Book I.]

and fem., (M, K, and Bd in xx. 123,) being an inf. n. used as an epithet. (Bd ibid.) [Like the Pers. مَكَان ضَنْك One says مَكَان ضَنْك A narrow, or strait, place. (IDrd, O, TA.) And عَيْشُ ضَنْك A strait life; or strait sustenance, or means of subsistence ; (IDrd, O, TA ;) as also * عَيْشٌ ضَنيكٌ : (AA, O, K, TA :) and thus مَعيشة ضنائًا in the Kur xx. 123; where some read * ضَنْكَى اike : (Bd :) or this means such as is unlawful; (O, TA;) every life that is unlawful being termed ضنك, accord. to Lth, even though it be ample: (O, TA:*) Aboo-Is-hak thinks it to mean [subsistence] in the fire of Hell : but says that most explain this phrase in the Kur as meaning the punishment of the grave: (TA:) thus it means accord. to Ibn-Mes'ood : (O :) or, accord. to Katádeh, Hell: (O, TA:) or, accord. to Ed-Dahhák, forbidden gain: (TA:) or, as some say, الزَّحُومُ [q. v.], and الضَّرِيعُ [q. v.]. (Bd.)

ضُنَاكً see : ضُنْكَةٌ. ضَنْكٌ see : ضَنْكَى. ضِنَاكٌ sce : ضَنَاكٌ.

ضُنَاك A coryza, or defluxion from the head and nose; syn. زُكَامٌ; (S, O, K;) as also ضُنْكَةً (K.)

ضنًا في ; (O, K, &c. ;) accord. to El-Fárábee, (O, TA,) and J [in the S], (TA,) * ضَنَاك ; but accord. to others, with kesr, and this is the right; (O, TA;) Compact in flesh; applied to a woman: (El-Fárábee, S, O:) or plump, and compact in flesh; so applied: (Lth, TA:) or heavy in the hinder part, (K, TA,) and large in body; (TA;) so applied: (K,* TA:) or having much flesh; applied to a male and to a female, without 5: (IAth, TA :) and firm in make, and strong; applied to a male and to a female; (K, TA;) of human beings, and of camels, and in like manner of palm-trees and of trees in general: (TA:) and, applied to a she-camel, thick in the hinder part : (TA :) and [large; applied to trees (شَجَر): or] large trees. (Ibn-'Abbad, O, K.)

غنيك see خنيك _____ Also Weak in his body, and in his intellect, (AZ, O, K,) and in his judgment, and in his soul. (K.) _____ And A servant who works for his bread. (AZ, O, K.) _____ And i. q. مَعْطُوع [Cut off; &c.]. (AA, O, K.)

فَنْنَاكُ Hard, and firm and compact in flesh; (Lh, O, K;) applied to a man; (Lh, O;) as also ضَنَاكُ: (K:) fem. خَصْنَاكُ (Lh, O, K;) applied to a woman. (Lh, O.) And, applied to a she-camel, Great, (K, TA,) and compact in make: (TA:) as also with 5. (K.)

مَضَنَكُ (TA,) or مَتَضَنَّكُ (O,) Affected with a constant, or chronic, pervading disease; or emaciated by disease so as to be at the point of death. (O, TA.)

ضُنَاك Affected with the malady termed مَضْنُوكُ [q. v.]. (Ş, O.)

مُضْنَكٌ see : مُتَضَنَّكٌ. Bk. I. ضنو

1. ضَنَّا المُرْأَةُ , inf. n. ضَنَتَ المُرْأَةُ (S, M, K) and ضَنَّا (M, K,) The woman had many children; (S, M, K;) as also ضَنَيَتَ (K:) and so with . . (S.) — And مُضَنَا نَصِيبُهُ His share, or portion, became redundant; it increased, or augmented. (Sgh, K.)

ضَنُو and ضَنُو *Children*, or offspring; (AA, Ṣ, Ķ;) like ضَنْ and ضَنْ and ضَنْ ; as also بُضْنًا (K;) like ضَنْ and to IAar. (TA.)

see what next precedes.

ضني

1. مَنْبِيَ (Ṣ, M, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. -, (Mṣb, Ķ,)

inf. n. نضغی; (Ṣ, M, Mgh, Mṣb, K;) and * نضغ; (Ṣ, M, Mgh, Mṣb, K;) and * significs the same; *He was*, or *became*, *slender*, *and small in body*: and hence, (Ḥam p. 112,) he was, or became, diseased, disordered, or sick; (Ṣ, and Ḥam ibid.;) because disease occasions leanness, or emaciation: (Ḥam:) or he was, or became, lean, or emaciated: (so accord. to the explanation of the inf. n. in the Mgh:) or he was, or became, affected with a disease, disorder, or sichness, (M, Mṣb, K,) of long continuance, and settled, (M,) or constant, so that he was at the point of death, (Mṣb,) or such as infected, or pervaded, him, and so that, whenever he thought himself to be recovering, he relapsed. (K.) = [See also 1 in art. junctime.]

3. مُعَانَاة *i. q.* anifying The suffering, or enduring, [or contending with,] the difficulty, or trouble, or inconvenience, of a thing; as also مُعَانَاة (KL.)

4. أضناه, said of a disease, disorder, or sickness, (Ṣ, M, Mgh, Mṣb, Ķ,) It rendered him such as is termed مَضَنَّى or ضَنَى (M, Mṣb, Ķ:) rendered him lean, or emaciated: (Mgh:) or oppressed him; burdened him heavily; overburdened him; or overcame him, and rendered him heavy. (Ṣ, TA.) — And أَضْنَى He hept to the bed by reason of what is termed ضَنَّى [i. e. leanness, or emaciation; or disease, disorder, or sichness, or such as was of long continuance, &c.: see 1]. (TA.)

5. تضنّى Ile (a man) feigned himself diseased, disordered, or sich. (TA.)

8. ضناً : see 1. ____ See also 8 in art. ضطنى.

inf. n. of 1. (Ṣ, M, &c.) — Also, [in some copies of the K erroneously written (بَضَنِيُّ and * نَضَنَيْ (Ṣ, M, Mṣb, Ķ;) the former applied alike to a man (Fr, IAạr, T, Ṣ, Mṣb) and to a woman (IAạr, T, Ṣ, Mṣb) and to two persons (Mṣb) and to a pl. number, (Fr, IAạr, T, Ṣ, Msb,) because originally an inf. n., (Ṣ, Mṣb,) for do not dualize it nor pluralize it, because it is [originally] an inf. n., and others dualize it and pluralize it; (M;) but * خَبْنَ has a fem. (Mṣb) and a dual and a pl., (Ṣ,) its fem. being (Mşb, TA) [and its dual (ضَنَانَ) and the pl. is i أَضْنَانَ (TA;) [Slender, and small in body: and hence, (see 1,)] diseased, disordered, or sick: (S:) [or lean, or emaciated : (see again 1:)] or affected with a disease, disorder, or sickness, (M, Mşb, K,) of long continuance, and settled, (M,) or constant, so that he is at the point of death, (Mşb,) or such as infects, or pervades, him, and so that, whenever he thinks himself to be recovering, he relapses. (K.) You say, ضَنَى [I left him lean, or diseased, &c.]. (S.)

ضَنِّ، fem. خَنْنَة: see the next ; ضَنِيَة : see the next preceding paragraph, in three places.

نسنّى, [written in the TA ضنّى, but the final radical is رمى with kesr, accord. to IAar, signifies Pains that cause fear. (TA.)

نَسَلَاهُ , like سَلَاهُ [in measure, The state of such as is termed ضَنَّى or ضَنَّى, a subst. from ضَنَى (Mşb.)

مُضْنَى Rendered lean, or emaciated; [&c.;] (Mgh;) pass. part. n. of 4 [q. v.]. (Mgh, Msb.)

ضهأ

3. مُضَاهَاتُه is syn. with مُضَاهَاتُه (K, TA, [the j before مُضَاهَاتُه in the CK should be erased,]) i. q. مُشَاحَلَة in the CK should be erased,]) i. q. مُشَاحَلَة (S, O, Msb, TA :) you say, مُسَاحَلَة ضَاهَاتُه (Eyn, S, *O, * Msb, * TA,) i.e. I resembled him; syn. مُسَاحَلَة ('Eyn, TA :) [or I conformed with him :] or مُناهَدُه inf. n. as above, signifies he imitated him; syn. مُناوَى inf. n. as above, signifies he imitated him; syn. مُناوَى inf. n. as above, inf. n. as above, inf. n. as above, (Msb:) the verb is read both with and without . in the Kur [ix. 30]. (O, Msb, TA.) i.e. j. (A'Obeyd, TA.) [or Jain above, or became, gentle, tender, or courtcons, or he acted, or behaved, gently, &c., with him, or to him. (A'Obeyd, K, * TA.)

1. أَسْبَهُ عالنار aor. -, (K,) inf. n. ضَبَهُ بالنار, (TK,) He altered it, (K, TA,) and changed its colour, (TA,) by means of fire. (K, TA.) [See also 2.] said of a man, (O, K,) aor. -, (TA,) inf. n. ضَبُوْ, (O, K,) † He failed of fulfilling his promise (أَحْلُفَ), and was weak, and not like a man : (O, K, TA :) as though likened to meat not thoroughly cooked. (TA. [See 2.]) — And objective signifies صَبَبُ القُوْمِ li.e. The people's of being mixed, or confused]: (JK, O:) or mixed or promiscuous multitude or collection, of people]. (So in the K. [But I think that this explanation is a mistranscription.]) [Or it signifies The people's multiplying themselves, and hastening: for] it is said in the "Nawádir" that "

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