reciting, or reading; (TA;) and في غنائه [in his singing]. (A.) And قَوَّاً بِالتَّطْرِيبِ [He recited, or read, with a prolonging, and trilling, or quavering, of the voice]. (A, TA.) \_ And طُرْبُوا They raised their voices, cried out, or cried aloud, time after time. (Skr, TA.) = طربه : sec 4. \_ [Freytag adds that, in the "Fákihet el-Khulafa," p. 42, l. 5 infr., it means He asserted him to have sung excellently.]

4. أطريه He, (Ṣ,) or it, (one's voice, A,) caused him to be affected with عَرْبُ [i. e. emotion, or a lively emotion, &c.]; as also أعربه ; (Ṣ, A;) [and أعربه ; for] تطريب signifies the same as اطريب إفاراب ; (K:) [generally, he, or it, rendered him lively, brish, or sprightly: and] is said of joy, and of grief, meaning [it affected him with عَرْبُ or] it rendered him restless, or unsteady. (MA.)

5: see the next preceding paragraph, in two places.

10. שלתי (i. e. emotion, or a lively emotion, &c.], (K, TA,) and diversion, sport, or play. (TA.) — And They (a party, or company of men,) became affected with intense שלתי (A, TA.) — אלתי (A, TA.) אלתי (A, TA.)

وَٱسْتَطْرَبَتْ ظُعْنَهُمْ لَمَّا ٱحْزَالٌ بِسِمْ

آلُ الشُّحَى نَاشِطًا مِنْ دَاعِبَات دَد