or it, concealed himself or itself: (K:) it (a thing, or an affair,) became hidden or concealed or secret: (A, Msb:) it (the moon) became concealed (S, M, A, TA) by the light of the sun, (TA,) [i. e. by its proximity to the sun,] for one night, or for two nights. (AO, S.) the took extraordinary pains in concealing it, or keeping it secret. (TA.) See also 5, in four places. He revealed to me his secret. (TA.) See also 1; and see 6, last sentence.

مَّرُ A man who rejoices, or gladdens, another; or makes him happy; (S, K;) [and so أَنْ :] fem. مَنْ ; with which أَنَّ is syn. (Lh, M, K.)

You say رَجُلْ بَرْ سَرُ A man who treats with goodness and affection and gentleness, and rejoices &c., (S, K, TA,) his brethren: (TA:) pl. بَرُونَ (S, K.)

: see سُرُورُ: = and سُرُرُ, last sentence but one.

It is also a contraction of سُرُرُ, pl. of سُرُرُ, pl. of سُرُرُ, pl. of سُرُرُ, pl. of بَسْرُرُ, pl. of بَسْرُرُ, pl. of بَسْرُرُ, (S, M.) = Also, and أَسْرُرُ, (S, M, K,) and أَسْرُدُ (S, K, in the CK, سُرُرُ). The navel-string of a child; i. e. the thing that the midwife cuts off from the navel (سُرُو) of a child; (S, K;) the thing that hangs from the navel (قَبْنُ ) of a newborn child, and that is cut off: or is signifies the part that is cut off thereof, and that goes away: (M:) pl. (of سُرُوّ (S, K,) which is extr. (M.) (Yaakoob, S, M, K,) which is extr. (M.) One says, أَسْرُدُ أَنْ يُقْطَعُ سُرُوْ (Yaakoob, S, M, K,) which is extr. (M.) One says, أَسْرُدُ وَاحِد that before thy navel-string was cut]: one should not say وَلَدُتُ لُلُونَةً فَى سَرُدُ وَاحِد الْمُعْتَ لَلْكُ قَبْلُ أَنْ يُقْطَعُ سُرُدُ وَاحِد (Boys] consecutively, or one at the heels of another. (M.) [See also سُر, last sentence.]

A secret; a thing that is concealed, or suppressed, (S, M, A, Mgh, Msh, K,) in the mind; (TA;) as also المريرة الارجة (S, M, A, K:) or the former has the above-mentioned signification, and the latter signifies a secret action, whether good or evil: (Lth:) [and the former, also, a mystery :] pl. of the former, أُسُوار ; (S, M, A, Mgh, Msb, K;) and of the latter, سُوَائر (S, A, K.) It is said in a prov., سَمْ مُعْلَيْهُ بِسَرْ [The day of Halcemeh is not a secret]: applied to anything commonly known: alluding to Halcemeh the daughter of El-Hárith the son of Aboo-Shemir El-Ghassánce; for, when her father sent an army to El-Mundhir the son of Má-es-Semà, she took forth for the soldiers some perfume in a vessel (مَرْكُن), and perfumed them with it. (S.) [You say also, هُوَ مُوْضِعُ سِرِي He is the depositary of my secret, or secrets.] The words of the Kur [lxxxvi. 9] يُوْمَ تُبْلَى السَّرَائِرُ اللهِ signify In the day wherein the secret tenets and intentions shall be tried and revealed: (Jel:) or by السرائر is here meant fusting, and prayer, and alms-giving, and ablution on account of the pollution termed .... (TA.) [See also a verse cited in the third paragraph of art. عرض.] \_ A thing that is revealed, appears, or is made manifest: thus it has two مَحَلُّ for السَّرِ \_\_ (for السَّرِّ \_\_ for ) السر, + The heart; the mind; the recesses of the mind; the secret thoughts; the soul;] is a syn. of ([.سَرِيرَةُ See also .ضمر .K in art. الصَّمِيرُ لَّ تُتُعَبُ سُرُكُ] Weary not thy heart, or mind. is a common modern phrase. And one says, of a deceased holy man, قَدَّسَ ٱللهُ سَرَّهُ + May God sanctify his soul.] \_\_\_ also signifies Secrecy; privacy ; contr. of عَلَن . (Ş in art. علن.) You say سرًّا وَعُلَانيَة [Secretly and openly; or privately and publichly]. (Kur ii. 275, &c.) \_ Concealment. (S.) \_ Suppression; contr. of إعلان (Msb.) [So in the phrase تَكُلَّمُ سُرًا He spoke with a suppressed, or low, voice; softly.] -[One having private knowledge of a thing. You say,] فُلَانْ سَرَّ هَذَا الأَمْرِ + Such a one has [private] knowledge of this thing. (TA.) \_\_ ! The penis (T, S, M, K) of a man: (T:) and the vulva, or external portion of the organs of generation, of a woman. (K.) One says, التَّقَى السَّرَّان † The two pudenda met. (A.) \_\_ ! Concubitus. (AH cyth, S, Mgh, K.) \_\_ ! Marriage: (M, A, Msb, K:) pl. أُسُوار (TA.) You say, أُسُوار إ promised her marriage, she promising him the same. (A.) So, accord. to some, in the Kur ii. 235. (TA.) \_\_ ! Plain declaration of marriage : (K:) i. e., a man's offering himself in marriage to a woman during her عدة : so expl. as occurring in the Kur ubi suprà: (TA:) or a man's demanding a woman in marriage during her عدة. (Mujáhid.)\_\_\_\_! Adultery, or fornication: (A Heyth. (K:) so, accord. to Aboo-Mijlez and El-Hasan, in the Kur ubi suprà. (TA.) Hence the saying, أُ يُرْجَى مِنْ وَلَدِ السِّرِ بِرُّ t One does not hope for filial piety from the offspring of adultery, or fornication. (TK.) \_ + Origin; syn. أَصْل ; هُوَ كَرِيمُ السِّرِّ كَثِيرُ البِّرِ M, K;) as in the phrase He is of generous origin, of much filial piety. (TK.) - + The commencement, or first night, of a lunar month: (K, TA:) or its middle; (K;) app. meaning what are called الأيّامُ البيضُ: (TA:) but Az says, I know it not in this sense. (IAth.) - + The interior of anything; its heart. and اللَّيْل + [The middle اللَّيْل + of the lunar month and of the night]. (TA.) -The marrow of anything. (TA.) \_\_ ; The pure, or choice, or best, part of anything. (Fr, M, K.) You say, أُعْطَيْتُكُ سُرُّه I gave thee the pure, or choice, or best, part of it. (A.) \_ I The pure, or genuine, quality of race, or lineage: (S, A, K:) its best quality: (S, K:) and the middle sort thereof; (S;) and of rank, or quality, or the like: (M:) as also سَرَارَةً \* and سَرَارَةً \* One says, هُوَ فَى سِرِ قُومِهِ Ile is of the best [in race or family] of his people: (TA:) or of the middle sort of them. (S.) \_\_ ! The low, or depressed, part of a valley: (K:) the best, (S, K,) or most fruitful, (As, M, TA,) part thereof: (As, S, M, (As, S, M, سُوَارَةً ♦ (M, K) and سُوَارَةً ♦ (As, S, M, K) and (M, K:) or the last signifies the middle of a valley: (S:) the pl. of is is and

is of قُنُّ is of أُقَنَّةُ, (S,) or أُسَرَّةً the last is pl. of أُقْذِلَةٌ , like as أُقْذِلَةٌ is of لِمَرَارٌ لا , (M;) and that of السَّرَارُةُ is أَسُرَارُهُ (Ş,) or [this is a coll. gen. n., and the pl. is] سَرَائرُ (M:) also the middles أُسرَّةً the middles of meadows. (TA.) And أُزُفُ سُرُّة + Fruitful, good, land; (M, K;) as also بَسْرَآءُ ♦ . (K, TA.) \_ Also + Goodness; excellence. (Msb.) \_ Also, and v, (M, K,) and v, (S, M, K,) and , (K,) and اسْرُوْ, (S, M, K,) A line of the palm of the hand, (M, K,\*) and of the face, (M,) and of the forehead: (S, M, Mgh:) pl. (of سرّ TA, or of السَّوَّةُ (\$, سَوَّارُ \$ , (M, TA,) and (of the same, K, or of أُسْوَارُ , S, Mgh , أُسْوَارُ ; (S, M, Mgh, K;) and pl. pl., [i. e. pl. of أُسُوَّارُ (إِأْسُوَّارُ (S, M, (Mgh, K:) this last, accord. to AA, signifies the lines in the forehead, from the shrivelling of the shin; and its sing. is • سُرُو : (TA:) some also apply the pl. أسرة to tines, or streaks, of herbage; as being likened to the lines of the hand and of the face, but this is not of valid authority: (M:) and أَسْرَارُ (as pl. of أُسْرَارُ , which is pl. of أُسْرِيرُ TA) also signifies the beauties of the face, and of the cheeks, and of the elevated parts of the cheeks. عَلَى And (¸K, ) ,وَلِدَ لَهُ ثُلَاثُةٌ عَلَى سِرٍــــ (K, TA.) سرر و واحد (K,\* TA,) means Three children were born to him, whose navel-strings were cut in a similar manner, without any female among them. (K. [See also سُرِّ ])

The navel; i. e. the place from which the navel-string (سُرّ) has been cut off; (S;) the small cavity, or hollow, of the belly, (M, TA,) in the middle thereof; (TA;) what remains of the يَسْرَر (M:) [see أَسْرُ : pl. أَسْرُ (in the CK erroneously أَسُرُاتُ and سُرُاتُ (Ṣ, Ķ.) \_ [Hence,] † [The navel of the horse,] the star, of سُرَّةُ الفَرَس Pegasus, that is in the head of Andromedu. also signifies سُرة [Hence likewise] † A perforation in the middle of a jar such as is [q. v.], in which is fixed a tube of silver or lead, whence one drinks. (Har p. 548.) And + The place where the water rests, in the furthest part, of a watering-trough, or tank. (K, TA.) - See also , in two places, in the latter part of the paragraph.