

صفح ذراعیه لعظم کلبا

[As the spreading forth of his fore legs, to, or for, a bone; I mean a dog]; کلبا being put in the accus. case as an explicative: or he here uses an inversion; meaning صفح کلب ذراعیه. (L.) — And صفحه, (S,) or صفحه بالسيف; (K;) and اصفحه, (S,) or اصفحه بالسيف; (TA;) He struck him with the side, or flat, of the sword, (بغرضه, TA, or بغرضه, S, K,) [i. e. with its صفح, or صفحه,] not with its edge. (TA.) — And صفحه, (S, IAth, K, TA,) aor. ٤, inf. n. صفح; (TA;) and اصفحه, (S, K, TA,) inf. n. اصفاح; (TA;) He turned him back, or sent him away; namely, a person asking, or begging; (S, K, TA;) he refused his request: (IAth, TA;) and صفحه He refused him the thing that he wanted. (TA.) — And صفحه also signifies He gave to him. (IAth, TA.) [Thus it has two contr. meanings.] — Also He gave him to drink any kind of beverage (K, TA) and at any time. (TA.) — And صفح الإبل على الحوض He made the camels to pass by the watering-trough; [app. watering them;] syn. امرها عليه. (S, K.)

2. صفح, (K,) inf. n. تصفيح, (S,) He made a thing wide, or broad; (S, K;) as also صفح; (K;) [and اصفح;] see مصفح. One says of a sword, صفح, inf. n. as above, It was made broad, or wide, and lengthened out, in the forging. (IAq, S, TA.) = تصفيح is also syn. with تصفيق, (S, Mṣb, K,) meaning The clapping with the hands. (S, IAth, TA.) One says, صفح بيديه and صفق [He clapped with his hands]; (A, TA;) he struck one of his hands upon the other: (Mgh:) or he struck with the outer side of the right hand upon the inner side of the left hand. (O in art. صفق.) [Golius gives صفح in this sense, erroneously, as from the S; and Freytag, this form as well as صفح.] And it is said in a trad., التصبیح للرجال والتصبیح للنساء, or, as some relate it, التصفیح instead of التصبیح, [The saying صفح الله سبحان الله is for men, and the clapping with the hands is for women;] (S, Mgh, TA;) i. e., when the Imám is inadvertent, the person whom he leads should, if a man, rouse him by saying الله سبحان الله; and if a woman, should clap with her hands, instead of speaking. (IAth, TA.)

3. مصافحة signifies The taking by the hand; (S, A, K;) as also تصافح; (A;) or the latter has a like meaning: (S, K:*) or the former signifies [the joining hands; i. e.] the putting the hand [of one] in the hand [of another] in meeting and saluting: (Ham p. 802:) or the making the palm of the hand to cleave to [that of] the hand [of another], and turning face to face. (L.) You say, صفحه بيده He took him by his hand. (A.) And صفحته, inf. n. as above [and صفحا], I applied my hand to his hand; (Mṣb;) or I put

the palm of my hand upon the palm of his hand. (TA.) — And لقيه صفحا He met him turning towards him the صفح [or side] of his face: (TA:) or he met him face to face; i. q. صفحا. (TA in art. صقب:) [and] he met him suddenly, or unexpectedly. (Ham p. 802.)

4. اصفحه: see 1, latter part, in three places: — and see also 2. — Also He inverted it, or reversed it, (Ibn-Buzurj, K,) namely, a sword; like صابه [q. v.]. (Ibn-Buzurj.)

5. تصفحه He examined its صفحات [or sides]; i. e. a thing's: (S:) or he considered it carefully, or attentively, and examined its صفحات. (A, Mgh.) And تصفحت الكتاب I turned over, or examined, the صفحات, meaning pages, of the book; as also صفحته, inf. n. صفح: (Mṣb:) and تصفحت ورق المصحف I examined the leaves of the مصحف [i. e. volume, or book, or copy of the Kur-an,] one by one. (O, K.) And تصفح القوم, (Lth, A,) and صفحهم, (Lth, O, Mṣb, K,) He looked at the people, seeking for a particular man: (Lth:) or he examined the states, or conditions, of the people, and looked among them, to ascertain whether such a one was to be seen: (A; in explanation of the former:) or he made the people to pass before him, and examined them, one by one: (O, K; in explanation of the latter:) or he beheld [or looked at] the صفحات [or sides] of the faces of the people. (Mṣb.) And تصفح وجوه القوم He examined carefully, or attentively, the faces of the people, looking at their (the people's) external appearances and forms, and seeking to make himself acquainted with their cases: and he looked at the faces of the people, seeking to know them; as also صفحها. (Lth, TA.) And تصفح الامر, (A, TA,) and تصفح في الامر, (K, TA,) and صفح الامر, (TA,) and صفح في الامر, (K, TA,) He looked into the affair, or case. (K, TA.)

6. تصافحا They took each the other's hand. (TK.) See also 3. — Hence, تصافح الأجاجان تصافح The closing together of the eyelids. (Har p. 364.)

10. استصفحه دنيته He asked him, or begged him, to forgive his crime, sin, fault, or offence. (L, TA.)

صفح, (S, A, Mgh, Mṣb, K,) of a thing, (S, A, Mgh,) or of anything; (Mṣb;) and صفحة, (S, A, Mgh, Mṣb,) of a thing, (Mgh,) or of anything; (S, A, Mṣb;) The side; or lateral, or outward, part or portion; syn. of the former ناحية; (S, A;) or of the same, (K,) or of the latter, (S, A,) or of each, (Mgh, Mṣb,) جانب: (S, A, Mgh, Mṣb, K:) and both signify also the face, or surface, or front, of a thing: (Mgh:) pl. [of the former صفحا, as below, and] of the latter صفحات. (Mṣb.) صفحا الشيء signifies The two sides of the thing; syn. جانبا. (TA.) And صفح الإنسان

The side of the human being; (S, O, K:*) as also صلى إلى صفحة بغيره. (O.) And hence, صلى إلى صفحة [He prayed towards the side of his camel]. (Mgh.) And صفح and صفح signify The عرض [i. e. side] (S, O, and K accord. to the TA, but in the CK and in my MS. copy of the K عرض, [which in this instance I think a mistake,] of the face: (S, O, K:) and so of a sword; (K, TA; [in the former of which, in art. عرض, the عرض of a sword is said to be its صفح;]) or the عرض [i. e. breadth, or width,] (S, O, Mṣb, and so accord. to the CK and my MS. copy of the K,) of a sword; (S, O, Mṣb, K;) i. e. contr. of طول; (Mṣb;) [but it may be well rendered its side, or its flat, and so صفحة, for SM says that] صفحتا السيف signifies the two faces, or surfaces, of the sword: (TA:) one says, نظر إليه بصفح وجهه (S, A) and بصفح وجهه (S) [He looked towards him with the side of his face turned towards him] and بصفحته [which means the same]: (A:) but accord. to AO, one says, ضربته بصفح السيف [He struck him with the side, or flat, of the sword], and the vulgar say صفح السيف, with fet-h: (S:) the pl. [of صفح] is اصفاح (K, TA) and [that of صفح] is اصفاح. (TA.) صفحة الرجل signifies The side (عرض) of the breast of the man. (L.) And one says, ضربته على صفحة جنبه [He struck him on the surface, or flat part, of his side; and so على صفح جنبه; but the former is the more common]. (A.) And جلا صفحتي السيف [He polished the two sides, or surfaces, of the sword]. (A.) And كتب في صفحتي الورقة [He wrote upon the two sides, or faces, of the piece of paper]. (A.) صفحات الكتاب signifies The pages, or faces of the leaves, of the book. (Mṣb.) And صفح الكف The face [i. e. palm] of the hand. (L.) And صفحا الكتف The two parts of the scapula that slope down from the غير [or spine thereof]: pl. صفحا. (L.) And صفح الجبل The part of the mountain where the side thereof rests upon the ground; (S, K;) its صفح [q. v.]: (JM:) pl. صفحا. (S.)

صفح: see the next preceding paragraph, in four places.

صفح Excessive width in the forehead. (IAq, K.)

صفح: see صفحة, in ten places. — [Hence,] كاشفه كاشفه i. q. كاشفه [which is used alone as meaning He showed open enmity, or hostility, with him]: (A, TA:) or he showed, or revealed, to him his deed [or crime] which he was concealing. (TA in art. بدو, from a trad. [which shows it to be used in an evil sense].)

صفاح, which is disapproved in horses, is [A quality] like what is termed مسحة [app. meaning a flatness, or an evenness,] in the side (عرض) of