إِنَّ لَكَ الفَصْٰلَ عَلَى صُحْبَتِى وَالهِسْكُ قَدْ يَسْتَصْحِبُ الرَّامِكَا

[Verily thou hast such excellence as renders thee above my companionship; but mush sometimes unites with ارامك [۱]. (S, O.) [۱] from the Pers. رامك, is also the name of A certain astringent medicine, used as a remedy for dysentery &c. In the printed edition of the "Kánoon" of Ibn-Seenà (Avicenna), book ii. p. 253, it is erroneously written ارمك

applied to a camel: fem. رُمْكَة (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ:) (Ṣ, Mṣb, K:) applied to a camel: fem. رُمْكَة (Ṣ, Mṣb.). The is said by Ḥoneyf-el-Ḥanátim, who was one of the most skilled of the Arabs respecting camels, to be the most beautiful of she-camels. (TA.) The fem. is also applied, tropically, to a woman. (Th, TA.) — A poet says, [applying it to dust,]

وَالخَيْلُ تَجْتَابُ الغُبَارَ الأُرْمَكَا

[And the horses, or horsemen, cleave the dark brown, or ash-coloured, &c., dust]. (TA.)—And it is said in a trad., [but to what it relates I know not,] The name of the higher, or highest, land is الرَّمْكُ; said by IAth to be fem. of الرَّمْكُ). (TA.)

رمل

1. رَمُل as syn. with رَمُل see the latter in two places. \_\_رَمَلُ الحَصِير, [aor. app. 4, and inf. n. ارمله ; and ارمله ; He wove (بَسَج , A'Obeyd, T, or سُفّ, A'Obeyd, S) the mat [of palm-leaves or the like]. (T, S.) [Or] رَمَلُ السَّرِيرُ, and [so in the M, but in the K "or"] الحصير, aor. 2, inf. n. رمل, He ornamented the couch, and the mat, with جوهر [i. e. jemels, precious stones, gems, &c.], and the like. (M, K.) [Or] ارمل الحصير, and رَمُلُهُ, He made the reaving of the mat thin (Har p. 55.) And رَمُلُ النَّسَجِ, (M, K,) aor. and inf. n. as above; (TA;) and Valo,, and Valo; (M, K; the last omitted in the TA;) He made the woven thing, or the weaving, thin. (M, K.) And رَمْلُ السَّرِير, (S, K,) [aor. and] inf. n. as above; (TA;) and ارمله با He move (شريط (رمل) [or palm leaves split and then plaited together] (S, O, K,) or some other thing, (S, O,) and made the same a bach (جعله ظهرا) to the couch. (\$, 0, K. [What is here called the "back" of the couch is app. so called as being likened to the back of a beast on which one rides: see رمال.]) Accord. to IKt, رَمَلْتُ السير [app. a mistranscription for أَرْمَلْتُهُ \* and السَّرِير signify I move the of leaves, or fibres, شريط of leaves, or fibres, of the palm-tree. (TA.) \_ [Hence,] مَمْلْتُ القَوْلَ [Hence, and الوصف [+ I move, i. e. composed, the saying and the description]. (Phrases cited in the TA from two modern poets.) = رمل, (T, S, M, Mgh, Msb, K,) aor. 4, (T, Mgh, Msb,) inf. n. رَمُلُون (T, S, M, Mgh, Msb, K) and رَمَل (S, M, &c.) and مرمل (K,) said of a man, i. q. مرمل [i. e. He went a kind of trottiny pace, between a walk and a run]; (S, Mgh, Msb, K; [in the M said to be "less than المشي and above العدو;" app.,

as is remarked in the TT, through inadvertence of a writer;]) i.e. (TA) he was quick in his manner of walking, (T, TA,) and shook his shoulder-joints, (TA,) leaping, (so in the T accord. to the TT,) or not leaping, (so in the TA,) in doing so; (T, TA;) while performing the circuitings round the Kaabeh, (T, Mgh, TA,) but only in some of those circuitings, exclusively of others, (TA,) which one does in imitation of the Prophet and his Companions, who did thus in order that the people of Mekkeh might know that there was in them strength; (T, TA;) and in going between Es-Safa and El-Marweh. (S, TA.) [It is also said of a camel: see رتك.] === [رَمَلَت السَّنَةُ or رَمَلُ العَامُ as an inf. n. [app. of رَمَلُ signifies The year's having little rain. (KL.) \_\_\_ .see 4 : رَملَتُ منْ زَوْجها

2. رمّله , (M, TA,) inf. n. تُرْمِيلْ, (TA,) He put رمل [i. e. sand] into it; namely, food; (M, TA:) and (TA) so رمله (Ibn-'Abbad, K, TA,) aor. أرمَّل ; but the former verb is the more chaste. (TA.) Hence, in a trad. respecting [the أَمَرَ أَنْ تُكْفأ ,eating of the flesh of ] domestic asses, أَمَرَ أَنْ تُكْفأ meaning [IIe , القُدُورُ وَأَنْ يُرَمَّلَ اللَّـُهُم بالتَّرَاب ordered that the cooking-pots should be turned upside-down, and] that the flesh should be stirred about and mixed with dust, in order that no use might be made of it. (TA.) \_ And He defiled, or smeared, him, or it, with blood; (S, M, TA;) namely, a man, (S,) or a garment, and the like; (M, TA;) and (TA) so رَمُلُهُ (K, TA;) but in this sense also the former verb is the more chaste. (TA.) And رُمَّلَ فُلَانٌ بِالدَّمِ Such a one was defiled, or smeared, with blood. (T, TA. [See also 4 and 5.]) \_ In relation to speech, or language, (TA,) التَّرْمِيلُ signifies ‡ i. q. ; ; التَّرْمِيلُ (K, TA; [in the CK, erroneously, إ: التَّرْنيفُ) i. e., [as inf. n. of , The adulterating it, corrupting it, or rendering it unsound, or untrue; and as inf. n. of رَمَّل,] its being [adulterated, corrupted, or] unsound, or untrue. (TA. [See the pass. part. n., below.]) \_ See also 1. = And

4. ارمل It (a place) became sandy; had رمْل in it or upon it. (Msb.) - [And He clave to the sand.] - And [hence,] + He became poor: (Mgh:) or + his provisions, or travelling-provisions, became difficult to obtain, and he became poor: (Msb:) or his travelling-provisions went: (Mgh:) and أرملوا their provisions, or travelling-provisions, became exhausted, or consumed: (A'Obeyd, T, S, M, K, TA:) from الرَّمْل; (Mgh, TA;) as though [he or] they clave to the sand; (TA;) like أَدْقَعُوا, (Mgh,) or أَدْقَعُ (TA,) from meaning "little رَمَلُ Mgh, TA:) or from الدُّفْعَاءُ rain :" or from رَمَلُهُ and أَرْمَلُ الحصير meaning "he made the weaving of the mat thin:" (Har p. 55:) and ارملوا زادهم They exhausted, or consumed, their provisions, or travelling-provisions. (K,\* TA. [In the TT, as from the M. the ex-انفدوه is erroneously put for اتخذوه planation in the TA.]) \_ And [hence,] ارملت

T, accord. to dif- زُمِلَتُ اللهِ من زوجها or رُوْجِهَا ferent copies;) and ارْمَلُتْ [alone], (K, TA, [said in the latter to be on the authority of Sh, and therefore it may perhaps be taken from a copy of the T,]) inf. n. تُرْميلٌ; (TA;) † She (a woman) became such as is termed أَرْمَلُهُ, (T, Mah, K, TA,) i. e. mithout a husband; (T, Msb;) because of her being in need of one to expend upon her; [for] Az says that she is not thus called unless she be also poor: (Msb:) or [she became a midow;] she lost her husband by his death. (S.) \_ And ارمل said of an arrow, It became defiled, or smeared, with blood, (1bn-Abbad, K, TA,) and had the mark thereof remaining upon it; (Ibn-'Abbad, TA;) and so ارتمل (TA. [See also 2 and 5.]) = Said of a poet, it is from أَرْجَزُ like أَرْجَزُ from إلرَّمَلُ (TA;) i. e. He versified, or composed verses, in the metre termed الرَّمَلُ. (Ibn-Buzurj, L in art. الرَّمَلُ.) = As a trans. v.: see 1, in five places. \_\_ Also IIe lengthened, or made long, a rope, or cord: (K:) and in like manner, he lengthened, and widened; or made long, and mide; a shackle, or shackles: you say, ارمل له في قَيْده IIe lengthened, and widened, or made long, and made wide, for him his shachle, or shachles. (Ibn-'Abbad, TA.)

5. ترمّل He became defiled, or smeared, (T, S,) with his blood, (T,) or with blood; as also ارتمل (S. [See also 2 and 4.])

8: see 4 and 5. — You say also, ارتبات المنابع المناب

[Sand;] a kind of dust or earth, (M,) well known: (Lth, T, M, Msb, K:) vais its n. un.; (M, K;) a more special term than the former; (S;) signifying a piece, or portion, [or tract, or collection,] thereof: (Lth, T, TA:) [and the former word is also sometimes used as meaning a tract, or collection, of sand:] the pl. [of mult.] is رمال (Lth, T, S, M, Msb, K) and [of pauc.] is used as a pl. pl., أُرْمُلُ i. e. pl. of أَرْمُلُ; occurring in a verse cited in the TA, art. أمّ رمال [Hence,] \_\_ [ a name of The hyena. (ISk, S.) \_ [Hence also,] الرَّمُل (TA in this art., [in the Lexicons of Golius and Freytag, erroneously, عُلُم الرَّمْل or عَلَم الرَّمْل , i. q. الخَطِّ (IAar, TA in art. خط,) [Geomancy,] a certain well-known science. (TA in the present art. [See a description of it voce be.])

الدّفْعان: (Mgh, TA:) or from رَمَلُ meaning "little rain:" or from رَمَلُ and رَمَلُ meaning "he made the weaving of the mat thin:" (Ḥar p. 55:) or a small quantity of rain: (El-Umawee, T, S, M, K:) one says, أَمَالُ مَلُ مَلَ مُعَالِّ الْمُعَالِي السَّعَالِي السَعْمَ السَّعَالِي السَّعَلَي السَّعَالِي السَّعَالِي السَّعَالِي السَّعَالِي السَعْمَالِي