in the CK, تُرْبُضُ: in the L, تُرْبُضُ: and thus also or refuge; (TA;) or because she fixes him, the aor. is written in a copy of the A.]

2: see 4. رَبُّوْتُتُهُ بِالْهَكَانِ, inf. n. رَبُّوْتُهُ بِالْهَكَانِ, † I fixed him, or made him to remain fixed, in the place. (TA.) رَبُّصُ السَّقَاءُ بِالْهَاءِ (TA,) inf. n. as above, (K, TA,) [He made the skin to cleave to the ground mith water; i.e.] he put into the skin as much water as covered and concealed its bottom: (K,* TA:) mentioned by Sgh, from Ibn-'Abbád. (TA.)

4. اربض He made a sheep, or goat, [&c., (see 1,)] to lie down upon his breast; (S, K;) as also vija, inf. n. تَرْبِيضْ (TA.) بَرْبَضْهُمْ t It (a vessel, S, A, K, and beverage, or wine, A, TA) satisfied their thirst so that they became heavy, and slept, stretched upon the ground: (S,* A,* اربضت __ (TA.) ! it (milk) satiated them. The sun became vehemently hot, (S, A, K,) so as to make the gazelle and the sheep or goat, (S,) or the wild animals, (A,) to lie down upon their breasts: (S, A:) or became still, like a beast lying upon its breast, having attained its utmost height and not begun to descend. (O.) -(O,) + He أصحابه (O, K,) and أصحابه undertook, or managed, the expenses of his family, (O, K,) and of his companions; (O;) syn. قام بنفقتهم: (O, K:) so says Ibn-'Abbad. (TA.)

رَبَضْ see رَبُضْ.

رَبُضُ: see رَبُضُ, in five places. — Also, accord. to Ks, (Ṣ,) and Aṣ, (Ṣgh, TA,) The middle of a thing: (Ṣ, Ṣgh, Ķ:) but this is disapproved by Sh. (T, TA.) — And A collection of trees of the kinds called عَلَمُ and عَلَمُ : (Ķ:) or a collection of abundant and dense trees. (TA.)

: in three places.

The lodging-place of sheep or goats; (S, A,* K;) because they lie therein upon their breasts; and in like manner of wild animals: (TA:) the nightly lodging-place of sheep or goats: (Msb:) and مُريضُ signifies the same: (Ş,* A, Mgh, Msb:) pl. of the former أَرْبَاضُ: (Ş, A,* TA:) and of the latter مُرَابِض : (Ṣ, Ķ:*) the of sheep or goats are like the مرابض camels. (S.) __ ! A place of abode: a place of abode of a people by itself: (A, TA:) pl. as above. (A.) __ ! Anything to which a man betakes himself, or repairs, for lodging, covert, or refuge, (ISk, S, A,* Msb, K,) and at which, or with which, he finds rest, or ease; (K;) such as a house or tent, (S, A, K,) and the like, (S, K,) and a wife, (ISk, S, A, Msb,) or relations, (ISk A, Msb,) or a family, and a relation, and property, (K,) and sheep or goats, and means of subsistence, and food; (TA;) and hence, (S,) milk which sustains a man, and suffices him for food: (Ṣ, Ķ:*) pl. as above: (Ķ:) and رَبُضْ لا and رَبُضْ لا (IAar, Şgh, K) and رَبُضْ لا (K) are applied to a wife الإِنَّهَا تُرْبِضُ زُوْجَهَا, (so in copies of the K and in the TA, but in the CK i. e. because she undertakes, or manages, the affairs of her husband, and gives him lodging,

or refuge; (TA;) or because she fixes him, (مُرَيَّضُ, i. e. مُرَيَّضُ, so that he does not quit his place: (L, TA:) or to the mother; or the sister; who undertakes, or manages, the affairs of (تُعَرِّبُ who undertakes, or manages, the affairs of (تُعَرِّبُ إِنَّهُ اللهُ الل

جَاءَ الشِّتَاءُ وَلَهَّا أَتَّخِذُ رَبَضًا * يَا وَيُحَ كَقَىًّ مِنْ حَفْرِ القَرَامِيصِ *

(S, Mgh) i. e. [The winter has come, and I have

not yet made for myself] a lodging : [O, wo to my two hands, in consequence of digging] hollows in which to sit for protection from the cold. (Mgh.) And from رَبض applied to "milk which sustains a man, and suffices him for food," originated the prov., (K, TA,) منك رَبضُكَ وإنْ كَانَ meaning thy family and thy servants (S, K) and those to whom thou betakest thyself for lodging or refuge, (S,) are appertenances of thine, though they be persons falling short [of their duty]: (S, K:) or thy manager of affairs, &c., though he be not a good manager of thine affairs: (L, TA:) and رَبُضُ also signifies any woman who undertakes, or manages, the affairs of a house: but in the T we find view, thus written, as by Th, on the authority of IAar, but not restricted by a measure, and explained as meaning the person who undertakes, or manages, the affairs of thy house; and so in the book of proverbs by As: and in the margin of a copy of the S, we find the above-cited prov. thus written, as from the "Book , منْكَ رُبْضُكَ ♦ وَإِنْ كَانَ سَهَارًا on Goats" by Ibn-Zeyd, and expl. as meaning the sons of thy father are appertenances of thine, though they be evil persons, in whom is no good. (TA.) __ ! The wall of a city: (K, TA:) the environs of a city, (S, A, Mgh,) and of a cor palace &c.], (A,) consisting of houses or dwellings, (A, Mgh,) or of open country: (TA:) and أربض signifies the same: (TA:) or this latter signifies the foundation, or basis, of a building; and of a city also: (K:) IKh writes it وَبُضُ : and some signify the same : (TA :) say that رَبْضُ and رَبْضُ the former of these two signifies also the part, of a thing, that touches the ground: (K, TA:) so says Sh: accord. to ISh, رُبْضُ الْأَرْضِ signifies what touches the ground, of a thing: (TA:) and ربض also signifies a lateral, or an outward or adjacent, part: (K:) or lateral, or outward or adjacent, parts of a thing: (Ks, S:) also the space immediately pertaining to a mosque: and [the pl.] is explained by El-Karkhee as applied to the quarters, or districts, of a town, or city. (Mgh.) __ ربض also signifies the rope of the [camel's saddle called] رحل, (A, K,) with which the رحل is bound; (A, TA;) one of the رحل or ropes of the .: (S, A:) or the part that is next the ground thereof; (K;) i. e., of the rope of the رحل; (TA;) not what is above the رحل: (K:) accord. to Lth, the part [of the belly] of the camel that is next the ground when he lies down; (L, TA;*) and the belly of the she-camel; and in like manner I Aar explains the pl. أرباض

as meaning the bellies of camels; but Az says that this is a mistake. (TA.) And + A girth of a رحل, like the نطاق [q. v.], which is put upon the flunks of the she-camel, so as to have the haunches behind it, (K, TA,) on either side, having at its two ends two rings, to which are tied the [woven, or plaited, thongs called] أنْسَاع is bound with it. (TA.) _ Also ! The مصارين [or guts, or intestines,] of the belly, that have a winding, or coiled, form; (Lth, A, TA;) such as are in the belly of a sheep or goat: (Lth, TA:) or the folding intestines of beasts: (AHat, TA:) or the guts, bowels, or intestines, into which the food passes from the stomach; syn. : (S, K:) or the contents of the belly, (K, TA,) consisting of the مصارين &c., (TA,) except the heart (K, TA) and the lungs. (TA.) + The part that comprises the [or minding, circling, or coiled, guts or intestines]; (IAar, TA;) as also , and أَرْبَضْ * and مَرْبَضْ * (IAar, K, TA:) some describe the ربض as below the navel; and the مريض, as beneath the navel and above the pubes. (TA.)

رَبُضُ وَنِ الحَاجَاتِ, (A, K,) in [some of] the copies of the K, erroneously, الأَسْفَارِ (TA,) and الأَسْفَارِ, (A, TA,) means ; A man who does not rise to perform needful affairs, (A, K,) and journeys: (A, TA:) or who does not go forth to undertake them. (Lh, TA.) = See also رُبُضُ, in three places.

i. e. † Remaining stationary, and impotent; (K;) as also أَرُبُضُةُ (K,) = See also أَرْبُضُةُ Also † A portion, (K,) or large portion, (IDrd,) of أَرْبُثُ [i. e. crumbled bread moistened with broth]. (IDrd, K.) = See also مُرْبُثُةُ (i. d. with the unpointed of .

A mode, or manner, of lying upon the breast: (K, and Har p. 382: [see 1, first signification:]) this is the primary meaning. (Har.) _ And A place thereof. (Har ibid. [See again رَبُضْ, first signification.]) _ See also رَبُضْ, in three places. __ Also + A place of slaughter (مَقْتَل) of any party, or company of men, slain in one plot of ground: (Lth, Sgh, K:) erroneously written by Sgh in the TS زيضة; but in the O correctly. (TA.) [And accord. to the TA, it seems to be also applied to + The party so slain.] Also The body [of an animal] when lying upon the breast; particularly, of a hare, (A, K,) and of a lamb, (A, TA,) and of a she-goat; and so vicit (TA.) Hence the saying, نَتْفَةُ اللهُ and so He brought us crumbled] بِثَرِيدِ كَأَنَّهُ رِبْضَةُ أَرْنَبِ bread moistened with broth resembling in size and shape the body of a hare lying upon its breast].

مَا الرَّبَ فَ خَمْهُ الرَّبِضَةُ A beast of which the traces of the place where it has been tied [and app. where it has lain] are large, or wide. (TA.)

رُبْضَةُ see رُبَضَةً