pedition, or promptness. (TA.) - And + Ease:
 i. e. $\ddagger$ Do thou that in a state of ease (S and $\mathbf{A}$ and K in art. روح) and rest. (A in that art.) =任 quick, or quick and easy in pace, like السُرّ], the name of a certain horse. (K.)

 quichly, expeditiously, or promptly; (TA;) in which is no deferring. (A.) You say also, y
 with quiclness, expedition, or promptness. (TA.)
 Verily thy bounty is quick, expeditious, or prompt. (TA.) - فَّس سَرِيْن A horse without a saddle. (S, K.) =See also the next paragraph, in five places.

A thong with which one sens soles or sandals or the like: ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{O}, \mathbf{K}:$ :) pl. سَرْأِّ (S
 (S, TA':) or, as some say, the thong wherenith is
 plaited] thong that is fastened upon the pastern [of a camel, encircling it like a ring, for the uttachment of a leathern shoe, or sandal]: (TA:) the pl. سُرْ is also expl. as signifying the نُعال [or leathern shoes, or sandals,] of camels: or, as some say, the thongs, or straps, of their نعَال; cach thong, or strap, being called سَرِيـِةْ :
 a hind of thing like the نُعْل with which camels' feet are clad. (TA.) The سُرابـُح of an arrow are The sinews that are wound around it; sing. :سِرِيَعْة : and also certain marls upon it, like those of fire. (TA.) - Also A picce of a garment (K, TA) that has been much torn: (TA:)
 (TA.) - And 1 conspicuous elongated strip of ground, $(\mathrm{O}, \mathbf{K}$, ) even, ( O, ) narrow, and having more trees, or shrubs, ( $\mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}$,) or, as Az says, having more plants, or herbage, and trees, or shrubs, (TA,) than what is around it, ( $0, ~ \mathrm{~K}$, TA,) and rising above what surrounds it; (TA;) so that one sees it to be oblong, abounding with trees, or shrubs, what is around it having fen trees, or shrubs: and sometimes it is what is termed عَقَبْá [app. as meaning a long mountain lying across the nay, and over which one passes]: (O, TA :) pl. سَرَّأتُ (O, K,* TA) and [coll. gen. n.] "سرِيـغ. (TA.) - And An oblong, or enlongated, tract of blood, (K, TA,) when flowing : (TA :) pl. مَرَابُتُ (K,* TA) and [coll. gen. n.] * سُرِيْ (TA.)

> Con : see Also Tall; (S, K; ; ) as an epithet applied to a man. (TA.) = And Locusts, or the locust. (S., O, K, TA. [In the CK, and in my MS. copy of the $\mathbf{K}$, الجَجواد is erroneously put for

(Aboo-'Amr Ez-Záhid, IB :) and the hame of $\boldsymbol{A}$ certain woman, (S, K,) in one instance only. (Aboo-'Amr Ez-Záhid, IB.) -السِرْيَاُ~, (K,) or , ( O, ) is the name of $A$ certain $\operatorname{dog}$. (0, Ḳ.)
[probably meaning Quick, or quick and easy in pace, like ;رسّ"] the name of a horse of El-Mohallak Ibn-Ḥantam. ( $0, ~ K$.

 not any camels, \&c., that go anay to pasture, nor any that return from pasture,] means the has not anything: (S, TA :) and sometimes it means the has not any people, or party. (Lh, TA.) a torrent running, or flowing, easily. (Aboo-Sa'eed, A, TA.) = سُارِّ is also used as a subst., signifying $\boldsymbol{A}$ pastor who sends forth, or sets free, camels, or cattle, to pasture, or to pasture where they please, by themselves, or who sends them forth in the morning to the pasturage: and a people, or party, having camels, or cattle, pasturing, or pasturing where they please, by themselves, or sent forth in the morning to the pasturage. (TA.)

O~O A place of pasturage: (K :) or a place into which beasts are sent forth, or sent forth in the morning, to pasture: ( $\mathrm{O}:$ ) pl. مُتّارِّ. (TA.)和 occurs in a trad., of UmmZara, meaning [He has camels whose places of pasturage are fers; i.e.] his camels do not go forth into distant pasturages, but lie down in his outer court, or yard, in order that they may be near by to supply the guests with their milk and their flesh. (TA.)

:Tno wooden thinjs, or two pieces of wood, [composing a yoke,] that are bound upon the nech of the bull with which one ploughs. (AHn, TA.)
مِسرَعةa An instrument with which hair and flax or the like are separated and combed. (TA.)
[or mirage]: (K : [in some copies of which, الشَّرَّرَبُ in put in the place of ([: السّرَابُ (: mentioned on the authority of Th; but he was not sure of its correctncss: (TA:) a dial. var. of مَشْرُ in this sense. (TA in art. شرحْ
 places. - Also the former, (K, TA,) applied to a man, (TA,) Lying upon his back, or lyiug as though thrown down or extended, and parting his legs. (K, TA.) - And Denuded, or divested, of his clothes; or making himself to be so: or having fer clothes; lightly clad: (TA:) or coming, or going, forth from his clothes; ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}$;) or so
 ( $\ddagger$ He is divested, or divesting himself, of the apparel of generosity. (A.) - And [applied to a camel as meaning] Divested of his وبّ [i. e. fur, or soft hair]. (TA.)

- المُنْسِرِّ is also the name of $A$ kind of verse; (Ṣ, O, K ; ) [namely, the tenth ;] the [full] measure of which is

tnice. (0.)
 $\mathbf{K}$;*) [said to be] applied only to a female: (Ṣ:) or, as some say, a mare that moves the fore legs quickly in runniny: and a horse of generous race, or excellent, and light, or active: said by Az to be mostly applied to the horsc-kind, but restricted by some to the female. (TA.) And A she-camel snift, and lung [in the body]. (TA.) It is also applied to a man, (K, meaning Tall, and beautiful in body: and with 0 , to a woman: but not known to the Kilábees as applied to a human being. (TA.) - السُرحُوبُ The jachal; syn.
 dwelling in the sea. (K.) = (K, TA,) with the $ب$ quiescent, (TA,) [in the CK with $\begin{aligned} & \text { بُ } \\ & \text { ] } A \text { cry by which the eve is called }\end{aligned}$ on the occasion of milking. (K.)


## سرحل <br> . سرّرحّانٍ

## مسر3

1. 3 , سر, aor. 2, inf. n. Ile carried on a thing, or put it furnard from one staje to another, in regular order, consecutively, or one part immediately after another, uninterruptedly; he made it consecutive, successire, or uninterrupted, in its progressions, or gradations, or the like:
 may have an intensive signification.] - You say, , سرّرٌ الدِّرْعَ (A,) [aor. and] inf. n. as above; (Ṣ, $\mathbf{K}$, ) IIe fubricated the coat of mail ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{K}$ ) by inserting the rings one into another: (S, A:) [and so (as appears from an explanation of its pass. part. n.) \سرّره ; or this may have an intensive signification:] and ${ }^{\text {jo }}{ }^{\prime}$. signifies the same. (K in in art. (.) [See also سرد below.] And (M,) inf. n. as above; (M, K ;
 (M,) inf. n. إسْرأ; (TA;) Me perforated the thing [as one does in fabricating a coat of mail, (see, again, $\quad 00$, below,) and in sewing leather]: ( $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{K}:$ :) some say that ${ }^{00} \mathrm{~m}$ signifies the act of perforating. (S..) - And inf. n.


 (S, K.) . [app. meaning He coverel the camel's foot with thongs interwoven]. (M.) - And
 (Ṣ, M, Mṣb,) inf. n. سرْ ; (Ṣ, M, Mṣb, K ; ) and * (TA;) $\ddagger$ He carried on, or continued, uninterruptedly, (S.,* M, A, Mṣb, K.,*) and well, (S, K,) the narrative, or tradition, or discourse, (S. M, A, Mṣ, K, and the like ; ( M ;) and in
