قَبْ: see يُحْدَ.

امراة خباة A woman who shows herself and then hides herself: (S, O, TA:) [like غبغة:] or a woman who heeps to her house, or tent. (K.)

A well-known kind of structure; (K;) [i. e.] a kind of tent, (Mgh, TA,) made of wool, (Mgh, Msb,) or of camels' fur, or sometimes of [goats'] hair, sometimes upon two poles, or three; what is above this kind being termed : ... (Msb:) or a tent having one pole; that which has more than one pole being termed :: (AZ, TA in art (بربع:) [or] also applied to a بيت [or tent] of any kind: (Towsheeh, TA voce ,, q. v.:) pl. أُخْبِيَةُ (TA,) or أُخْبِيَةُ : (Msb:) it is from "he hid it," or "concealed it:" (Mgh:) or it belongs to art. خبى: (K:) most of the lexicologists hold that its radical letters are خبى: some, that they are خبو: IDrd asserts that they are خبى (TA:) [See also art. خبأ.] = A mark made with a hot iron upon some secret part of an excellent she-camel : pl. أَخْبِثُهُ. (Lth, K.)

: sec : and see also 8.

مَبْئَةُ, and its pl. يَجْبُدُ: see بُحُبُنُ, in two places.

An artifice, or a stratagem, resulting in disappointment; i. q. خَانِث ; (AHei, K;) formed [from the latter] by transposition. (AHei.)

غَابِئَة, as sometimes pronounced, (Msb,) or خَابِئَة, with the suppressed, (S, Msb, K,) because of frequent usage, (Msb,) i. q. أُحُوابِئ [q. v.]; (S, K;) i. e. A large jar: pl. خوابئ [i. e. خُوابِئ, or خوابئ (TA:) from خَبَأُهُ "he hid it," or "concealed it." (S, Msb.) _ [Hence,] بِنْتُ الخَابِيَةِ للسَّادِيَةِ (Hence, 365.)

مُخْبَأً A place, or chamber, for hiding or concealing [anything]; a secret place or chamber: pl. مُخَابِئُ. (MA.)

so in the [S and] O, and in some of the correct copies of the K; in other copies of the K ; in other copies of the K; in other copies of the CK; A girl that is [kept in the house, or tent,] concealed from view; or that conceals herself; (S;) that is hept behind, or within, the curtain; (K, TA;) not going forth: or (TA) that is not yet married. (Lth, K, TA.)

One who conceals himself in order that he may see mithout the knowledge of him who is seen. (Mgh.)

خبت

1. مَبْتُ ذَكُوهُ The mention of him, or it, was, or became, concealed: (L:) [app. meaning he, or it, was, or became, obscure; or of no reputation, or repute.] = مُبْتُ, accord. to Z, i. q. مُبْتُ [q. v.]: occurring in a trad. (TA.) [See

4. اخبت He became in what is termed اخبت [q. v.]. (A, TA.) __And, (S, Msb, K, TA,) [hence,

or from جُبَتُ (Ksh and Bḍ in xi. 25, and TA,) or from بُخَبَتُ (كُرُفَ, (L,) inf. n. إُخَبَتُ (Ṣ, Mṣb,) ; He (a man, Mṣb, TA) was, or became, lowly, humble, or submissive, (Ṣ, Mṣb, K, TA,) in heart, (Mṣb,) and obedient, (TA,) at to God. (Ṣ, TA.) And in like manner, in the Kur [xi. 25], (TA,) and in like manner, in the Kur [xi. 25], (TA,) means † And who have become lowly, humble, or submissive, [and obedient,] to their Lord; or have lowered, humbled, or abased, themselves to their Lord; or have trusted to their Lord: (A,* TA:) for the Arabs put in the place of J. (TA.)

(TA:) or a low, or depressed, tract of ground:

(TA:) or a low, or depressed, (S,) or concealed and low, (TA,) tract of ground, in which is sand:

(S, TA:) or a wide, or spacious, low tract of ground: (IAar, A, K:) or a plain, or soft, tract of ground in a [stony tract such as is termed]

5.: (TA:) and a wide bottom, or bed, or interior, of a valley: (A:) or a deep valley, easy to be walked or ridden through, extended [to a great length], and in which grow varieties of the slice: (TA:) pl. [of pauc.]

أ فيه خُبَّة In him is lowliness, humility, or submissiveness. (S, TA.)

> يَنْفَعُ الطَّيِّبُ القَلِيلُ مِنَ الرِّزُ قِ وَلَا يَنْفَعُ الكَثِيرُ الخَبِيتُ

[The lamful, but small, supply of the means of subsistence is beneficial, but the large and unlamful is not beneficial]. (TA.) Kh asked As respecting الخبيت in this verse; and the latter replied that the poet meant الخبيت; the former word being of the dial. of Kheyber: but Kh rejoined, "If so, the poet would have said الكتاب it behooves you only to say that the people of Kheyber change into in some words:" AM thinks that in this verse is a mistranscription for الخبيا which means the thing that is "contemptible and bad," and is syn. with الكتاب (TA.) It is also applied to a man; meaning as above; or Bad, corrupt, vitious, or depraved. (TA.)

تُبِّمُ † Still; motionless: as also مُخْبِعُ. (TA in art. مخب

خبث

1. مُبْثُ, (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb, K, &c.,) aor. -, (Mṣb, K,) inf. n. مُبْاتُهُ, (Ṣ,) or مُبْتُ, the former being a simple subst., (Mṣb,) or both, (Mgh, K, [the latter word erroneously written in the CK مُبْتُمُ, (K,) said of a thing, (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb,) It was, or became, مُبْتُهُ [q. v., meaning bad, &c.]; contr. of مُلْبُ (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb, K.) [Hence,] مُبْتُتُ رُائِحَتُهُ إِلَادَةُ وَالْمُتَّعُ رَائِحَتُهُ إِلَادَةُ وَالْمُتَّعُ رَائِحَتُهُ إِلَى الْمُعْمَى الْمُتَّعِدُ وَالْمُتَّعِدُ وَالْمُتَّعِدُ وَالْمُتَّعُ وَالْمُتَّعِدُ وَالْمُتَّعِدُ وَالْمُتَّعِدُ وَالْمُتَّعِدُ وَالْمُتَعِدُ وَالْمُتَعِدُ وَالْمُتَعَادِينَا وَالْمُتَعَادِينَا وَالْمُتَعَادُ وَالْمُعَادُ وَالْمُعَادُ وَالْمُعَادُ وَالْمُعَادُ وَالْمُعَادُ وَالْمُعَادُ وَالْمُعَادُ وَالْمُعَادُ وَالْمُعَادُونُ وَالْمُعَادُ وَالْمُعَادُ وَالْمُعَادُ وَالْمُعَادُ وَالْمُعَادُ وَالْمُعَادُ وَالْمُعَادُونُ وَالْمُعَادُونُ وَالْمُعَادُونُ وَالْمُعَادُونُ وَالْمُعَادُونُ وَالْمُعَادُونُ وَالْمُعَادُونُ وَالْمُعَادُ وَالْمُعَادُونُ وَالْمُعِلِيْنُ وَالْمُعَادُونُ وَالْمُعَادُ وَالْمُعَ

bad, foul, or abominable]. (A.) And عُبُثُ طَعْمُهُ t [Its taste was, or became, bad, foul, abominable, or nauseous]. (A.) And and this soul [or stomach] became heavy; (TA;) it heaved, or became agitated by a tendency to vomit; syn. : (A and TA in the present art., and S and K in art. غثى : [see also مُدْرَتُ نَفْسُهُ, in art. عدر:]) a phrase forbidden by Mohammad to be used; as though he disliked the word (TA.) One says of certain food, تَعْبُثُ عَنْهُ النَّفْسِ t[The soul, or stomach, becomes heavy, or heaves, or becomes agitated by a tendency to vomit, in consequence of it]. (TA.) ____, (S, A, K,) inf. n. فبث, (S, K,) said of a man, signifies [in like manner] He was, or became, , (S, A, K.) meaning bad, corrupt, base, or abominable; wicked, deceitful, guileful, artful, crafty, or cunning. (S, K, TA. [See also 4.]) [Hence,] He committed adultery, or fornication, with her. (A, Mgh, Msb, K.) _ [It is also said of a venomous reptile and the like, meaning It was, or became, malignant, or noxious; impure, unclean, foul, or filthy.]

2. هُذَا مَمَّا يُخَبِثُ النَّفْسَ, (TA,) or أَنْ فَا يُخَبِثُ النَّفْسَ, (so in a copy of the A, [but the former I believe to be the right,]) This is of the things that cause the soul [or stomach] to become heavy, or to heave, or become agitated by a tendency to vomit. (TA.)

4. اخبث He (a man) was, or became, characterized by غُنْثُ (Mṣb, TA) and شُ (Mṣb) [meaning badness, wichedness, deceit, &c.: see also غُنْدً]. — He had bad, wicked, or deceitful, companions or friends, and a bad, wicked, or deceitful, family: (L:) or his companions, or friends, became bad, wicked, or deceitful: (S in art. غُلْثُ) or he took to himself bad, wicked, or deceitful, companions or friends (S, L, K) or connexions or assistants. (TA.) — خُلُثُ He taught him to be bad, wicked, or deceitful: and rendered him bad, corrupt, vitious, or depraved. (S.) — See also 2.

5: see what next follows.

6. تخابث (A, TA) He made a show of being, or pretended to be, bad, wicked, or deceitful. (TA.) And you say also تخبث [either in the same sense, or as meaning He affected, or endeavoured, to be bad, wicked, or deceitful; or to do that which was خبيث, or bad, &c.]. (A, TA.)

10. استخبت [He deemed, or esteemed, خبيث, i. e. bad, &c.]. كَانَتِ العَرَبُ تُسْتُحْبِثُ مَثْلُ الحَيَّة [The Árabs used to deem impure, unclean, foul, or filthy, such as the serpent and the scorpion]. (Mṣb.) — † He deemed bad, or corrupt, a word, or a dialectic variant. (A, TA.)

an inf. n. of نجف: (Ṣ, Mgh, Msh, K:) [used as a simple subst., it means Any of the qualities denoted by the epithet بغيف, q. v., i. e. badness, &c.:] and أخبف signifies the same: (K:) or this is a subst. from imeaning "he had a bad, wicked, or deceitful, family;" (TA;) and signifies the state of having bad, wicked, or deceitful, companions or friends or connexions: (L:)