

سَنَةٌ ذُعْرِيَّةٌ A severe year. (A, K.)

ذُعُورٌ: see مَذْعُورٌ. — Also, [without ة,] A woman who becomes frightened at a thing that induces suspicion, or evil opinion, (S, A, Mṣb, K,) and at foul language. (K, TA: or, accord. to the CK and a MS. copy of the K, “foul language” is a distinct signification of the word.) A poet says,

\* تَنُولُ بِمَعْرُوفِ الْحَدِيثِ وَإِنْ تُرِدْ \*  
\* سَوَى ذَاكَ تُذَعِّرُ مِنْكَ وَهَى ذُعُورِ \*  
[She will give thee kind discourse; but if thou desire other than that, she will be frightened at thee; for she is one who is frightened at a thing inducing suspicion &c.]. (TA.) — Also A she-camel which, when her udder is touched, takes fright, and will not yield her milk. (So accord. to two copies of the S. [Expl. by إِذَا مَسَّ ضَرْعَهَا غَارَتْ] and so in some copies of the K and accord. to the TA: in a copy of the A, غَارَتْ, which has a similar meaning: in some copies of the K, غَارَتْ, without teshdeed, i. e., is jealous.)

مُذْعَرَةٌ: see the next paragraph.

مَذْعُورٌ Frightened; or that becomes frightened; (S, A, K;) as also ذُعُورٌ (A) and ذُعُورٌ (K) and مَذْعِرٌ (M, TA,) or مَذْعِرٌ (K.) — مَذْعُورَةٌ, and مَذْعَرَةٌ (K, TA,) or مَذْعَرَةٌ, (so in the CK, and a MS. copy of the K,) A mad she-camel. (K.)

مَذْعَرَةٌ }  
مَذْعِرٌ } see the next preceding paragraph.  
مَذْعَرٌ }

### ذغف

1. ذَغَفَهُ (S, K,) aor. -, (K,) inf. n. ذَغَفٌ (TK,) He gave him to drink ذَغَافٌ [i. e. poison, or instantaneous poison]. (S, K.) — [And He poisoned food: (see مَذْعُوفٌ:) for] ذَغَفٌ also signifies the infecting with poison. (KL.) = ذَغَفٌ and ذَغَفٌ, aor. -, (K,) inf. n. ذَغَفَانٌ (K, \*TK,) He died: (K:) [or he died quickly: like ذَأَفٌ.]

4. ذَغَفَهُ He, or it, slew him, or killed him, quickly. (K.)

7. ذَغَفَ His breath became interrupted, or short, (ذَغَفَ) and his heart broke (ذَغَفَ قُوَادَهُ) [a phrase probably to be understood in a figurative sense; like انذَأَفٌ]. (K.)

ذَغَفٌ: see ذَغَافٌ. ذَغَفُ اللَّعَابِ A serpent that kills quickly. (K.)

ذَغَفَانٌ Death. (K.) [See 1, last sentence.]

ذَغَافٌ Poison: (S, K:) or instantaneous poison; as also ذَغَفٌ (K:) or such poison is called ذَغَافٌ (Mgh:) pl. ذَغَافٌ. (K.) — ذَغَافٌ موتٌ ذَغَافٌ i. q. ذَوَافٌ; (S, K;) i. e. A quick death; that kills quickly; (S;) and so ذَغَافٌ موتٌ ذَغَافٌ. (K.)

مَذْعِرٌ: see what next precedes.

طَعَامٌ مَذْعُوفٌ [Poisoned food; or] food in which is ذَغَافٌ. (S, K.)

[This art. is wanting in the copies of the TA known to me. Compare with it art. زعف.]

### ذعن

1. ذَعِنٌ: see what next follows.

4. إِذْعَانٌ (S, Mṣb, \*K, &c.) inf. n. إِذْعَانٌ (Mṣb,) He was, or became, quick in obedience to him, or it: (K:) this is its [proper, or primary,] meaning, accord. to Aboo-Is-hāk, in the language of the Arabs: (TA:) and he acknowledged, or confessed, to him: (K:) and he was, or became, lowly, or humble, and abject, to him: (S, K:) and he was, or became, tractable, submissive, or manageable, to him; (S, \*Mṣb, \*K, TA;) and easy; (K, \*TA;) not disobedient; (Mṣb;) as also ذَعِنٌ, aor. -, (K,) inf. n. ذَعِنٌ. (TA.) You say, اذعن لى بحقى He obeyed me with respect to that [right, or due,] which I sought to obtain from him, and hastened to render it: and he acknowledged, or confessed, to me my right, or due, willingly, not against his will; as also اذعن. (TA.) Some have used إِذْعَانٌ as meaning Perception, and understanding: but there is no foundation for this in the language of the Arabs; and its being tropical, as some of the sheykhs have endeavoured to show it to be, is improbable. (MF.)

وَإِنْ يَكُنْ لِهَرِّ الْحَقِّ [act. part. n. of 4]. مَذْعِنٌ وَإِنْ يَأْتُوا إِلَيْهِ مُذْعِنِينَ, in the Kur [xxiv. 48], means [But if the right be theirs,] they come to him quickly obedient: (TA:) or [simply] obedient; not compelled against their will: (Fr, TA:) or acknowledging, or confessing, and lowly, or humble: or tractable, submissive, or manageable, and easy. (TA.) مَذْعَانٌ, also, signifies Tractable, submissive, or manageable, (Mṣb, K,) to her leader, (TA,) and easy in the head; (K;) applied to a she-camel: (Mṣb, K:) and, applied to a man, tractable, submissive, or manageable. (A, TA.)

مَذْعَانٌ: see what next precedes.

رَأَيْتَهُمْ مُذْعَابِينَ is a mistake for رَأَيْتَهُمْ مُذْعَابِينَ, meaning I saw them following one another, or doing so uninterruptedly. (K.)

### ذف

1. ذَفٌّ, aor. -, (S, M, Mṣb, K,) inf. n. ذَفَافَةٌ (M,) He, or it, (a thing, Mṣb,) was quick (S, M, Mṣb, K) and light, (M,) ذَفٌّ فِي الْأَمْرِ in the affair: (K:) or he was light [or went lightly] upon the ground. (M.) You say, ذَفٌّ عَلَى وَجْهِهِ, and ذَفٌّ فِي الْأَرْضِ, and ذَفٌّ, (IAḡr, T in the present art. and in art. ذَفٌّ) i. e. He went lightly upon the ground. (TA in art. ذَفٌّ) — Also, aor. as above, said of a pestilence, It was quick; and despatched, or killed, quickly. (K.) And ذَفٌّ عَلَيْهِ (M, K,) inf. n. ذَفٌّ and ذَفَافٌ (S, K,) or ذَفَفٌ (M;) and ذَفَفٌ (T in art. ذَفٌّ, S, M, Mgh,) or ذَفَفَهُ (K,) inf. n. تَذَفِيفٌ; (S;) and ذَفَفٌ عَلَيْهِ, (K.)

(T, M, K, in the CK اذاف,) and ذَفٌّ, and ذَفَفَهُ; (M, K, in the CK اذافه;) and اذفٌ عليه (M,) or ذَفَفَهُ, and ذَفَفَهُ; (K;) namely, a wounded man; (S, M, Mgh, K;) He despatched him; i. e. hastened and completed his slaughter; (T, S, M, Mgh, K;) as also ذَفٌّ عَلَيْهِ [&c.]. (Mṣb in art. ذَفٌّ. [See 3 in that art.]) — Also ذَفٌّ (T, M,) aor. -, inf. n. ذَفِيفٌ; (M;) and اذفٌ; (T, M, K;) It (a thing, or an affair,) was, or became, easy; (T;) within one's power or reach; (M;) feasible, practicable, or prepared. (M, K.) You say, ذَفٌّ and ذَفٌّ, ما اذفٌ لك and ذَفٌّ مَا ذَفٌّ لَكَ and اذفٌ: all signify the same: (T, K:) i. e. Take thou what is easy [&c.] to thee. (T. [See 10 in art. ذَفٌّ.]) — [The signification “Celeriter oborta fuerunt manaruntque lacrymæ,” assigned by Golius to the first of these verbs, as on the authority of the KL, is a mistake: it is taken from an explanation of ذَفَفٌ, which, in my copy of the KL, immediately follows the explanations of ذَفٌّ and ذَفَافٌ.]

2: see 1, in two places. — You say also, ذَفَّفْ جَهَّازَ رَاحِلَتِكَ Lighten thou the travelling-apparatus of thy riding-camel. (K.)

3: see 1, in two places.

4: see 1, in two places.

10: see 1, in two places. — Also It (an affair, or a thing,) was, or became, rightly disposed or arranged; in a right state; or complete, and in a right state; as also اذفٌ. (IKṡ, IB, TA in art. ذَفٌّ.)

R. Q. 1. ذَفَفٌ: see 1. — Also He walked with an elegant and a proud and self-concited gait, with an affected inclining of the body from side to side. (IAḡr, T, K.)

ذَفٌّ Sheep or goats. (Kr, M, K.)

ذَفَافٌ (M, K) and ذَفَفٌ (M) and ذَفَافٌ (T, S, K) and ذَفَافٌ (M, K) A small quantity of water; water little in quantity: (T, S, M, K:) or the last two signify, (K,) or the last but one signifies, (M,) moisture: (M, K:) the pl. [of mult.] (of ذَفَافٌ, T, K, or ذَفَافٌ, K) is ذَفَفٌ (T, K) and [of pauc.] اذفة. (T, M.)

ذَفَفٌ: see what next precedes.

ذَفَافٌ a subst. from ذَفَفٌ عَلَيْهِ [and as such signifying The act, or a means, of despatching a wounded man; i. e., hastening and completing his slaughter: and hence, of finishing a thing]. (El-Hejeree, M, K.) A poet says, referring to a draught of water,

\* تَكُونُ شِفَاءً أَوْ ذَفَافًا لِمَا بِيَا \*  
[That may be a cure, or a means of finishing, of what is in me, i. e., of what I am suffering]. (El-Hejeree, M.) — See also the next paragraph.

ذَفَافٌ: see ذَفِيفٌ, in two places: — and ذَفَافٌ: — and ذَفَفٌ. — You say also, ذَفَفْتُ ذَفَافًا I tasted not a little thing, or a thing small in quantity: (M:) or ذَفَفْتُ ذَفَافًا and ذَفَفْتُ ذَفَافًا [like ذَفَافًا] He tasted not anything. (K. In the CK ذَفَفْتُ ذَفَافًا.)