one part, or portion, acting upon another, (S in art. زعب, and K, and TA,) having much rubbish or many small particles or fragments [borne on its surface]. (TA.) [See also زاعب Also a dial. var. of مُزْلَعَبُّ, [q. v.,] applied to a young bird. (TA.)

Q. 4. ازْلَغَب, said of a young bird, Its feathers came forth: (S in art. زغب, and K:) or its feathers began to come forth, (Lth, TA,) before their becoming black. (TA.) Also said of plumage, It began to come forth. (Lth, TA.) And said of hair, (S in art. زغب, and K,) as also ازلعب, (TA,) It grew forth after having been shaven: (S, K:) it began to grow forth, soft: and said of the hair of an old man, i. q. ازْغَابٌ [it mas, or became, downy]. (TA.) Accord. to the S, and AHei and IKtt and others, it belongs to art. زغب, like as ازْلُعَبُ is held by them to belong to art. زعب; but accord. to the K, the J is radical, and therefore this is its proper place. (TA.)

زلف

غزَنُف: see 2: = and see also 8, in three places.

2. رُلْفُهُ, (O, TA,) inf. n. رُزْلِيفٌ, (O,) He did it previously, or beforehand; namely, a thing; (IAar, O, TA;) as, for instance, an evil action; (O, TA;) and so أُسْلَفُهُ (IAar, TA;) syn. أُسْلَفُهُ زنّف __ (IAar, O, TA.) ... قَدَّمَهُ , inf. n. as above, He disquieted, or agitated, the people, step by step : (Ibn-'Abbad, Z, O, TA:) accord. to Z, said of a guide. (TA.) __ زلف في __ مديته, (inf. n. as above, K,) He added, or exaggerated, in his discourse, or narration; (IDrd, O, K;) as also ذرف. (IDrd, O.)

4. ازلفه IIc made, brought, or drew, him, or it, (namely, a thing, TA,) near. (S, Mgh, Msb, TA.) Hence, in the Kur [xxvi. 90 and 1. 30], وَأَزْلُفَت And Paradise shall be brought ٱلْجَنَّةُ للْمُتَّقِينَ near to the pious: meaning, accord. to Zj, that their entrance thereinto shall become near, and their view thereof. (TA.) [ازرلف به also signifies the same as ازلفه (agreeably with analogy); as is shown by what here follows:] it is said in a مَا لَكَ مِنْ عَيْشِكَ إِلَّا Bakir, آيا i. e. There is not re- لَذَّةٌ تَزْدَلْفُ بِكَ إِلَى حَمَامِكَ maining to thee, of thy life, save a pleasure that brings thee near to thy predestined term]. (O, TA.) And ازدلفه means He, or it, brought him near to destruction. (TA.) _ Also He collected it together; (Msb, TA;) namely, a thing. (Msb.) وَأَزْلَفْنَا ثُمَّ الرَّخُورِينَ ,[44] Hence, in the Kur [xxvi. 64 [And we collected there the others]. (TA.)

5: see the next paragraph.

8. ازْدَلَفَ (Mgh, Msb,) originally ازْدَلَفَ (Mgb,) or ازدَلَفُوا , and ازدَلَفُوا , (Ş, O, L, K,) He, or they, approached, or drew near: (Mgh, O, L, Msb, : تَقَرَّبُوا is erroneously put for تَفَرَّفُوا ,TA: in the K TA:) or (O, accord. to the K "and") advanced;

him, or it], (Mgh, K,) and ois [which means the same, as after ¿¿ &c.]: (TA, and Ḥar p. 452:) , زَلَفٌ and زَنْفُ and رَلَفُوا , inf. n. app. زَلَفُوا and signify the same: for] you say also, زَلَفُ لَا إِلَيْه We drew near to him, or it : and ما الفنا الله We advanced, or went forward, to him, or it: (TA:) and زَنْف signifies the act of advancing, or going forward, (A'Obeyd, S, TA,) from place to place; as also زَلْفُ السَّهُمُ إِلَى (TA.) One says, وَلَفُ السَّهُمُ إِلَى The arrow approached, or drew near, to such a thing. (Msb.) And it is said in a trad., , فَإِذَا زَالَتِ الشَّمْسُ فَٱزْدَلِفْ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ فِيهِ بِرَكْعَتَيْنِ meaning تَقَرَّبُ [i. e., When the sun declines from the meridian, then seek thou to draw near unto God therein by means of the prayers of two reh'ahs]. (TA.) = See also 4, in two places.

ِزُلْفَةُ see زُلْفُ.

: see its accus. case voce زُلْفَة, near the end of the paragraph.

رُوْضَةُ A meadow; syn. زُوْضَةُ (TS, K;) and so (IB, TA:) thus the latter is expl. as occurring in a trad. relating to Ya-jooj and Ma-jooj, in which it is said, أَنَّهُ مَطَرًا فَيَغْسِلُ الأَرْضَ [Then God will send rain, حَثَّى يَتْرُكُهَا كَالزَّلَفَة and it will wash the earth so that it will leave it like the meadow]: but in this instance, several other meanings are assigned to it: see فلفة below.

: see زُلْفَة : see زُلُفَة ; in two places : = and see also

: see its accus. case voce زُلْفٌ: near the end of the paragraph.

i. q. قربة [i. e. Nearness, with respect to rank, degree, or station]; (S, Mgh, O, Msb, K;) as also أَزُنُّفَى (Ṣ, Mgh, O, Mṣb,) and زُنُفَى (ṢDrd, O, Ķ.) [It would seem that it means also Nearness with respect to place or situation: for SM immediately adds,] hence, in the Kur [lxvii. 27], as though meaning But when they, فَلَهَا رَاوه زَلْفَة shall see it in a state of nearness: but] Zj says that the meaning is, but when they shall see it (i.e. the punishment) near (قريبًا): and several authors say that زَلْفَة is sometimes used in the sense of قَرِيبٌ, as is stated in the 'Inayeh. (TA.) And Station, rank, grade, or degree; as also (TṢ, Ḳ,) and رُلِّفٌ ♦ (TṢ, Ḳ,) and رُلُفْي ♦ : (Ṣ, TA :) pl. of the first زُلُفٌ: (Ṣ,* TA :) or (K) أَزْلُفَى is a quasi-inf. n.; (S, K;) and such it is in the saying in the Kur [xxxiv. 36], to as أَمْوَالْكُمْ وَلَا أُوْلَادُكُمْ بِٱلَّتِي تُقَرِّبُكُمْ عِنْدَنَا زُلْفَى though meaning آزُدُلُافًا [i. e. And neither your riches nor your children are what will bring you near to us in advancement: but here it may be well rendered, in station]: (S:) accord. to Ibn-'Arafeh, رُلْفَى, signifies the bringing very near: (TA:) the saying of Ibn-El-Tilimsanee that it is pl. of زَلْفَة is very strange, and unknown; the correct pl. of this last word being زَلْف. (MF, or went forward, or before: (S, O, K:) [to TA.) _ Also A portion (S, K) of the first part

(S) of the night, (S, K,) whether small or large: so accord. to Th: or, accord. to Akh, of the night absolutely: (TA:) pl. زُلْفَاتٌ and زُلْفٌ (Ṣ, Ķ) and زُلْفَاتُ signifies the hours, زُلْفَاتُ and زُلْفَاتُ or periods, (ساعات,) of the night, commencing from the daytime, and the hours, or periods, of the daytime, commencing from the night: (K:) and its sing. is وَزُلُفًا مِنَ اللَّيْلِ (TA.) .زُلْفَةٌ and its sing. is the Kur [xi. 116], means And at sunset and nightfall (the مَغْرِب and the مَشَاء): (Zj, TA:) some read أَلْفًا, with two dammens; which may be a is of بُسُرٌ ike as رُلُفةٌ or a pl. of وُلُفةً with damm to the س in each: [but this is not a parallel instance; for بُسُرُة is a coll. gen. n. is the n. un., and the latter is not بسرة of the same measure as زُلْفَة :] and some read أَلْفًا , which is a pl. [or rather coll. gen. n.] of is of دُرَّةُ (K, TA;) or pl. of دُرَّةٌ is of وُرِيْبٌ; (K, TA;) or pl. of عُرْبٌ like as رَلِيفٌ ♦ in which زُلْفَى † TA:) and some read: غَرِيبٌ the alif [written &] is a denotative of the fem. gender. (K, TA.) = See also the next paragraph.

A full [reservoir of water such as is called] : (S, K:) pl. [or rather coll. gen. n.] ُ زَلْفٌ : (Ṣ:) so, accord. to Sh, in the trad. mensignifies full زَلْفٌ ♦ TA:) or زُلْفٌ signifies watering-troughs, (K,) as pl. [or coll. gen. n.] of : (TA:) or a full watering-trough. (K.) Also A [borl such as is called] as ; (K;) and so زُلْفَةٌ); (Ibn-'Abbad, K;) of which the pl. is and its pl. [or coll. ; زُلُفْ gen. n.] is أَلْفُ (Lth, TA.) Also A green [vessel of the hind called] إجَّانَة [K:) so says مَزَالِفُ * AO: pl. [or coll. gen. n.] زُلُفْ * and ; وَرُلُفْ likewise signifies green أجاجين [app. as an anois of مَشَابِهُ like as زَلَفٌ or of زَلَفٌ, like as ; both, also, mentioned on the authority of AO. (TA.) __ Also A mother-of-pearl-shell, or an oyster-shell; syn. صَدَفَة: (K:) Kt says that has زلْف in the trad. mentioned above voce الزَّلْفَة been expl. as meaning the مُحَارَة, i. e. the وَصَدُفَة; but he adds, I know not this explanation, unless a pool of water be called محارة because the water returns (يحور) to it and collects in it. (TA.) ___ Also A smooth rock: (K:) so, too, said to mean in the same trad.: and some read الزلقة. (TA.) And Rugged ground. (K.) And Swept ground. (K.) And An even part of a soft mountain. (K.) Pl. (K) [or rather coll. gen. n.] in all these senses (TA) لَنُفُ ﴿ (K.) — See also رَنُفُ ♦ (TA). mirror: (O, K: [in the CK, المُواَةُ jut in the place of : المُوْآةُ mentioned by IB on the authority of Aboo-'Amr Ez-Záhid, and by Sgh on that of Ks: and so, too, it is said to mean in the trad. mentioned above; the earth being likened thereto because of its evenness and cleanness: (TA:) or the face thereof; (K;) as is said by IAar. (TA.)

in four places. زُلْفَة see زُلْفَى

[A stage of a journey] far-extend-