## طـحن - طـهل

 and ${ }^{\text {bequaly }}$. (Mṣb. [The second and third of these pls. appear to be rare; for it is said in the TA that the first is the only pl. form: and the last is anomalous.]) One says of the horse, y طِ طِعَارَ [lit. He has no spleen]; which is a metaphor, meaning $\ddagger$ he is quick, or swift, in his running; like as one says of the camel, لَ مَرْارةّ "لَ [lit. "he has no gall-bladder"]; meaning "he has no daring." (S., O.)

طَاجل: see the next paragraph, in two places.
أطْعَلُ Of a colour like that of the طِحَال [or spleen], (Ham p. 96, and TA,) thus applied to a [garment of the kind called] S, (TA,) and this is said to be the primary signification: or of the colour of ashes: (Ham ubi suprà:) or of the colour termed طُطْ"ُ expl. above, (S. $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$, ) thus applied to a wolf, $(\mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}$,$) and thus the fem.$
 the masc. applied to ashes (رمّاء) : ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{O}:$ ) also, (S, O, ) and (O) .6, q. v.,]) applied to beverage or wine (شَرَانِ), (S., O, K,) meaning not clear, (S., O,)

 TA). And one says فَرتُ أَخْضَرُ أَطْْحْلُ meaning A horse whose غُضْرَ [i. e. dingy ash-colour, or dark dust-colour,] is overspread by a little yellowness. (S., O.)

مَطَمِلْ same, also, last sentence.

## طهجلب

Q. 1. طَمْلَبَ الهُاًَ, (Ş, K, TA,) inf. n. (KL,) The water became overspread with the green substance called طُمْلُب: : (S.,* TA :) or had much thereof. (K, TA.) - And كَهْلَبَتِ الأَرْضُ $\dagger$ The land became green with herbage: (K, TA :) or began to become so. (TA.) = طَهْلَبَ الْبِلَ
 He slew such a one. (K.)
 (Lh, M, K) The green substance, ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$, ) or green slimy substance, ( $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{B}} \mathrm{b}$ ) that overspreads water (S, Mṣb, K ) which has become stale: ( $\mathbf{K}$ :) or what is upon water, resembling the web of the spider: n. un. with o. (TA.) [See also عَرْمَضْ.]

كَا عَلَيْهِ طِّهِلبَةٌ There is not upon him a hair.

 and "(K,) this last anomalous, like -OB, or originating from the supposition of the verb's being trans., (MF,) A source, (S.)
 having much thereof. (K.)

1. طَحَهُ, [aor. =,] inf. n. طَحْمُ, He filled it. (TA.)
 in some copies of the $\mathbf{S}$ ) and ${ }^{1}$ (as meaning tide, or rush,] of a torrent, (S, $\mathbf{K}$, ) and so [as meaning tide] of a valley, ( $\mathbf{K}$, ) and so [as meaning irruption, or invasion,] of night ; ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$;) and the greater, or main, part of a torrent, and of night: (S:) or the first دُْنْة), and the greater, or main, part: or the impulse, or driving, of the greater, or main, part [of a torrent]: and accord. to $Z$, طحمهُ اللَّيْلِ tropical, and means $\ddagger$ the greater, or main, part of the blachness of night. (TA.) - And $\ddagger A$ company, or congregated body, of men: (S, A, K, TA :) or, as in the M, a rush, or rushing body, of men, more in number than such as are termed قَادِية, which means the first that come to one, or come upon one. (TA.) - And الِّمْهَةُ means $\ddagger$ The [or wheeling about, or the defeat, and return to fight,] of men on the occasion of فتنة [i. e. conflict and faction, or the like]. $(T A)=$. See also $\quad$ طَ

 And Numerous camels. (K.)
 plain, or soft, land, of the kind called قَهْض: (TA:) or i.q. نَجِّل, (AḤ, K, TA,) which is the lest of all the ${ }^{\text {anْ , [herbaceous, i. e.] not }}$ having nood fit for fuel nor such as is fit for carpentry, and eaten by the camels; ( AH n ,
 by AḤn to be of the hind called the leaves, and having much juice. (TA.)

[^0] or a bow of which the arron is swift. (TA.)
 as though impelling, or propelling, themselves]. (TA.)
مَطْهُوْرْ Filled. (K.)

## طحن

1. 1 . K, ) said of a man, (S,) He ground the wheat ; i. e. he made the wheat into دَقِقق [i. e. flour]; and so [but app. in an intensivé sense] ط" (K.) - [Hence $]$ one says, crushed them and destroyed them]. ( T and M and K in art. .) And مُرمٌ war that crushes every thing]. (TA. [See also ([طَمُونٌ And [Time, or
|death, reduced them to dust]. (TA.) - And one says also, طَمَنْتِ الرَّحَى [The mill-stone ground; or revolved]. (S.) ——And [hence,] طَمَنْتِ الأْفعى The viper turned round about; or coiled itself. (S. $\mathbf{~ K . * ) ~}$

2: see the preceding paragraph, first sentence.
طَحْنْ : see what next follows.
 (MA:) or ground wheat and the like; [or meal;] and sometimes the inf. n., $\downarrow$, is used in this sense. (Mṣb.) Hence the prov., أسْ [I hear a sound of the mill, or mill-stone, but I see not flour]. (K.)
 S, K, TA,) in form like [the species of lizard, or
 slonder (أُنْطَفُ) than this latter, that raises its tail like as does the pregnant camel, and, when bidden to grind, by the children of the Arabs of the desert, grinds with itself the ground until it becomes concealed in the soft soil; and one never sees it but in a tract of ground such as is termed : Az says that ${ }^{\text {بَلُّوقَة }}$ : small creeping thing (دويبّة) like the [beetle called] جُعْل ; and that speaking, the latter is a coll. gen. n., and the former is the n. un.:] As says that it is [a creature] smaller than the hedge-hog, that comes into existence in the sands, appearing sometimer, and turning round as though grinding, and then diving [into the sand]: (TA: [see also عَوْانَّ :]) and, (K,) accord. to Aboo-Kheyreh, (TA,) the

 the pistachio-nut, in colour like the dust, that buries itself in the earth. (TA.) - [Hence, app.,]
 short, having in him لُوثَة [app. meaning stupidity, or the like]; and IB says that he who is tall, having in him لوثة, is termed عُسْقُق: (TA:) accord. to IAar, short in the utmost degree: (Az, TA:) accord. to IKh, the shortest of the short; and the tallest of the tall is termed سهْرْطول. (TA.)
 two places.
 everything. (TA.) And [hence] الطُّهُونُ is a name for + War. (Az, K, *TA.) - And [hence
 what it meets: (S, TA :) or a great or $a$ كتيبة of horsemen, mighty, or valorous, and numerous. (TA.) - And + Numerous camels;
 when they are [many, and are] such as are termed رِفًا, and have their onners nith them; (TA;)
 q. v.:) and the former, about three hundred sheep or goats; (K ; ) accord. to Lh; but ISd


[^0]:    طَمُوْر That impels, or propels, much, or vehemently : ( $\mathbf{K}$ :) applied to a bow; as also طَمُوْر:

