mistake for the lower part of the belly] meet: | (TA:) [or each of the two inguinal creases; for] are between the pubes and the thigh, [one on each side,] and are also called the مُغَابِن: (Zj in his "Khalk el-Insán:") the latter (رُفْغ) also particularly signifies the armpit: (Fr, Mgh, K:) or, as some say, the root [or innermost part] of the armpit: (TA:) and the same, (ISh, K,) or each, (Msb,) the parts around the فرج [or vulva, or external portion of the organs of generation, [(1Sh, Msh, K) of a woman: (1Sh, K:) and sometimes the فرج itself: (Msb:) the (Msb, K) رُفُوغُ (S, Mgh, Msb, K) and رُفُوغُ and [of pauc.] أَرْفُخُ and [of which four is pl. of رُفْخُ, [and is properly a pl. of pauc.,] the rest being pls. of : (Msb :) [accord. to J,] or places of flexure, or أَرْفَاغُ creasing,] of the armpits, and of the roots of the thighs: (S:) accord to As, the armpits, and the [other] مغابن of the body: (Mgh in art. وهم :) IAar says that مرافع signifies the roots of the arms and of the thighs, and has no proper sing .: and واحد الرَّفَغ) الرَّفَغ is the sing. of الارفاغ jut this is app. a mistranscription for واحده الرَّفْغ meaning that أَرْفَاغُ has for its sing: أَرْفَاغُ and by which مَحَالب and مَغَابن signifies the رُفَعْ ♥ latter are app. meant the places that smeat] of the body: accord. to As, what is thus termed is in camels and in human beings. (TA. [But the sing, verb in this last clause suggests that there is another mistranscription here, and a looseness of explanation; and that we should read thus: and مُغَابِن signifies any of the (رُفَغُ not مُغَابِن) and of the words, also, both words, The dirt of the nail: (K:) or the dirt that is between the end of the finger and the nail, when the nail is not pared, after scratching the ارفاغ [or groins and armpits and the like]: (TA:) or the former [or each] signifies the dirt of the [or places of flexure, or creasing, of the body]; (K;) or the dirt and sweat that collect in of the armpits, and of the roots of the thighs, and other places of folding of the limbs. (TA.) _ Also the former word, (وفغ), + A soft, or plain, tract, or piece, of land: (JK, K:*) pl. رفاغ. (K.) _ + Land having much soil or dust. جَاءَ فُلَانٌ بِهَالٍ كَرُفْغِ (L, K.) [Hence,] one says, + Such a one came with, or brought, wealth, or cattle, abundant as the soil, or dust, thus termed. (L.) - + A place affected with drought, or barrenness, (L, K,) thin, or shallow, [in its soil,] of middling quality. (L.) __ ! The vilest place in a valley, and the worst in respect of soil: (Aboo-Malik, K,* TA:) the lowest part of a valley and of a desert: (TA:) or signifies the sides of the valley. (AHn, JK, TA.) _ ; A side, or lateral part or region : (Akh, IAar, K:) pl. أَرْفُغُ (K.) You say, مِنْ القَرْيَة and مُو فِي رَفْغٍ مِنْ قَوْمِهِ, # He is in a side, or lateral part, not in the middle, of his people, or party, and of the town, or village.

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دُفْع: see the next preceding paragraph, in two places.

دُوْغٌ: see رُفَعٌ, in the middle of the paragraph.

A she-camel having purulent pustules, ulcers, or sores, in the رُفْغَانِ [meaning groins or armpits]. (A, TA.)

[أَوْفَعُ [fem. of رُفْغَاءً], applied to a woman, (JK, Ibn-'Abbad, L, K,) Small in the مَنَاع [or vulva]: (L:) or thin in the thighs, small in the هُنَا [or groins] وَفَغَانِ [or groins]: (JK, Ibn-'Abbad, K:) or a woman narrow in the أَرْفَاغ [or groins, or inguinal creases, or the like]: (TA in art. ربل, from the 'Eyn:) or, applied to a woman, (A,) or to a she-camel, (JK, L,) wide in the رُفِعُ [app. meaning the vulca or the parts around the vulva]. (JK, A, L.)

رَافِغٌ (JK, S, TA) and عَيْشُ رَفِيغٌ (S, TA) and أَوْفَعُ (TA) Ample, or abundant, (JK, S, TA,) and pleasant, or good, (S, TA,) means of subsistence. (JK, S, TA.)

رَفِيغٌ sec : رَافِغٌ

i. q. نعمة i. q. نعمة [app. as meaning A benefit, benefaction, favour, boon, or blessing]: pl. رَوَافِعُ (TA.)

أَرْفَغُ : see أَرْفَغُ : Lts fem., رَفُغًا ، , is mentioned above, by itself.

أَمْرُفُوغَةُ [syn. with مُرْفُوغَةُ A woman small in the مُرْفُوغَةُ [or vulva], (JK, Ibn-'Abbad, K,) or whose place of circumcision has cohered [after the operation] when she was young, and, consequently, (L,) impervia viro. (JK, Ibn-'Abbad, L, K.)

in the middle of the paragraph. وَفْغٌ

رفق

1. رَفَقُ, (Ṣ, O, Mgh, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. ع, (Ṣ, Mṣb,)

رَفَقُ (AZ, O, K) and مَرْفَقُ (AZ, O, K) مِرْفَقُ زِرُفُقَ JK;) and زَفُقْ inf. n. وَفَقْ JK;) and زَفُقَ (JK, O, K;) He was, or became, gentle, soft, tender, gracious, courteous, or civil; or he behaved, or acted, gently, softly, &c. (JK, S, O, Mgh, Msb, K.) You say, رفق به, (AZ, S, O, Mgh, Msb, K,) and عَلَيْه, (AZ, O, K,) inf. ns. as above; (O, K;) and رفق, and زفق; (K;) He was, or became, gentle, &c., or he behaved, or acted, gently, &c., with him, (AZ, S, O, Mgh, Msb, K,) and to him; (AZ, O, K;) and in like manner, ترفقه ۲ (S, O, Mgh, K,) and ارفقه ۲. (AZ, O, K.) Hence the saying of the Prophet, "IIe who is gentle, &c., مَنْ رَفَقَ بِأُمَّتِي رَفَقَ ٱللهُ بِه with my people, God will be gentle, &c., with أترقّق † Mim]. (O.) [Hence, also,] one says, ترقّق as is indicated in the O] He وَفَقَ فيه and في أمره used gentleness, or acted gently, in his affair; ترفق لماجته And (.اتي Msb in art. تَأَتَّى . And He applied himself with gentleness to his needful affair or business; syn. تَأتَّى. (T in art. اتى.) -He applied himself with gentle ترفق ♦ للأَمْر And ترفق ness to the affair; syn. تَلُطُّفَ. (Ş in art. لطف.) _ Hence, فرب in form like رفق, He was, or became, gentle, delicate, nice, neat, or skilful, in work or operation; the contr. of such as is termed , with fet-h , رَفَقْتُ العَهَلَ And ___ ... , with fet-h to the i, aor. 2, I did, or made, the deed, or work, soundly, thoroughly, skilfully, judiciously, or well. (Msb.) __ And رَفَقْتُ فِي السَّيْرِ I proceeded in a right, or a moderate, manner in journeying, or in pace. (Msb.) = See also 4. = is an inf. n. signifying The being a رَفَاقَة (O, K.) Fr says, I heard a man at 'Arafat saying [to the pilgrims there assembled], جُعَلَكُمُ (May اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ [May God make you to be in the companionship of Mohammad: may God bless and save him]. (O.) [And accord. to the TK, one says, رفق به inf. n. رُفَيق, meaning He became a رُفَاقَة, with him: but what is commonly said in this sense is or مِرْفَق Ile struch the رَفَقَ فَلَانًا = [.v , رَافَقَهُ elbom] of such a one. (K.) _ And رَفَقُ النَّاقَةَ (S, O, K,) aor. 4, inf. n. رُفَقْ, (S, O,) He bound the she-camel's arm [app. together with the shank (for such is the common practice)], (S, O, K,) to prevent her going quickly, (S, O,) when fearing her yearning towards, or longing for, her home, or accustomed place: (S, O, K:) [or] رفق البعير aor. ب inf. n. رُفْق, he bound the camel's neck [probably, I think, a mistranscription for i. e. arm,]) to his pastern, because of a said of a رفق == (JK.) said of a camel, aor. - , inf. n. رُفَق, He had his elbow distorted from his side. (TA and TK. [See , below, and أَرْفَقُ and see also أَرْفَقُ [And , inf. n. رَفَقَتْ, is probably said of a she-camel, as meaning She had, in her teat, or teats, what is termed رفق: see, again, this word below.]

2. تَرْفِيقٌ [as the inf. n. of the verb in the phrase