خَاطر see خطر

inf. n. of un. of غطرة : and hence,] + A going away; and walking with an elegant and a proud and self-conceited gait, with an affected inclining of the body from side to side. (Har مَا لَقَيتُهُ إِلَّا خُطْرَةً ...خَاطْرُ See also مَا لَقَيتُهُ إِلَّا خُطْرَةً \$ [I met him not save] sometime; (A;) or some-مَا ذَكُرْتُهُ إِلَّا خَطْرَةً بَعْدَ خَطْرَة اللهِ اللهِ times. (K.) And I [I remembered not, or mentioned not, him, or it, save sometime after sometime; i. e., save] sometimes. (A.) __ أَصَابِتُهُ خَطْرةً مِنَ الجِنّ _ + A touch, or stroke, from the jinn, or genii, befell him; or madness, or insanity, [proceeding] from the jinn; syn. مُسُّد. (K,* TA.) أخطرة رحم (I Aar, TA) app. means + Between me and him is a tie of relationship. (TA.) + We pastured [our beasts] upon the patches of herbage produced by the [rain called] وسمى (K,* TA.) _ غطرة also signifies + A small quantity [or shower] of rain: pl. خطار (JK) [and probably خطرات also]. _ And one لَا جَعَلَهَا ٱللهُ خَطْرَتُهُ وَلَا جَعَلَهَا آخِرَ مُخْطَرِهُ says, أَخْرَ مُخْطَرِهُ [app. referring to rain, and meaning + May God not make it to be the only shorer, or fall, thereof, or the only time thereof; nor make it to be the last time thereof]; (TA;) (K,* TA.) آخِرَ عَهْدِ meaning آخِرَ مَخْطَر

: see what next follows.

The fulling of a camel's tail between the parts above his thighs, when he moves it about; [see 1, first sentence ;] as also مخطار (TA: in which the latter is written without any syll. signs.) = A camel's nose-rein; (S, K;) a nose-rein by which a she-camel is led: (Kr:) a rope: (Sh, K:) these, says Meyd, are one and the same thing. (TA.) It is related in a trad. of 'Alee that he said to [a mistake for "respecting"] 'Ammar, أَنْجُرُّ لَكُمْ [Pull ye his noserein as long as it will be pulled by you]: or, as some relate the saying, مَا جَرَّهُ لَكُمْ [as long as he pulls it to you]: meaning follow him as long as there is ground for doing so: or, accord to some, as Sh says, act patiently towards 'Ammar as long as he acts patiently towards you: Meyd mentions it as a proverb. (TA.) = : Eminent; nuble; of high rank: (Msb, K, TA:) characterized by rank or station: (S, A:) pl. خطر (K) and (A.) And †Anything excellent. (TA.) You say أمر خطير † A thing, or an affair, of high account or estimation. (TA.) — Also + Ignoble; of low rank; (AZ, TA;) contemptible. (AZ, Msb.) __ See also خطر, in three places.

[is probably applied to a he-camel in a

sense like that of the fem., here following]. applied to a she-camel, That lashes with the tail to the right and left: (K:) or that moves about her tail, when going, in a brisk, or sprightly, manner: (A:) or that raises her tail, in going along, by reason of briskness, and exceeding sprightliness. (Har p. 557.) [See 1, first sentence.] _ [Hence,] ! A spear that quivers, vibrates, or shakes: (S, A, K:) or that does so much: and in like manner, a man. (TA.) And A man who thrusts much with the spear. (S, K, TA.) _ + A man who raises his arm, or hand, (K, TA,) with a stone which he lifts for the purpose of trying his strength, (TA,) to cast, or throw, (K, TA,) and who shakes the stone in lifting it. (TA.) _ + A sling. (K.) †The [engine of war called] منجنيق; (K;) as also مُطَّارِةٌ : its casting being likened to the action termed خَطَرَانْ [inf. n. of 1, q. v.], of the stallion-camel. (TA.) الخطّار +The lion: (K:) because of his proud walk, and self-admiration: or because of his shaking himself in his walk. (TA.) مسك خطّار Musk that diffuses much odour or fragrance. (A.)

see the next preceding paragraph.

[part. n. of 1, q. v. :] # Walking with an elegant and a proud and self-conceited gait, with an affected inclining of the body from side to side; (K;) as also مُطُرُّل (K, TA,) or خُطُرُّل. (So in the CK and in a MS. copy of the K.) = 1Anopinion, or an idea, or object of thought, bestirring itself in the mind; (A and Kull p. 179;) i. q. هاجس, (M, K,) i. e. a thing coming at random into the mind : (S in art. هجس) or a cogitation mhich bestirs itself, or occurs, (پخطر) in the mind, with a view to the end, issue, or result, of a thing: (Msb:) pl. خَوَاطِرُ : (A, K:) [and خُطُرُةٌ * signifies the same; for] خَطَرَاتُ [which is its pl.] is syn. with خُواطر; (A;) [whence the phrase,] +The vain suggestions of the devils. (Sand TA in art. همز, &c.) [See also خطر, last sentence] __ Hence it is applied to †The mind itself. (Kull p. 179.)

خَطْرَة see : مَخْطَرُ

أباديَةٌ مُخْطَرَةً †[A perilous, or dangerous, desert;] as though it made the traveller a stake between safety and perdition. (Msb.)

[act. part. n. of 3, q. v.:] +One who contends with another in shooting or casting [app. for a wager]. (JK, TA.)

خطف

1. عُطْفُهُ, aor. -, (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb, K,) inf. n. غُطُفُهُ; (Ṣ, TA;) this is the approved form of the verb; (T, Ṣ;) and عُطُفُهُ, aor. -, (Ṣ, Mṣb, K,) inf. n. as above; (Mṣb;) a form of the verb mentioned by Akh, (Ṣ,) but this is rare, (Ṣ, K,) or (K) bad, (Ṣ, K,) scarcely, or not at all, known; (Ṣ;) and عُلَفُهُ اللهِ (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb, TA,) and عُلَفُهُ أَلَمُ اللهُ الل

has been said to imply repetition of the action [unless it be a variation of عنطف as in a case mentioned below]; but this is strange, and not known on any other authority than that of the "Akáneem et-Taaleem" by El-Khuweiyee, a disciple of El-Fakhr Er-Rázee. (MF, TA.) وَيُتَخَطُّفُ * النَّاسُ , Hence, in the Kur [xxix. 67] And men are carried off by force from around them]. (TA.) _ [And hence,] [This is a sword that الرَّأْسَ will strike off the head]. (TA.) _ And ____ and خُطُفُه, said of lightning, (K,) and of a ray of light, and of a [glistening] sword, and of any polished body, (TA,) ‡ It took away the sight: (K, TA:) and اختطف إ بصرة His sight was suddenly taken away. (M and K in art. ملس.) It is said in the Kur [ii. 19], يَكَادُ البَرْقُ يَخْطَفُ أَبْصَارَهُمْ إِلَا [The lightning almost taketh away their sight, lit. sights]: (TA:) Yoo read يَخْطَفُ ابصارهم; (Ş, TA;) and so did Aboo-Rejà and Mujáhid: and some read پخطّف, and پخطّف, originally , accord. to the opinion of the Basrees, disputed by Fr, but confirmed by Zj. (TA.) -And خُطِفَ السَّهُع (K,) aor. -, (S,) said of a devil, ! He stole [an opportunity of] hearing [the speech of the angels, from the confines of the lowest Heaven; or snatched it]; (S, K, TA;) as also اختطفه ا: (K:) the two verbs being like and انتزعه and انتزعه (Sb, TA.) Hence, in the Kur [xxxvii. 10], الله مَنْ خُطفَ الخَطْفَةُ بالله إلا إلا مَنْ خُطفَ الخَطْفَةُ إلا الله المُعلق him who steals the [opportunity of] hearing: (TA:) or who snatches unawares and by stealth, (Bd,) or hears and snatches, (Jel,) the speech of the angels: (Bd, Jel:) El-Hasan read الرّ من (S, TA:) : ٱخْتَطُفُ originally خُطُفُ الخطفة and another reading, ascribed to him and others, is مُطُّفُ; but this is very weak. (TA.) .___ زخَطَفَانٌ . inf. n. -; and خَطَفَ , aor. -; inf. n. خَطَفَ (K;) thus in all the copies of the K, but correctly خُطف, as in the L; (TA;) said of a camel, +He went along quickly. (K, TA.) And He ment along at a quick مَرَّ يَخْطُفُ خَطْفًا مُنْكَرًا rate [such as was deemed strange, or disapproved]. (TA.) And خُطَفْت السَّفينَة, and خُطفُت السَّفينَة, + The ship sailed, or royaged: you say, خطفت اليوم امن عَمَان + She sailed, or voyaged, to-day, from Omán. (TA.)

2: see 1, first sentence.

4. اخطف بالأمر He said, Seize thou this [thing], O man; or take it, or carry it off, by force; or snatch it away. (Ṣgh.) اخطف لى من حديثه بنا ألم بنا