TA.) = مُحَلَّى الشَّيْءَ (K,) aor. عُلَّى الشَّيْءَ (K,) aor. أَمُلُّى الشَّيْءَ (TA,) He, or it, perforated the thing; transpierced it, or pierced it through; as also تختله : (K:) so in the M. (TA.) You say, , aor. ألشَّىءَ بالخلال, aor. ألشَّىءَ بالخلال pierced, the thing with the [pin called] (JK,) [And خَلُ اللَّهُ He skewered the flesh-meat.] And خَلُنْتُهُ بِالرَّمْ I pierced him with the spear. (JK.) And اختلّه لا بالزُّمْ He trans pierced him, or transfixed him, with the spear; (T, M, K, TA;) and so بالسّهو with the arrow : (S:) or the former signifies he pierced him with the spear and transfixed his heart: (TA:) accord. to AZ, الاختلال relates to the heart and يَخْتَلُّ الثُّورُ And) الثُّورُ the liver. (M in art. يَخْتَلُ الثُّورُ The bull pierces the dog with his الكلُّب بقرنه horn]. (JK. [It is there vaguely indicated that signifies The act, or perhaps the effect, of a bull's piercing a dog with his horn.]) And He pierced him time after time with the spear. (M, K.) _ And خُلُّ الفُصِيلُ (K,) inf. n. خُلُّ, (TA,) He slit the tongue of the young camel, and inserted into it a wooden pin called خلال, in order that he might not suck: (K:) or [simply] he slit the tongue of the young camel, in order that he might not be able to such [any longer], so that he became lean; as also signifies the fixing الخُلُّ signifies الخُلُّ الفَصيل a علال above the nose of the young camel, to prevent his suching. (TA in art. __.) __ And خُلّ (T, Mgh, Msb, K, TA,) aor. 4, inf. n. خُلُّه (S, Msb, TA,) namely, a thing, (TA,) a garment, (S, صله (T, TA,) a [garment such as is called] کساء K, TA) or رداء (Mgh, Msb) &c., (TA,) and a [tent such as is called] خباء, (S, TA,) He pinned it with the [pin called] خُلال ; (T, TA;) he conjoined (Mgh, Msb, TA) its two edges, (Mgh, Msb,) or its edges, (TA,) or he fastened it, (K,) with a خلال : (S, Mgh, Msb, K, TA:) and has a similar, but intensive, signification. (Msb.) A poet says,

سَمِعْنَ بِمَوْتِهِ فَظَهَرْنَ نَوْحًا قِيَامًا مَا يُخَلُّ لَهُنَّ عُودُ

meaning, الْ يَحْلُ لَهُنْ ثُوبُ بِعُودِ (إِنْ أَنْ اللهُ ا

hended, persons or things in common, or in general, in his prayer or supplication &c., and particularized, or specified, some person or thing, or some persons or things].

2. مُثَلِّلُ أَسْنَانَهُ, [He picked his teeth;] he extracted the remains of food between his teeth with a خلال [or toothpick]; (Msb, K,* in which latter the pass. form of the verb is mentioned;) and so تختّر, alone; (T, S,* O, TA;) but accord. to the K, you say, Lie extracted it], meaning the remains of food between the He sepa- خلّل الشّعَر بالهشط [He separated the hair with the comb; he combed the hair]. (Mgh voce جُلُّل لِحُيَّتُهُ __ (بَشْرِيحُ , (ṣ,* Msb, K,) and أصابعه, (S,* K,) inf. n. as above, (S,) He made the water to flow into the interstices of his beard, (Msb, K,) and of his fingers or toes, (K,) in the ablution termed ; (S, TA;) and تختّل, alone, signifies the same. (S.) It (the former) is as though it were taken from meaning "I entered amid the تَخَلَّلْتُ القَوْمَ breaks, or interspaces, of the people." (Msb.) خُلْلُوا أَصَابِعَكُمْ لَا تُخَلَّلُهَا نَارٌ قَليلٌ Hence the trad., [Make ye the water to flow into the interstices of your fingers or toes, lest fire that shall spare little be made to flow into their interstices]. (TA.) _ صَارُوج He put خَلْلُهُ كُلْسًا _ (TA.) i.e. quick lime, &c.,] into the interstices of its (a building's) stones. (TA in art. كلس.) ___ and البِطّيخ, inf. n. as above, He investigated the state of the cucumbers, and the melons, or water-melons, so as to see every one that had not grown, and put another in its place. (AA, TA.) _ See also 1, in the latter half of the paragraph. - And see 1 again, last sentence. inf. n. تَخْليل, said of wine and of other beverages, It became acid, or sour; and spoiled: (K:) or, said of شُرَاب [i. e. wine and the like], (Mgh,) or of نَبيذ [i. e. must and the like], (Msb,) or of expressed juice, (K,) it became vinegar ; (Mgh, Msb, K;) as also اختل (Lth, K;) but this is disallowed by Az; (TA;) and لنحقر: but this is of the language of the lawyers; (Mgh ;) or, said of نبيذ, this last signifies it was made into vinegar: (Msb:) or signifies it spoiled, (JK, T,) محتّل, said of شراب, signifies also sig- تَخْليلْ عا also signifies The making vinegar; (S;) and so اختلال ا; (K;) i. e. of the expressed juice of grapes and of dates. (TA.) You say, خال الخَبْر, (K,) or (Mgh,) or الشَّراب, inf. n. as above, (Msb,) the verb being trans. as well as intrans., (Mgh, Meb, K,) and تخلل النّبيذ, (TA,) He made the wine, or beverage, or must or the like, into vinegar. (Mgh, Msb, K, TA.) = And خَلْلِ البُسْرِ He put the full-grown unripe dates in the sun, and then sprinkled them (in some copies of the K منضعة,) with vinegar, and placed them in a jar: (K:) so in the M: and in like manner, other things than بُسْر; as cucumbers, and cab-

[Accord. to modern usage, the verb signifies He pickled.]

3. غَالَهُ, (JK, Mgh, K,) inf. n. غَالَهُ and عَلَالُ, (JK, S, K) and [quasi-inf. n.] عَلَا لَهُ, (JK,) He acted, or associated, with him as a friend, or as a true, or sincere, friend. (JK, S,* Mgh, K.) بَنْعُ فِيهُ وَلا عَلَالُ اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ إِنْ اللهُ اللهُ إِنْ اللهُ اللهُ

4. أَعِلَّ and أَعِلَّ بِهِ see 1, near the beginning. _ أَخَلُّ بِهِ He (a man) fell, or stopped, short in it; fell short of accomplishing it; fell short of doing what was requisite, or due, or what he ought to have done, in it, or with respect to it; or flagged, or was remiss, in it; namely, a thing; syn. قَصَّرُ فيه ; (Msb;) as, for instance, in belief, and in confession thereof, and in works : (Ksh and Bd in ii. 2:) he left it, neglected it, omitted it; or left it undone: (Har p. 402:) or i. q. أُجْمَفُ به [app. as meaning he was near to falling short of accomplishing it, or of doing what was requisite in it; or was near to being remiss in it]; namely, a thing. (K.) He failed of fulfilling his compact with him, or his promise to him. (K.) - He became absent, or he absented himself, from it; he left, abandoned, or quitted, it; namely, a place &c. (K.) You say, اخل بمركزه He (a man, S, or a horseman, Mgh) left, abandoned, or quitted, his station (S, Mgh) which the commander had appointed him. (Mgh.) And اخل بهو He became absent, or he absented himself, from them. (JK.) ___ The prefect made the frontiers اخلَّ الوَالِي بالثُّغُور to be kept by a small body of troops. (K.) He made him, or caused اخله : see 8. اخل إليه him, to want, or be in need. (JK, S, K.) You say, مَا أَخُلُّكَ إِلَى هَٰذَا What has made thee, or caused thee, to want, or be in need of, this? (S.) And مَا أَخَلَّكُ ٱللهُ إِلَيْهِ What has God made thee, or caused thee, to want, or be in need of? (Lh, K.) = اخل الإبل : see 1, near the end of the paragraph. اخلوا (K,) inf. n. إخلال, (TA,) Their camels pastured upon what is termed ... (K.) _ Hence, اخل said of a man signifies + أَخَذَ مِنْ قُبُل [i. e. He took frontways]: opposed to أَحْبَضُ [and أَحْبَضُ, q. v.], meaning أَحْبَضُ (TA.) أَخَذَ مِنْ دُبُرٍ tree produced bad fruit. (A'Obeyd, JK, S, K.) __ And The palm-tree produced dates such as are termed أَبْلُحَت [like أَبْلُحَت from : خَلَال thus it bears two contr. significations. (K.)

Mṣḥ, K,) and تَالَّ (TA,) He made the wine, or beverage, or must or the like, into vinegar. (Mgh, Mṣḥ, K, TA.) — And النَّ (Mgh, Mṣḥ, K, TA.) — And النَّ (Mgh, Mṣḥ, K, TA.) — And النَّ (Interstices, &c., of a thing]. You say, and then sprinkled them (مَنْ مَنْ in some copies of the K (جَنْ الرَّمْلُ), with vinegar, and placed them in a jar: (K:) so in the M: and in like manner, other things than النَّ (Interstices, &c., of a thing]. You say, interstices, &c., of a thing. You say. In the peaks of the people. (Ṣ, M, Mṣḥ, K.*) And Interstices, &c., of a thing. You say. Interstices, &c., of a thing. You say. In the peaks of the people. (Ṣ, M, Mṣḥ, K.*) And Interstices, &c., of a thing. You say. In the peaks of the people. (Ṣ, M, Mṣḥ, K.*) And Interstic