signifies fire نَارْ سَعِيرْ (Akh, S:) or نَارْ سَعِيرْ kindled, or made to burn &c., with other fire. (Lh, TA.) \_ Also Fire (S, K) itself; (S;) and so أعُورَةً \* and يَاعُورُ \* (K:) or [so in the TA, but in the K "and,"] its flame; (K;) as also see what : السُّعيرُ = (. TA.) . سَاعُورٌ ♦ and سَاعُورَةً ♦ next follows.

السَّعْيْرُ (O, K,) and السَّعْيْرُ (S,) or the latter is a mistake, (O, TA,) A certain idol, (S, K,) belonging peculiarly to [the tribe of] 'Anazeh. (Ibn-El-Kelbee, S.) [See an ex. in a verse cited in art. مور.]

. سُعْرَةُ see : سُعِيرَةً

in two places. \_\_ Also A sort سُعُورُ sce سُاعُورُ of fire-place, or oven, (تُنُورُ, K, TA,) dug in the ground, in which bread is baked. (TA.) = And The chief of the Christians in the knowledge of medicine (K, TA) and of the instruments thereof: [said to be] originally , a Syriac word, meaning the investigator of the cases of the diseased. (TA.)

. in two places.

أَسْعَرُ applied to a man, Of the colour termed أَسْعَرُ : fem. سُعْرَاءً . سُعْرَاءً . سُعْرَةً : سُعْرَةً (TA,) Having little flesh, (K, TA,) lean, or lank in the belly, (TA,) having the sinews amparent, altered in colour or complexion, or emaciated, (K, TA,) and slender. (TA.)

The slender part of the tail of a camel. . مساعر See also مساعر.

and أمسعار (S, K) The thing, (K,) or wood, (S,) or instrument of iron or of wood, (TA,) with which a fire is stirred [or made to burn or burn up &c.]: (S,\* K,\* TA:) pl. (of the former, مساعير (A, TA) and [of the latter] مساعر (TA.) \_ Hence one says of a man, إِنَّهُ لَهُ سَعُرُ حَرْبِ 1 Verily he is one who makes the fire of war to rage; (S, A,\* K,\* TA;) a stirrer of the fire of war. (TA.) \_ Also the former, (مسعر), + Long; (AA, S, K;) applied to a neck (K) or some other thing: (TA:) or strong. (As, K.) \_ And, applied to a dog, + Mad. (Ham p. 785.) [See also as an epithet applied to a horse الهسعر\_\_ [.سعر means اَلَّذِي يُطِيحُ قَوَائِهَهُ مُتَفَرِّقَةً وَلَا ضَبَّرَ لَهُ means app., That makes his legs to fall spread apart, and that has no leaping with his legs put together]: (K:) or, in the words of AO, [and so in the O,] app. whose legs thou makest الذي تَطِيحَ قُوائِمَهُ to full &c.]: (TA:) [in the CK, ولا صُبْرَ لَهُ which is, I doubt not, a mistake: and in the TA is added, وقيل وَثُبُّ مُجْتَرِعُ القُوائِمِ, in which is evidently a mistranscription for , referring to مُبْر , which is well known as meaning وَثُبُ , which is well known as meaning مُسَاعِرٌ \* and أَمُ مُسَاعِرٌ \* signifies the same. (AO.)

: see the next preceding paragraph.

see its syn. سَعِيرُ. ... [Hence,] ‡ A man [That eat the plants called مَمْض, sweet in odour]. (K.) اسعف إليه .... [Hence,] ‡ A man [That eat the plants called مُسْعُورُ

And \ Vehemently hungry and thirsty: (TA:) eager for food, even though his belly be full; (K;) and, it is said, for drink also. (TA.) -See also ........

[a pl. of which the sing., if it have one, is probably ارمُسْعُرُ + The armpits, and the groins or similar parts, (S, A, K,) and the lips, (S,) of camels. (S, A, K.)

مُسْعَرُ see مُسْاعِرُ, last sentence.

1: see what next follows.

4. أسعطه رُوّاءُ (S,) or أسعطه (AA, IDrd, Mgh, Msb, K,) He poured, (S, Mgh, Msb,) or introduced, (K,) medicine into his (a man's, S) nose; (S, Mgh, Msb, K;) as also معطفه , aor. ع and ع , (K,) the former of which, namely 2, is the more approved, inf. n. be. (TA.) Both are also [Hence,] اسعطه الرُّمْت He pierced him in his nose with the spear: ('Eyn, K:) or it is like meaning he pierced him in his breast, or أُوْجَرَهُ chest, with the spear. (S.) - [Hence also,] I He took extraordinary pains in making him to understand science, (K, TA,) and in repeating to him what he taught him. (TA.)

8. استعط IIe (a man, S) poured medicine into his (i. e. his own) nose; or had it poured therein; (S, Mgh;) or introduced it, or had it introduced, therein : (K :) the pass. form, أستعط , is not allowable. (Mgh.)

10. + He (a camel, TA) smelled the urine of the she-camel, (K,) or somewhat thereof, (TA,) and it, (K,) or some of it, (TA,) entered into his nose; (K;) then he covered her, and failed not to impregnate. (TA.)

A single introduction of medicine into the nose; as also إِسْعَاطَةٌ لا واحدة. (Lth, K.)

in four places. شعاط: see

Medicine that is poured, (S, Mgh, Msb,) or introduced, (K,) into the nose; (S, Mgh, Msh, K;) [an errhine;] as also عُوط ; (Lh, K;) which is thought, by ISd, to be an instance of assuch as Sb men- سِرَاطٌ for صِرَاطٌ such as Sb mentions. (TA.) \_ Also Sweat. (TA.)

see the next paragraph, in two places.

Sweet, or pleasant, odour, of wine and the like, or of anything: (A'Obeyd, K:) and sharpness, or pungency, of odour; as also استعاط الله sharpness, or pungency, of odour; (K;) the former, [for instance,] of mustard, (ISk,) and so the latter, and likewise استعوط: (TA:) and المسك signifies the odour of mush. (Fr.) A rájiz says, describing camels and their milk,

## حَمْضيَّةُ طَيِّبَةُ السُّعَاطِ ال

smitten by the [hot wind called] سَمُوم (ṢJA.) (AḤn.) And you say, ♥ مُوَّ طَيِّبُ السُّعُوطِ and الاسعاط السعاط ! [He, or it, is sweet in odour: but the latter is perhaps a mistranscription, for bland]. (TA.) \_ The dregs, lees, or sediment, of wine. (S, K.) \_ The vice [or ben]: (K:) the oil thereof: (IB, K:) the oil of mustard: (K:) and the oil of the زُنْبق [or jasmine]. (TA.) = I. q. مسعط [pass. part. n. of 4, q. v.]. (TA.)

: see the next preceding paragraph.

سُعْطُةُ see إِسْعَاطَةً.

مُسْعُطُ (S, Msb, K,) and مُسْعُطُ (Lth, K,) the former an instance of the instr. n. with damm, (S, Msb, TA,) which is extr., (Msb, TA,) like &c., (TA,) The thing, (K,) or vessel, or receptacle, (S, Msb,) into which be is put, (S, Msb, K,) and from which it is poured into the nose. (K.)

1. عَغَتْ يَدُهُ عَدْ : sec 4. عَغَتْ يَدُهُ , (Ṣ, TA,) around the nails; (Ṣ, K, TA;) as also مُشْفُتُ. (S, TA.) \_\_ سَعفَت النَّاقَةُ \_\_ , in the K, erroneously, , with damm, (TA,) or سُعِفُ البَعير, (ISk, S,) The she-camel, (K, TA,) or he-camel, (ISk, S,) became affected with what is termed ...... meaning a disease in the mouth, like mange, or scab, in consequence of which the hair of the [i. e. nose, or fore part of the nose,] falls off, (ISk, S, K,) and the hair of the eyes: (ISk, S:) the like thereof in sheep or goats is termed غَرَب: (S:) accord. to IAar, it is not used in relation to he-camels; and A'Obeyd says the like: accord. to some, as AZ says, it is allowable to use it in relation to he-camels; (TA;) but it is rarely thus used. (K, TA.) \_\_ فغنى, (S, K,) like عنى, (K,) said of a boy, He became affected with the pustules termed ass [q. v.]. (S, K.)

- 2. تَسْعيف The mixing of musk and the like with aromatic perfumes (K, TA) and sweetscented oils. (TA.) One says, سُعَفْ لي دُهْني Mix thou for me my oil with aromatic perfumes]. (ISh, TA.)
- 3. مُسَاعَفَة, (K, TA,) inf. n. مُسَاعَفَة, (Ş, TA,) He aided, assisted, or helped, him; [like is] or [so accord. to the K, but accord. to the S "and,"] agreed, or complied, with him, (S, \* K, TA,) to perform an affair, (TA,) acting towards him with reciprocal purity, or sincerity, of love, or affection, and aiding, assisting, or helping, with him, (K, TA,) well. (TA.) \_ [Hence,] His fortune aided him : and in like manner, الدُّنْيَا [Worldly prosperity aided him]. (A, TA.)
- 4. اسعف, (Ҡ,) inf. n. إِسْعَافٌ, (TA,) It (a thing, TA) drew near, or approached: (K, TA:) and اسعف به it drew near, or approached, to him, or it. '(TA.) \_\_ اسعف له It (an object of the chase) became within his power, or reach.