perty that is forbidden, not lawful to be gained (Msb, TA) nor to be eaten; (Msb;) anything forbidden, or unlamful, and of bad repute : sometimes it means what is disapproved; and sometimes, what is unlawful; the context showing in which sense it is used: and it is also applied to signify a bribe that is given to a judge or the like: so called because it cuts off blessing: (TA:) in the Kur v. 46, some read ; and some, (Bd, TA;) and it has also been read ; (Bd, TA;) and it has also been read as the inf. n., اللسخت (Bd:) the pl. is (K.) \_ Also Little, or small, in quantity or number; paltry, mean, or inconsiderable. (Msb.) accord. to different copies of the K [the former the better known]) His property may be taken and destroyed with impunity : and in like manner, con His blood may be shed with impunity. (K, \* TA.) \_ See also .

: see the next preceding paragraph. : see what next follows.

An old and worn-out garment or picce of cloth; as also \* سَحْتَى \* and (K.) ـ [A mess of] سويق [or meal of parched barley, &c.,] having little grease or gravy [mixed with it]; as also \* سحتيت; (K;) the latter a dial. var. of (مَفَازَةٌ) And A desert (مَفَازَةٌ) [q. v.]. (TA.) مُختيتٌ of which the earth is soft. (K.)

: see the next preceding paragraph. سَحَابَة ... sec ، مُسْحُوت , in two places. A cloud that carries away, or sweeps away, that by which it passes. (TA.)

, + A year, and أَرْض سَحْتَاء , and أَرْض land, in which is no pasture. (K.)

made to go away, (مال) made to go away, or depart; made away with, made an end of, or destroyed; as also \* مُسَحَتْ (S, K,) as in a verse cited voce مُحَدَّة (S,) and \* مُسَحَدًة and \*... art.:) and أُسْحُوتٌ signifies [the same, or] a man who eats and drinks much.. (Az, TA voce أُسْحُوبٌ إِلَى And مَسْحُوبٌ إِلَى جُوبٌ (S) who does not become satiated : (S, K :) having a capacious belly, (K, TA,) and who does not become satiated with food: (TA:) and as some say, hungry: (TA:) and one who suffers much from indigestion. (K, TA.) And indigestion. t A man having a greedy, or gluttonous, stomach. (A, TA.)

1. ...., (S, A, K, TA,) sor. -, (K, TA,) inf. n. , (TA,) He abraded, or otherwise re-A, K, TA;) relating to one's skin: (S, A, TA:) and says that is here made an inf, n., like he scratched him; or wounded him in the outer . (TA.) moved, its outer integument, or superficial part; (S.

هج – سحت skin: also he rubbed it, namely, a thing, with another thing, so as to abrade, or remove, its superficial part : and it, namely, a thing, hitting another thing, abraded from it a little of its

superficial part; as when a thing hits the solid hoof previously to [that state of attenuation and abrasion which is termed] الوجى. (TA.) You say, سَحَجْتُ جِلْدُهُ I abraded, or removed, the outer integument [i. e. the cuticle] of his skin. (S.) And فَجَبَة شَى: فَسَحَج وَجَبَة [A thing hit him, and abraded the cuticle of his face]. (Ş.) And محج التحود بالمبرر He abraded the outer part of the wood, or piece of wood, or stick, with the file. (TA.) And يحقق بالأرض بخفة, re-ferring to a camel, (Ṣ, Ķ, TA,) He pares the surface of the ground with his foot, so that he is not slow in becoming attenuated and abraded in the sole. (TA.) And الرياح الرياح الرض [The winds pared the surface of the earth, removing the dust him so as to make a mark, or marks, upon him; [or so as to lacerate his shin;] used especially in relation to wild asses; and so V ...., [but in gently upon the skin of the head : (K, TA :) [combing the hair with a gentle pressure upon the skin of the head :] one says, سَحْجَ شَعْرَهُ بِالْمُشْط, inf. n. بَحْج., He combed his hair [pressing the comb] gently [upon the skin of his head]. (TA.) \_ And The going quickly [as though paring the surface of the earth with the feet, or making marks upon it]. (O, K.) You say, مَرْ يَسْحَجُ He passed along going quickly : and [so] السير. (O, TA.) \_ And A running of beasts above, (K, TA,) + He made the oaths to follow one another with little, or no, interruption. (K, TA.) = See also 7.

2. مُسَحَّج (S, K,) inf. n. تُسْحِب and رُسَحَج (of which latter, see an ex. in what follows,] (TA,) He abraded, or otherwise removed, its outer integument, or superficial part, much, or often. (S, K.) \_ See also 1. An ex. of the latter inf.n. occurs in the following hemistich of the "Jeemeeyeh" of El-'Ajjáj:

جَأَبًا تَرَى بِليتِه مُسَحَّجًا

[A bulky, or strong, wild ass, in the side of whose neck thou seest much biting, or lacerating of the skin, that has made marks upon it]: thus heard by AHát from the mouth of AZ, and thus recited by the former to As, who disallowed it, and said, i. e. whose neck, or cheek, thou seest to be تليله much bitten, &c., instead of بليته], but abstained from objecting after AHát had adduced other exs. [of similar inf. ns.], and among them the saying in the Kur [xxxiv. 18], وَمَزْقْنَاهُمْ كُلْ مُمَزَّقٍ Az

5. It had its outer integument, or superficial part, abraded, or otherwise removed, much, or often: (S, K:) said of the skin [&c.]. (S.)

7. It had its outer integument, or superficial part, abraded, or otherwise removed: superficial part, abraded, or otherwise removed: (S, K:) said of the skin: (S:) [and it seems from the phrase محج الفخذين occurring in the O and K in art. بذح الفخذين, inf. n. بنح, may signify the same: but محج may there be a mistranscription for محج His skin had its cuticle abraded in consequence of a thing that passed by him. (TA.)

inf. n. of .... (TA.) \_\_ And [hence, Dysentery, or the like; because attended by abrasion, or excoriation, of the colon;] a certain disease of the bowels; (PS;) an abrading disease in the belly. (TA.) You say, (S) i.e. In him is the disease above mentioned. (PS.)

Having its outer integument, or super-ficial part, abraded, or otherwise removed; as also مُسْحُوجٌ (TA.)

A camel that pares the surface of the ground with his foot, (S,\* K,\* TA,) so that he is not slow in becoming attenuated and abraded in the sole. (TA.) \_\_ Also + A man who makes oaths to follow one another with little, or no, interruption: (TA:) and so and and and applied to a woman. (K, \* TA.) And حَلْفُ سَحَاجُ + A swearing in which the oaths are made so to follow one another. (TA.)

act. part. n. of : سَحَجَ fem. with ة : pl. رِيَاحٌ سَوَاحِجٌ Hence,] . سَوَاحِجُ [Winds paring, or that pare, the surface of the earth, removing the dust and pebbles]. (A, TA.)

A place of abrasion, &c. : pl. مُسَحَج — Hence,] one says, of an ass, (A,) i. e. a wild ass, (TA,) عَلَيْهِ الْمُسَاحِيِّ Upon him are the marks, or scars, of the biting of other asses. (A, **TA.**)

which one pares, or shapes, wood. (O, K.) [And hence, app., A rain that is as though it tag, <u>approvention</u> approvention of the earth. Accord. to Frey-tag, <u>approvention</u> occurs in this sense in the Deewán of Jereer: pl. <u>approvention</u>: but the correct word is evidently <u>approvention</u>. Also, and <u>approvention</u>, (O, K, TA,) A wild ass that bites [other asses] much, or frequently : (TA ;) [or each signifies, though not so expl. in the TA,] an ass [i.e. a wild ass] that runs a pace falling short of such as is vehement. (0, K.)

An ass [i. e. a wild ass] much bitten. (S, A, K.) \_ [See also 2.]

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