BOOK I.]

i: see the next preceding sentence, in two places.

## زرنق

Q. 1. زَرْنَعَة [as inf. n. of زَرْنَعَة] The irrigating [land] by means of the زَرْنُوق [here app. meaning rivulet]. (Mgh, K.) - And The setting up a [pillar-like structure such as is termed] زرنوق [by a well. (K.) — One says also, زَرْنَقْتُهُ, (K,) inf. n. as above, (TK,) meaning I clad him [app. فِي زَرْنَقْتُ اللّبَاسَ in the clothes : see Q. 2] : or التَّيَابِ I put the clothing upon him; or clad him لا يُزَرْنِقُكَ أَحَدٌ عَلَى And = (TK) = And No one will exceed to thee the excel-] فَضْل زَيْد lence of Zeyd]. (TA. [It is there indicated that this is from زرنقة as syn. with زيارة [See as a simple subst. below.] زرنقة

Q. 2. تزرنق He drew water by means of the زُرْنُوقَان Mgh, K, TA,) or the زُرْنُوقَان, (TA,) for hire. (Mgh, K, TA.) Hence the saying of 'Alee, بَدَعُ الحَجَّ وَلَوْ تَزَرْنَغْتُ , meaning I will not omit, or neglect, the pilgrimage, though I should draw water by means of the زرنوقان, or زرنوقان, and perform it with the hire obtained thereby : thus it is explained: another explanation will be found in what follows. (Mgh, TA.) = تزرنق في التَّياب He clad, and covered, himself in the clothes. (K.) \_\_ And hence, [it is said,] because implying concealment of the excess [of the price] in the sale, (TA,) تعين also signifies تزرنق (Mgh, K, TA, [in the CK, erroneously, الزَّرْنَعَةُ) from الزَّرْنَعَةُ meaning العينة; (Mgh;) i.e. He bought on credit, for an excess [in the amount of the price]. (TK.) And accord. to some, وَلَوْ تَزَرْنَقْتُ, in the saying of 'Alee mentioned above, means , وَلَوْ تَعَيَّنْتُ (Mgh,) i. e. وَلَوْ تَعَيَّنْتُ عِينَةَ الزَّادِ وَالرَّاحِلَة i. e. وَالرَّاحِلَة عِينَةَ الزَّادِ وَالرَّاحِلَة buy on credit, for more than the current price, the travelling-provision and the camel to be ridden]: (TA:) but the former explanation is the more likely. (Mgh.)

inf. n. of زَرْنَقَهُ. (TK. [See Q. 1, above.]) زَرْنَقَةُ = Also i. q. عينَة ; (IAar, JK, Mgh, Ķ;) i. e. The buying of a thing from a man on credit, for more than its [current] price: (JK, Fáik:) or the doing thus, and then selling it to him, or to another, for less than the price for which it was purchased. (TA.) - And Increase, excess, or addition; syn. زِيَادَة (Ķ.) [For زَرْنَعَة in this and the following senses, Freytag, in his Lex., has written مرزيق And Debt. (K, TA. [In the cK, الدين is erroneously put for الدين : and it is there added, "as though arabicized from زرنه; i. e. الذَّهَبَ لَبِسَ but what this should be I know not, unless it be a mistranscription for زالذهب ليس ; for, in Pers., j means "gold," and is a negative.]) = Also Perfect, or consummate, beauty. (Ķ.)

زرنوق, as some pronounce it, is by others pronounced زرنوق, which is of a strange form, [said to be] of the measure رَعْدُولُ (IJ, TA,) mentioned Mgh, Msb, K;) as also ازْدُرَاهُ (Mgh.) And

by Kr on the authority of Lh: (TA:) [the dual] زرنوقان, (S, Mgh, K,) mentioned by J in art. being regarded by him as augmentative, but by the author of the K as radical, (TA,) also pronounced زَرْنُوقَان, (K,) signifies Tmo pillar-

like structures (منارتان) constructed by the head of a well, (S, Mgh, K,) on the two sides thereof; (K;) or two walls; or two posts; (Mgh;) across which is placed a piece of wood, (S, Mgh,) called the is suspended the pulley; (S;) and to this is suspended the pulley by means of which the water is drawn : (S, Mgh :) or two structures like the signs set up to show the way, by the brink of a well, of clay or of stones: (TA:) accord. to the S, (TA,) if of wood, they are called دعامتان: or, as El-Kilábee says, if of wood, they are called نعامتان, and the crosspiece is called the arge, and to this the large bucket is suspended : (S, TA :) pl. زَرَانيق. (TA.) also signifies A rivulet ; (Sh, Mgh, K ;) زرنوق app. a rivulet in which runs the water that is drawn by means of the زرنوق. (Sh, Mgh,\* TA.)

زَرْنِيخٌ i. q. زِرْنِيخٌ [i. e. Arsenic]; an arabicized word; (K;) as is also the latter [q. v.]. (TA.)

زَرْنُوقَان A setter-up of what are termed مَزْرْنَقْ (TA.)

## زرنيخ

زرنيخ [Arsenic;] a well-hnown kind of stone [or mineral, for it is a metal]; of which there are several species; one species is white [i.e. white arsenic]; and another is red [i. e. realgar, or red arsenic, also called sandarac]; and another is yellow [i.e. orpiment, or yellow arsenic] : (K, TA:) it is an arabicized word from the Pers. (Msb.) [زَرْنَهُ or زَرْنِي or زَرْنِيقُ or زَرْنِيتُ

## زرى

1. زَرَى عَلَيْه فعْلَهُ or زَرَى عَلَيْه فعْلَهُ (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ҡ,) or زَرَى عَلَيْه (Mgh, TA,) aor. يَزْرِى (Mşb, TA,) inf. n. زِرَايَةُ (S, Mgh, Msb, K, TA,) with kesr, (Msb, TA,) but by some written with fet-h, (TA, [i, thus in the CK and in one of my copies of the S, and in my MS. copy of the K,]) and زرى (Mşb, K) and زرية (Mşb [perhaps a mistranscription for what next follows]) and مَزْرِيَانٌ and مَزْرِيَةٌ and مَزْرِيَانٌ and with damm, (K,) but accord. to the copies of the T and M تزرّى \* عليه and (; (TA) ; زَرَيَّانَ (\$, Msb, K,) and ازرى \* عليه but this is of rare occurrence, (K,) and \* ازدراه ; (Msb;) He blamed, found fault with, or reproved, (Lth, AZ, S, Mgh, Msb, K,) him, (S, Msb, K,) or his deed; (Mgh, TA;) or was angry with him, with the anger that proceeds from a friend : (S, TA :) and reproached him, upbraided him, or blamed him angrily or severely : (Lth, TA :) and he mocked, scoffed, or laughed, at him; derided him; or ridiculed him. (Msb.) - See also 4, last sentence but one.

4. ازرائه, inf. n. إزراء , He held it (i.e. a thing, S, Msb, or a case, or an affair, K) in little, or light, or mean, estimation, or in contempt; (S.

i.q. قُصَّر به [app. here meaning (in like manner] قَصَّر به as it is rendered below in this paragraph) He fell short of that estimation which was required by him, or due to him]; and Vicelo i, i.e. he contemned, or despised, him ; [and so, app., \* استزراه \*; (see ;)] or made him to be contemned or despised ; syn. حقرة or حقرة. (S, accord. to different copies. [But whether this last explanation be here meant to relate to ازدراه and ازدراه or to the latter alone, is not clear.]) He lowered his condition, or estimation. (Ham p. 117.) He brought against him the imputation of a fault, or vice, or the like, ('Eyn, K, TA,) or a thing, or an affair, or an action, whereby he desired to involve him in confusion. (ISd, K, TA.) ازرى and بعلمه, mentioned, but not explained, زرى \* به by Lh, are thought by ISd to signify قصر به [app. meaning He fell short of that estimation which was required by, or due to, his knowledge]. (TA.) see 1. : ازرى عليه

5: see 1.

8. ازدراه : see 1 : and see also 4, in two places.

10: see 4.

(سقاء), applied to a skin for water or milk (ربقائ) [Of middling size;] between small and large. (ISd, K.)

زَارٍ عَلَى إِنْسَانٍ Blaming, finding fault with, or reproving, a man; or being angry with him, with the anger that proceeds from a friend; and being displeased with him : thus in a verse of Mejnoon cited voce اسْتَدَام : (S, TA :) making no account of a man, and disapproving his conduct. (AA, Msb, TA.)

A man who blames, or finds fault with, مزرا people [app. much, or habitually]. (K,\* TA.)

مزدر Contemning, or despising ; as also . (K, and in some copies of the S.) \_\_\_\_ And [hence,] The lion. (K.)

see the next preceding paragraph.

ززمر

زم .see art زيزيم and زيزم

زع

R. Q. 1. زعزعة signifies The moving, agitating, shaking, or putting into a state of motion or commotion, (Lth, S, K,) a thing, (S,) or a tree, (Lth, K,) and the like, (K,) by the wind: (Lth, K:) or any vehement moving or agitating or shaking; or putting into a state of vehement motion or commotion. (K.) You say, زعزعته I moved it, agitated it, shook it, &c. (S.) And زَعْزَعْتِ الرَّبِيح inf. n. زَعْزَعَة, The wind moved, or agituted, or shook, &c., the tree; as also زعزعت بها which may be a dial. var. of the former, or the verb in this case may be made trans. by means of the because it has the meaning of . (TA.) You say also, inf. n. as above, meaning