BOOK I.]

the like: or he gave, or granted, or sold, a thing upon credit]: (TA:) accord. to Esh-Sheybánee, this last verb signifies he became entitled to a debt from others [or from another]: Lth says that it (أدان) signifies he was, or became, such as is termed ; [i. e. it is syn. with استدان as it is said to be in the M and K ;] but [Az says,] this, which has been mentioned on the authority of some one or more by Sh, is in my opinion a mistake; أدان means he sold upon credit; or became entitled to a debt from others [or from another]; (T, TA;) or he sold to persons upon a limited credit, or for payment at an appointed period, so that he became entitled to a debt from them : (S:) and accord. to Sh, * ادان signifies he became much in debt. (T. TA.) El-Ahmar cites the following verse of El-'Ojeyr Es-Saloolce :

[We incur debt, and God pays for us; and sometimes, or often, we see the places of overthrow of a people, who incur not debt, in a state of perdition]: in the S [and the T] فَيْعًا; but correctly as above; for the whole of the is . (IB, TA.) And it is said in a trad., مَخْفُوضَة رَدَانَ بِ الدَّانَ * مُعْرِضًا , (Ş, K,) or, as some relate it, (K,) He bought upon credit, or borroned, or sought or demanded a loan, of whomsoever he could, addressing himself to such as came in his way: (S, TA:) or both mean he bought upon credit avoiding payment : or he contracted a debt with every one who presented himself to him : (K, TA: [see also other explanations voce : signifies he bought upon credit ادان ♥ ([: مُعْرِضُ (K:) or [thus and also] the contr., i. c. he sold upon credit. (T, K.) __ It is also trans.; and so is * دُنْتُه. (Msb.) You say, دُنْتُه, (M, Mgh, K, [in the CK دينة is here put for دينة) inf. n. زَدْنَتُهُ (TA;) and أَدَنْتُهُ (M, Mgh, K,) inf. n. إدانة (TA;) I gave him, or granted him, to a certain period, what is termed Line [meaning the loan, or the like; I lent to him : or I gave him, or granted him, credit; or sold to him, upon credit]: (M, K, TA:) so that he owed a debt: (TA :) and i. q. أَقْرَضْتُهُ [I gave him, or granted him, a loan, or the like]; (M,* Mgh, K;) as also has this last meaning : دَيْنَتْهُ * (A'Obcyd, S, M :) and أرنته v ignifies I sought. or demanded, of him a loan, or the like; syn. دِنْتُهُ as also * اسْتَدَنْتُهُ (M :) or دِنْتُهُ مَنْهُ has each of the last two meanings: (A'Obeyd, T, Msb :) and signifies also I received from him a loan, or the like. (K.) And one says, أدنى * meaning Lend thou to me ten dirhems. عَشَرَةَ دَرَاهِم (Ş, TA.) _____, (Ş,) first pers. دنته, (M, Msb, K,) inf. n. دَيْنْ (S, M, K) and دَيْنْ, (M, K,) or the latter is the inf. n. and the former is a simple subst., (M,) also signifies He repail, requited, compensated, or recompensed, him, (S, M, Msb, K,) بفعله for his deed : and so بفعله , inf. n. We did to دَنَّاهُم M.) And دَنَاهُم We did to Bk. I.

says, تَدينُ تُدَانُ, (T, S, M,) a prov., (M,). meaning Like as thou repayest, or requitest, &c., thou shalt be repaid, or requited, &c.; (S, M;) i. e. according to thy deed thou shalt be repaid. or requited, &c.: (S:) or, as some say, like as thou doest, it shall be done to thee : (M :) or like as thou doest thou shalt be given, and repaid, &c. (T.) And it is said in a trad., أَلَلْهُمْ دَنْهُمْ حُمَّا meaning O God, repay them, or requite, يدينوننا them, &c., with [the like of] that which they do to us. (TA.) ـــ اللهُ لَيَدِينُ مِنَ الجُهَّاءِ للْقُرْنَاءِ ـــ (TA.) a trad. of Selmán, means God will assuredly retaliate [for her that is hornless upon her that is horned]. (TA.) _ And one says, مَنْ دَانَ نَفْسَهُ , i. e. He who reckons with himself [gains] (Ham p. 10. [Or the verb may here have the meaning next following.]) - Also, دانه , He abased him, (T, S, K,) and enslaved him. (T, S.) Hence, (T,) it is said in a trad., الكَيَّس مَنْ دَان (Ş, T,) i. e. [The وَعَمِلَ لَمَا بَعْدَ الْمَوْت intelligent is] he who abases, and enslaves, himself [and works for that which shall be after death]: or, as some say, who reckons with himself: (T:) or, accord. to some, who overcomes himself. (TA.) And دانته (K,) first pers. دنته (T,) signifies He made him to do that which he disliked. (AZ, T, K.) And دين He was made to do that which he disliked. (T.) __ And , inf. n. دين, I ruled, governed, or managed, him, or it. (M, TA.) And I possessed it; owned it; or exercised, or had, authority over it. (Sh, S, Ķ, TA.) دان (IAar, T, Ķ,) aor. يَدِينَ, (Ķ,) [inf. n., app., دين, which see below,] significs also He became accustomed or habituated, or he accustomed or habituated himself, to good or to evil: (IAar, T, K :) and, accord. to Lth, (T,) signifies he mas accustomed or habituated : (T, M:) or, as some say, دين signifying "custom," or "habit," has no verb. (M.) = And He (a man, IAar, T) was, or became, smitten, or affected, by a disease. (IAar, T, K.)

دين

2. تَدْيِينَ (Ş, Mgh, Mşb, K,) inf. n. تَدْيِينَ (Ş, K,) He left him to his religion; (S, Mgh, Msb, K;) left him and his religion, not opposing him in that which he held allowable in his belief. (Msb.) - He believed him : so in the saying, He believed him in respect of the [He believed him in respect of the judgment, or judicial decision], (T, M, Mgh,*) and فيما بينه وبين الله [in respect of what was between him and God]: (T, M:) but this is a conventional signification used by the professors. (Mgh.) _ زَيَّنْتُ الحَالَفَ (T, TA) I confirmed the swearer (قويته [so in the TA, but in the T قويته, app. for بريته, I held him, or pronounced him, to be clear, or quit, if not a mistranscription for قَوَيتُه.]) in that which he swore. (T, TA.) - See also 1, in the latter half of the paragraph. I made him ruler, governor, or وَيَنْتُهُ القَوْمَ manager of the affairs, of the people, or company of men. (M.) And دينه الشيء (T,* TA,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) He made him to possess the

them like as they did to us. (Ham p. 10.) One thing; to own it; or to exercise, or have, authority says, (T, S, M,) a prov., (M,). over it. (T, • TA.) El-Hotei-ah says, (T, S, M,) meaning Like as thou repayest. or requitest. &c. addressing his mother, (T,)

(T, Ṣ, M,) meaning مَلْكَتَ [i. e. Verily thou hast been made to have the ordering of the affairs of thy sons until thou hast rendered them finer than four]. (T, Ṣ.) And hence the saying, يَدَيْنَ أَمَرُوْ يَدَيْنَ [The man shall be made to have the ordering of his affair, or affairs, or case]. (Sh, T.)

3. مَدَايَنَة, (Ṣ, M, A, Ķ,) inf. n. مَدَايَنَة and رديان, (TA,) I dealt, or bought and sold, with him upon credit; (A, TA;) I dealt, or sold and bought, with him, giving upon credit and taking upon credit: (Ṣ, TA:) or I dealt, or I gave him, or granted him, a loan, or the like; and he did so to me: (M, Ķ:) or I dealt with him upon credit, giving or taking. (Ksh^{*} and Bd in ii. 282.) See also 1, in the latter half of the paragraph. Each of the inf. ns. mentioned above is also syn. with مَدَاتَ مَدَاتَ آل المُعَاتِي (TA.)

4. إذان , inf. n. إذان; as an intrans. v.: see 1, in the former half of the paragraph, in three places. — As a trans. v.: see 1, in the latter half of the paragraph, in four places. ____ [The following significations, namely, "Subegit," and "Pensavit," assigned to this verb by Golius as on the authority of the KL, and "Voluit sibi esse servum," and "Servum cepit," followed by an accus., assigned to it by him as on the authority of the S, I do not find in either of those works.]

5. تديّن: sce 1, in the former half of the paragraph, in three places.

6. تَدَايَنُوا They sold and bought, one with another, upon credit; and in like manner تَدَايَنُ is said of two persons: (S:) or they took, or received, or bought, upon credit [app. one of another]: and so ادَّايَنُوا [which is a variation of the former]. (M.) ادَّايَنُوا يَسْتَرُ بِدَيْنِ Kur ii. 282, means When ye deal, one with another, (Ksh, Bd, Jel, Mşb,) upon credit, giving or taking, (Ksh,* Bd,) or by prepayment, (Jel, Mşb,) or lending or the like, (Jel,) fc. (Mşb.)

8. ادْتَانَ , originally ادْتَانَ : see 1, in six places.

10. استدان, as an intrans. v.: see 1, in the former half of the paragraph, in three places. _____ *He sought*, or *demanded*, of him what is *termed* دَيْنَ [meaning a debt]: and also i. q. استَقْرَضُ منْهُ. (M.) See 1, in the latter half of the paragraph.

ذين [is an inf. n. of 1: _____ and is also a simple subst., and] properly signifies [A debt; such as] the price of a thing sold [which the purchaser is under an obligation to pay]; and a dowry [which one engages to pay]: and a loan, or the like; syn. تَرْضَ (Msb:) or it is [a debt] such as has an appointed time of falling due: what

119