eeks, and devises or plans or plots, such and such things. (T, TA.)

5. تروّغ He (a beast) rolled, or turned himself over. (JK, IDrd, K.) And تروّغ في الطّين He became befouled, or bedaubed, in the mud. (JK.)

6: see 3, last two sentences.

8: see 4, second sentence.

رِيَاغَة sce زَاغَةً

زواغ [The act, or quality, of turning aside or away from a thing: or of going this way and that, or to the right and left, quickly, and deceitfully, or guilefully: or of turning aside to deceive him who is behind one: or of eluding, or dodging:] a subst. from ذي (S, Msb, K.) = فير رواغ (S, Msb, K.) . فير رواغ من (S, Msb, K.) (so in the TA, the vowel of the j in زواغاً: (so in the JK.) Abundant [mealth, or good of any kind]. (JK, TA.)

رِيَاغ [originally رَوَاغ [originally] A state of plenty; or of abundance of herbage, or of the goods or conveniences or comforts of life. (JK, Ibn-'Abbád, K.) You say, فَلَانْ فِي الرِّيَاغ Such a one is in a state of plentty, &c. (JK.) = Sce also art. دريغ.

sce what next follows.

ريَاغَةُ JK, Ş, Ķ;) as also (K,) which is the original form, the وافقة (K,) which is the original form, the وافقة (K,) which is the being afterwards changed into ف because of the kesrch before it, though this, as Şgh says, is not a necessary sort of conversion; (TA;) or (أفقة (So in the JK.)

i.q. عَلَمَّ [meaning An evasion or elusion, a shift, a wile, an artifice, an artful contrivance or device, a plot, or a stratagem]: (Ibn-'Abbád, K:) from الرُّوغ [inf. n. of أَخَذُ تَنى بالرُويْعَة in the saying, أَخَذْ تَنَى بالرُويْعَة by an artifice, &c.]. (JK, Ibn-'Abbád, K.) [It has a similar meaning also in a saying cited voce , a.v.]

رَوَاغ see : رُوَاغَاً، and رَوَاغَاً،

رَّوَاغُ (Wont to turn aside or away from a thing: or to go this way and that, or to the right and left, quickly, and deceitfully, or guilefully: or to turn aside for the purpose of deceiving him who is behind: or to elude, or dodge]. Mo'áwiych said to 'Abd-Allah Ibn-Ez-Zubeyr, آنُمَ الْنُمَ الْنُعَلَبُ رَوَّاغُ حُلَّمَا خَرَجْتَ مِنْ جُحْرِ ٱنْجَحَرْتَ فِي أَعْلَبُ رَوَّاغُ حُلَّمَا خَرَجْتَ مِنْ جُحْرِ ٱنْجَحَرْتَ فِي [Thou art only a fox wont to elude : whenever thou comest forth from a burrom, thou enterest into a burrow]. (TA.) [Hence,] is an appellation of The fox. (JK, Ķ.)

مَرْبِيقٌ رَائِخُ A deviating road. (Ş, TA.) Hence (مَانَعْدُ (as a subst.] A road deviating from the main road : pl. رَائِعُ (TA, from a trad.)

is: see what next precedes.

[More, and most, wont to turn aside or away from a thing: to go this way and that, or to the right and left, quickly, and deceitfully, or guilefully: to turn aside for the purpose of deceiving him who is behind: or to elude, or dodge]. Tarafeh Ibn-El-'Abd said to 'Amr Ibn-Hind, censuring his companions,

[Every one of them is more wont to elude than a fox: how like is this night to yesternight! meaning, how like are they, one to another! see art. ربرے: أَرْوَغُ مِنْ تُعْلَبِ]: برح

روف

 أَنْ (IDrd, K,) aor. رَافَ, (K,) or رَافَ, inf. n. رَوْفَ, (IDrd,) is a dial. var. of رَوْفَ, (IDrd, K,) aor. يُرْأَفُ (K:) or, as some say, (IDrd,) is signifies The being still; and is not from رَوْفُ (IDrd, K:) [ISd says,] الرَّأَفَة signifies . (IDrd, K:) [ISd says, or became, still, kc.] and يَكُن [de, or it, mas, or became, still, &c.] and رَأَفُ [q. v.] is a dial. var. thereof [signifying thus]; and is not from رَحْيُوْ (M.)

Wine; a dial. var. of رَأْفٌ Wine; TA.)

رُوْفَة Mercy, or compassion : (O, K :) so accord. to IAar. (O.)

روق

1. يَرُوقُ (Ş, Mşb, TA,) aor. يَرُوقُ (Ş, Mşb,) inf. n. بَوْق, (Ş,) It (wine, or beverage, Ş, or water, Msb, TA, and a thing, TA) was, or became, clear. (S, Msb, TA.) = راق عليه, (JK, K.) aor. as above, (JK,) and so the inf. n., (K,) He, or it, exceeded him, or it : (JK :) [and] he, or it, exceeded him, or it, in excellence. (K.) You say, راق في يدى كذا Such a thing was redundant, or remained over and above, in my hand; like زَاعَ; syn. زَادَ. (L in art. دربع) And ,Such a one was, or became راق فُلَانْ عَلَى أَهْله above, or superior to, his family; surpassed, or excelled, his family. (JK.) = راقنى, (JK, S, MA,) or راق لى, (so in my copy of the Msb, [perhaps a mistranscription, for only the former is commonly known,]) and راقه, (K,) aor. as above, (JK, S,) and so the inf. n., (JK, K,) It (a thing) induced in me, and him, wonder, or admiration, and pleasure, or joy; excited my, and his, admiration and approval; pleased, or rejuiced, me, and him. (JK, S, MA, Msb, K.) = اروق [aor. اروق , Inf. n. روق , He was, or became, long-toothed : (MA:) [or he had long teeth, the upper of which projected over the lower : or his upper central incisors were longer than the lower, and projecting over them : see , below.]

2. روق, (JK, Ş, Mşb,) inf. n. ترويق, (Ş, Ķ,) He cleared, or clarified, (Ş, Mşb, Ķ,) wine, or

beverage, (S,) or water; (Msb;) he cleared, or clarified, wine, or beverage, with the راووق. (JK, TA.) \_\_ t He (a drunken man) made water in his clothes. (AHn, K, TA.) = روق البيت (JK, TA,) inf. n. as above, (JK,) He made, or put, to the tent, a رواق, (JK, TA,) meaning a curtain Hence, (Har p. 50,) روق اللَيْلُ (Har p. 50,) + The night extended the رواق [or curtain] of its darhness ; (Ş, Msb, Har ubi suprà, TA;) became dark ; (Har, also sig- تَرُويقْ = (TA.) . أَرْوَقَ \* also signifies The selling a commodity and buying one better than it, (IAar, K, TA,) or longer than it, and better: (TA:) or the selling an old and wornout thing and buying a new one: (Th, TA:) or the selling one's garment, and adding something to it, and buying [with that garment and the thing added to it] another garment better than it: (JK:) [or the buying, with a thing and something added thereto, a better thing: for] one says, بَاعَ سِلْعَتَهُ فَرَوَّقَ [He sold his commodity, and bought with it and something added thereto a better commodity]. (TA.) - One says also, IIe named a high price to رَوْقَ لِفُلَانٍ فِي سِلْعَتِه such a one for his commodity, not desiring it [himself, but app. desiring to induce another to give a high price for it]. (JK, K: expl. in the former by زَفَعَ لَهُ فِي سَوْمِهَا وَلَا يُرِيدُها and in the (.رَفَعَ لَهُ في ثَمَنهَا وَهُوَ لَا يُرِيدُهَا latter by

4. أَرُوقَ : see 2. = اراقه (Msb in art. ريق, and K in that and the present art.,) inf. n. 1, (S in the present art, and so in the K accord. to the TA,) He poured it out, or forth; (S, Msh, K;) namely, water and the like, (S,) or water and blood : (Msh :) and one says also and (Msh, TA,) changing the l into , originally هريقه, like in measure, (Msb,) said by Lh to be of the dial. of El-Yemen, and afterwards to have spread among Mudar, (TA in art. ريق) aor. (Msb, TA,) with fet-h to the o, imperative مَرْبِقٌ, like مَرْبِقٌ, (Mşb,) inf. n. , aor. أَهْرَاقَهُ and (; هرق , s and K in art. ); هرَاقَةُ (Msb, TA,) with the o quiescent, like أَهْرَقْتُ aor. of إِسْطَاعَ ; or, accord. to the T يُسْطِيعُ is wrong as being anomalous; and some say, as though the o were , inf. n. هُرَقٌ , as though the o were radical. (Msb.) It is said in a trad., ju the verb being in خَانَتْ تُهَرَاق or خَانَتْ تُهَرَاق الدَمَاءَ the pass. form, and the o either meftoohah or quiescent, and ILcol lbcing in the accus. case as a specificative; [so that the meaning is, Verily a moman used to pour forth with blood; for התום is equivalent to تَرِيقٌ; but by rule the specificative should be without the article الدماء or الدماء may be in the nom. case, الدماء being for [i. e. her blood used to pour forth]. (Msb.) ISd says that أَرُوقَ is judged to be originally أَرُوقَ because the medial radical letter of a verb is more commonly than عنه and because, when water is poured forth, its clearness appears, and it excites the admiration and approval of its beholder; [to which may be