غَنْفُقيقُ see عَيْفُقُ = and see also عَنْفُقيقُ

A place, (TA,) or a level land, (Aṣ, TA,) in which the ساب [or mirage] quivers. (Aṣ, TA.) [See also منافق عنافق signifies The places of setting [of stars]: and is used as [a sing.,] meaning the place of setting of a star. (Ham p. 152.) [See also المنافق]

A broad sword: (JK, S, K:) or anything broad with which one strikes. (Mgh.)

رة A درة [q. v.] (JK, S, K) with which one strikes [or flogs]: (S:) or (so in the K, but in the JK "and") a whip of wood: (JK, K:) so says Lth. (TA.)

A man (T) having a fluttering, or palpitation, of the heart. (IDrd, T, K.*) __ And Possessed, bereft of reason, or insane; syn.

: (AA, K:) fem. with ō. (AA.)

خفو

1. الْغُوْ , (Ṣ, K,) aor. يَخْفُو , (Ṣ,) inf. n. عُفَا رِيْخُفِي , aor. خَفَى and فَغَنى (ISd, K;) and خُفُو inf. n. نَعْفَى; (Ṣ, TA;) and خَفْى, aor. رَغْفَى inf. n. فغنى; (Kr, TA;) said of lightning, It flashed, gleamed, or shone, (S, K, TA,) faintly, extending sideways in the adjacent tracts of cloud: when it flashes, gleams, or shines, a little, and then ceases, not extending sideways, it is termed and when it cleaves the clouds, and extends high, into the midst of the sky, without going to the right and left, it is termed :: (S, TA:) accord. to A'Obeyd, signifies the extending of lightning sideways in the tracts of the shy. (TA.) _ And lie, (K,) inf. n. (TA,) It (a thing) appeared. (K, TA. [See also ([.خفی .in art. خفی

neously, خَفْيَةً ، q. خَفْيَةً , (K, TA, [in the CK, erroneously, خَفْيَةً ,]) an inf. n. of غَنِتُ لَهُ as syn. with الْخَتَفَيْتُ , (K and TA in art. خَفَى , q. v.,) the and so being interchangeable. (TA.)

خفي

1. خَفِي (Mgh, Mab, K,) aor. رَخْفَى, (Msb, K,) inf. n. 此去, (Mgh, Msb, K,) has two contr. significations : (Mgh, Msb :) It nas, or became, unperceived or imperceptible, [or hardly perreived or perceptible, by any of the senses, or only by the eye or ear, or by the mind; mostly] unapparent, or not apparent; (K;) [latent; obscure;] hidden, concealed, or covered; (Mgh, Msb;) [or unconspicuous; but also faint, or dim, to the sight; suppressed, or stifled, said of the voice; or low, faint, gentle, or soft, to the ear; and obscure to the mind, abstruse, recondite, occult, or covert; and secret, private, or clandestine:] and the contr., i. e. it appeared; it was, or became, apparent, open, manifest, plain, or evident; (Mgh, Msb;) [as also استنفى : (see , below:)] or, accord. to some, the particle that connects it with its subject distinguishes one

meaning from the other: (Msb:) you say, auc, aor. and inf. n. as above, (S, Mgh, Mab, TA,) it (a thing, or an affair, Mgh) was, or became, unperceived or imperceptible, [&c., by him;] unapparent, or not apparent, [or obscure, &c., to him;] (TA;) or hidden, or concealed, from him: (Mgh, Msb:) and خفى it appeared to him; it was, or became, perceptible, apparent, open, &c., to him: [but see what follows:] (Mgh, Msb:) whence the sayings of Mohammad, [app. the Hanasee Imam,] referring to spoils, نَحْفِي i. e. It ap- لَهُمْ أَنْ يَذْهَبُوا بِهَا وَيَكْتُمُوهَا أَهْلَ الشَّرْك peared [to them that they should go away with them, or take them away, and conceal them from the believers in a plurality of gods], and خفى [It appeared لَهُمْ أَنْ يُخْرِجُوهَا إِلَى دَارِ الإِسْلامِ [It appeared to them that they should take them forth to the territory of El-Islam]: but this is said only in relation to that which appears from a state of concealment or from a hidden quarter. (Mgh.) [Hence,] برح النفاة The affair, or case, became manifest: (S, K:) or the state of concealment departed, or ceased; but the former explanation is better: or, as some say, الخفاة here signifies the secret; and the meaning is, the secret became apparent : (TA:) or, lit., the low ground became high and apparent; meaning † what was concealed became revealed. (Har pp. 133-4. [See also art. برح.]) [And على خفا: means Covertly, secretly, privately, stealthily, or clandestinely. (Sec also what follows.)] _ خُفْيَتُ , aor. -, (K,) inf. n. خُفْيتُ and عَفْيَة (Msb, K) and عَفْية, (K,) the ي and • being interchangeable, (TA,) significs [i. e. I made myself unapparent to him, lurked, or lay hid or in ambush, for him; cloaked, or disguised, myself to him; hid, or concealed, myself from him]: (K:) [for] اختفى signifies he hid, or concealed, himself, (Fr,* El-Fárábee, JK,* Msb, K,) ais from him; (TA;) as also , (Fr,* JK,* Msb, K,) and استخفی الله (Fr,* JK,* Msb, K,) منك, meaning I hid, or concealed, myself from thee; but not اختفیت (IKt, Th, S, Msb :) or in the sense of مُغنى is not of high authority, nor is it disallowed, (Az, Msb, TA,) but أستخفى is more usual. (Az, TA.) You say, عَفْيَةُ and عَفْيَةُ (I did it covertly, secretly, privately, stealthily, or clandestinely]. (Msb.) And عَفْوة and عَنْوة [He was slain يَأْكُلُهُ خَفُوةً covertly, secretly, &c.]. (JK.) And [lit. He eats it covertly, &c.,] means he steals it. (K.) In the saying in the Kur [vii. 53], the meaning [of the last word] , رَبُّكُم تَضَرَّعًا وَخُفْيَةً is, Submissively, devoting yourselves to his service: or, accord to Zj, adhering to his service in your minds: or, accord. to Th, celebrating Him in your minds: or, accord. to Lh, in quietness, and stillness: (TA:) or secretly; and so in the similar passage in the Kur vi. 63. (Jel, and so Bd on this latter passage.) عُفْيَةُ is from أَخْفَيْتُ الصَّوْتَ [explained below in this paragraph]: (JK:) the intrans. v. whereof is اختفى [signifying It (the voice) was, or became, suppressed, or stifled; or

low, faint, gentle, or soft; like , which is more common]. (Lth, TA.) عفاه عدم , sor. (JK, S, Mab, K,) inf. n. فقى (JK, Mab, K) and خفي, (K,) also has two contr. significations: (S, Msb, TA :) He made it perceptible, apparent, open, manifest, plain, or evident: (JK, S, Mab, K:) and he hid, or concealed, or covered, it; (S, Msb, K; [in this latter sense, erroneously written in the CK (جُمُقَاهُ;]) as also اخفاهُ (Ş, K;) or, accord. to some, this latter has the latter meaning; and the former verb has [only] the former meaning: but accord to others, the reverse is the case: (Msb:) or, accord. to Aboo-'Alee El-Kalee, the former verb has the former meaning only; and the latter verb has both meanings: (IB, TA:) the latter is also explained as signifying he removed its, i. e. its covering : (TA:) and the former, as meaning he made it to come forth from a state of concealment: (JK:) and he drew it forth; (K;) as also اختفاه (S, Msb, K.) One says, أَفُطُرُ الفَّأْرِ الفَّأْرِ الفَّأْرِ الفَّأْرِ الفَّارِ الفَّارِ الفَّارِ الفَّارِ الفَّارِ الفَّارِ الفَّارِ mice, to come forth from their holes. (S.) It is said in the Kur [xx. 15], أَكُادُ said in the Kur [xx. 15], أُخْفِيهَا , (JK, TA,) or أُخْفِيهَا أَرْ accord. to different readers : (TA:) the former means [Verily the hour of the resurrection is coming:] I am almost making it to appear: (JK, TA:) and the latter, I am almost removing that which conceals it : (S, IJ, TA:) or I almost conceal it: (JK, TA:) or, as Ubei reads it, [I almost conceal it from Myself]: and Fr says [that the meaning is], I almost conceal it from Myself, and how then should I acquaint you therewith? (TA.) And it is said in a trad. respecting the flight [from Mekkeh], اخفى عَنَّا خَبَرُكَ [written without the or اخفی or اخفی vowel-signs, so that it may be i. e. Conceal thou thine information from such as may ash thee respecting us. (TA.) And in another trad., كَانَ يَعْفَى صُوْتُهُ بَأَنِينِ, thus with fet-h to the في, meaning He used to make his voice perceptible [or audible, with moaning]. (TA.) And you say, أَخْفَيْتُ الصَّوْتُ [meaning I suppressed, or stifled, the voice; or made it low, faint, gentle, or soft]. (Lth, JK, TA.) [And He uttered speech, or the speech, in a low, faint, gentle, or soft, tone; he spoke in a low, faint, gentle, or soft, manner; lit. he made speech, or the speech, to be low, &c.] = خفى aor. يَخْفَى; and رَغْفَى, aor. وَيَخْفِى; inf. n. of each خفي; said of lightning: see خفي in art.

4, as an intrans. v.: see 1, in the former half of the paragraph, near the middle. — As a trans. v.: see 1, in seven places, in the latter half of the paragraph.

5: see 1, in the former half of the paragraph, near the middle.