being app. understood,] The stars followed one another. (S, O, K.) [See also 6.]
— See also 3, in two places.

6. تَرَادُفْ is syn. with تَتَابُعْ is syn. with تَرَادُفْ. (T, S, O.) You say, قرادفا They followed each other. (K.) And The people, or party, followed one ترادف القُومَر another: and in like manner one says of anything following another thing. (Msb.) [See also 4.] The thing was, or became, consecutive in its parts; one part of the thing followed another. (M.) _ It is also a word alluding to a certain foul act: (M, O:) from الرَّدُفُ signifying العجز. (M.) You say, (of two boys, or young men, TK,) تَنَاكُ مَا meaning تَرَادُفَا (K.) __ And تَرَادُفُوا عَلَيه They aided, helped, or assisted, one another against him. (As, S.) And ترادفا They aided, helped, or assisted, each other; (O. K;) as also ترافدا. (O.) _ As a conventional signifies Synonymous- تُرَادُفْ signifies ness; or the being synonymous. (Mz, 27th نوع; and Kull p. 130.) [You say, of two words, They are synonymous. See also 3: and [.مترادف see

8: see 1, in the former half of the paragraph:
— and see also 4, in two places. — You say also, أَتَدُنُهُ meaning He came behind him; syn. استَدبَرَهُ. (Ṣ, O.) And ارتدف العُدُو العُدُو السَّدبَرَهُ. (Ṣ, O.) And ارتدف العُدُو العُدُو العُدُو العُدُو or gained the mastery over him and slew him, or gained the mastery over him and slew him, coming from behind him; syn. الْحُذُا الْحُذُا وَاللهُ اللهُ اللهُ

10. استروفه He asked him to make him [or to let him] ride behind him on the back of the beast. (Ṣ,* O, Mṣb, Ķ.*)

رُديفُ : see رَدْفُ, in two places. __ Also A sequent of a thing; (T, S, M, O, Msb, K;) whatever that sequent be: (S, O, Msb, K:) pl. أَرْدَافُ, which is its pl. in all its senses; (M;) and is particularly applied to the [stars that are] followers of [other] stars; (T, M, O;) [and] its pl. is [also] رَدَافَى; (T;) which is particularly applied to drivers of camels; or drivers who urge camels, or excite them, by singing to them: (T, S, K:) and to aids, assistants, or auxiliaries; (S, K;) [as being a man's followers; or] because, when any one of them is fatigued, another takes his place: (S:) or, as some say, رَدَافَى is syn. with رَدَافَى: (T:) or it is also syn. with رُدِيفٌ, and (O, K) some say, (O,) a pl. thereof. (O, K.) _ The night: and the day: (K:) الرَّدْفَان signifying the night and the day, (T, S, O, K,) because each of them is a ردف to the other: (T:) and the morning, between daybreak and sunrise, and the evening, between sunset and nightfall; as also الأبردان and البردان. (T in art. ...) _ The consequence of an event, or affair; (Ṣ, O, Ķ;) as also أَرُفُ (O, Ķ.) So هٰذَا أَمْرُ لَيْسَ لَهُ رِدْفٌ ,the former in the saying [This is an event, or affair, that has not, or will not have, any consequence, or result]. (S, O.) الرَّديفُ وَالْمَرْدُوفُ * the phrase ; رُديفُ * 80 too ;

the consequence.] _ The hinder part of anything. (M.) — The posteriors, or buttocks, (S, M, O, Msb,) or peculiarly, accord. to some, (M,) of a woman: pl. أُرْدَافُ; (M, Msb;) with which is syn., but [ISd says,] I know not whether it be an extr. pl. of رَدُفُ or pl. of ﴿ رَدُفُ (M.) He who, in the Time of Ignorance, supplied the place of the king, (T, M,) in the management of the affairs of the realm, like the in the time of El-Islam, (T,) or like the in this our age: (M:) in the Time of Ignorance, (S,) he who sat on the right hand of the king, and, when the king drank, drank after him, before others, and, when the king went to war, sat in his place, (S, O, K,*) and was his vicegerent over the people until he returned, and, on the return of the king's army, took the fourth of the spoil: (S, O:) he also rode behind the king upon his horse: (Ḥar p. 321:) pl. أُرْدَافُ. (T, Ṣ, M.) [See also a liلرَّدُنُ ... [.الرَّدَافَةُ is also a name of] The bright star [a] on the tail of the constellation الدَّجَاجَة [i. e. Cygnus; which star is also called ,الذَّنبُ الدَّجَاجَة and إِذْنَبُ الدَّجَاجَة ; (Kzw;) a certain star near to النَّسُو الوَاقع [or a of Lyra]; (Lth, M, O, K;) and (M) so الرَّديفُ ♦; (S, M, O;) or this is another star near to النسر الواقع. (K.) And الْجَوْزَاءُ i.q. أَرْفُ الثُّرَبَّا [i.e. either Orion or Gemini]. (O.) _ Lebeed applies the dual ردفان to Two sailors in the hinder part of a

رُدُفْ: see رُدُفْ, in the former half of the paragraph.

Lambs, or kids, brought forth in the بَهُمْ رَدْفَى [neaning of the period in which sheep, or goats, bring forth. (Ibn-'Abbad, O, K.)

رِدُافٌ. The place upon which the رِدُافٌ. (Ṣ, M, O, Ķ.) — See also the next paragraph.

One who rides behind another (S, M, O, Msb, K) on the back of the [same] beast; (Msb;) as also أُرْتُدِفٌ \$ (Ṣ, M, O, Msb, Ķ) and (رَفٌ * as also (Ṣ, Ķ:) the pl. (M, Ķ) of the first (M) is رُدُافَى (M, K, [in my copy of the Msb ردفى, which is app. a mistranscription, and there said to be irreg.,]) or the pl. of رَدَافٌ is رَديفٌ (Ş, [so in both of my copies,]) and : رُدُافَى الله (M:) and أَرُدُافَى is used as a sing., syn. with رُديفُ, (T, K,) accord. to some, (T,) as well as pl. [thereof]: (K:) or it is pl. of رَفِّ [q. v.]. (T.) [Hence,] one says, .They came following one another جَاؤُوا رُرْدَافَى (K.) [Hence,] also, A حقيبة, and the like, that is [conveyed] behind a man; [i.e. a bag, or receptacle, in which a man puts his travellingprovisions; and any other thing that is conveyed behind a man on his beast;] and so بردف بالم (M.) _ See also ردف, in two places. _ Also A star rising in the east, when its opposite star is setting in the west. (S, O, K.) And (K) A star

meaning The consequence and that of which it is the consequence.] — The hinder part offanything. (M.) — The posteriors, or buttocks, (S, M, O, Msb,) or peculiarly, accord. to some, (M,) of a woman: pl. أَرْدَافُ (M, Msb;) with which it be an extr. pl. of رُدُفُ أَنَى, or pl. of على, or pl. of الكياب (M.) — He who, in the Time of Ignorance, supplied the place of the king, (T, M,) in the management of the affairs of the realm, like the management of the affairs of the realm, like the in this sense by Ru-beh; who terms the rising star this sense by Ru-beh; who terms the rising star this sense by Ru-beh; who terms the rising star this sense by Ru-beh; who terms the rising star this sense by Ru-beh; who terms the rising star this sense by Ru-beh; who terms the rising star this sense by Ru-beh; who terms the rising star this sense by Ru-beh; who terms the rising star this sense by Ru-beh; who terms the rising star this sense by Ru-beh; who terms the rising star this sense by Ru-beh; who terms the rising star this sense by Ru-beh; who terms the rising star. (Lth, M.) — Also One who brings his arrow after the winning of one of the players at the game called of the game called of

الردافة The function of the ردف of a king, (Ṣ, O, Ḳ,) in the Time of Ignorance: (Ṣ: [see tained to the Benoo-Yarbooa, in that time; because there were not among the Arabs any who waged war more than they did against the kings of El-Heereh, who therefore made peace with them on the condition that the inspection should be assigned to them and that they should abstain from waging war against the people of El-Irak: (Ṣ, O:) it was of two kinds; one being the riding behind the king upon his horse; and the other, what has been explained above, as from the Ṣ, voce it.).

(Ḥar p. 321.)

رُدَافَى: see رَدَافَى [of which it is said to be a syn. and also a pl., or pl. of رُدُّفُ, q. v.].

الرَّادِفَة , in the Kur lxxix. 7, means The second blast [of the horn on the day of resurrection]: (Ṣ, O, Bḍ, Jel, and K in art. بردف) or the heaven, and the stars, which shall be cleft and scattered. (Bḍ.) [See also رَادُوفَ and of الرَّافِقة (K.) It signifies The [shoots that are termed] رواكيب [pl. of رُواكيب q. v. voce. [راكب of the palm-tree. (Ṣ, O, K.) And Streaks [or layers] of fut, overlying one another, in the hinder part of a camel's hump: those in the fore part are called ... (O* and K* in the present art., and A and K and TA in art.

see the next preceding paragraph.

[رِدْفُ as opposed to الرِّدِيفُ see المَرْدُوفُ]

أمرَادِفُ لَفْظ , in the conventional language of lexicology, A synonym of a word or expression. (Mz, 27th نوع .) [See 3, last signification: and see also مُتَرَادِفُ.]

أَرْدِيفٌ see مُرْتَدفٌ, first sentence.

Synonymous: you say أَلْفَاظْ مُتَرَادِفَةُ synonymous words or expressions. (Mz, 27th أَنْفَاظْ مُتَرَادِفَةُ [Loosely explained in the K by the words of one thing; which is the contr. of مُشْتَرُكُ أَسْمًا, i.e. "homonymous:" and in like manner, أَنْ يَكُونَ أَسْمًا أَنْ يَكُونَ أَسْمًا وَاحْدِ أَسْمَا وَاحْدِ أَسْمَا وَاحْدِ أَسْمَا وَاحْدِ أَسْمَا وَاحْدِ أَسْمَا وَاحْد أَنْ تَكُونَ أَسْمَا وَاحْد إِنْ يَكُونَ أَسْمَا وَاحْد إِنْ قَالَ وَاحْد أَنْ تَكُونَ أَسْمَا وَاحْد إِنْ يَكُونَ أَسْمَا وَاحْد إِنْ يَكُونَ أَسْمَا وَاحْد إِنْ قَالَ وَاحْد إِنْ يَكُونَ أَسْمَا وَاحْد إِنْ تَكُونَ أَسْمَا وَاحْد إِنْ يَكُونَ أَنْ يَكُونَ أَسْمَا وَاحْد إِنْ يَكُونَ أَسْمَا وَاحْد إِنْ يَكُونَ أَنْ يَاعْنُ وَاحْد إِنْ يُعْلِقُونَ أَنْ يَعْمُ وَاحْد أَنْ يَعْمُ وَاحْد أَنْ يَكُونَ أَنْ يُعْرُفُونَ أَنْ يُعْلِقُونَ أَنْ يُعْرُفُونَ أَنْ يَعْمُونَ أَنْ يُعْرِقُونَ أَنْ يُعْرُفُونَ أَنْ يُعْرُعُونَ أَنْ يُعْرُفُونَ أَنْ يُعْرُفُونَا وَاحْدُونَا وَاح